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The Bombay Gazette.

No. 52,643—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 20, 1902. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

PUBLISHED MONTHLY—PRICE 8 ANNAS.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats, and Daks, Places of interest Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

Milkmaid BRAND Milk
LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

SATURDAY 2 P.M

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1902.
M.L. ARABIA	7,903	J. L. Parfitt	23rd Aug.
* PENINSULAR	5,294	T. Leigh	30th "
M.L. PERSIA	7,951	S. Barcham	6th Sept.
* EGYPT	7,912	J. Chellew	13th "
M.L. CALEDONIA	7,558	K. H. Gordon	20th "
* PENINSULAR	5,294	T. Leigh	27th "
M. L. EGYPT	7,912	J. Chellew	4th Octr.
* ORIENTAL	5,284	F. N. Tillard	11th "
M. L. PENINSULAR	5,294	T Leigh	18th "
* ORIENTAL	5,284	F. N. Tillard	25th "

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London, passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between NOON, and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 9th August, 1902.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS, and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

DIRECT LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	V. Gutman	4,194	1st Oct. 1902.
IMPERATOR	C. Androvich.	4,119	1st Nov. 1902.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 660.	Rs. 357-8.	Rs. 165.

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
a NIPPON	Klausberger	6500	25th Oct
a TRIESTE	E. Mecozzi	5095	25th Nov.
b MARQUIS BACQUEHEM	T. Rassevitch	4400	17th Dec.

a Will call at Fiume.
b Will call at Karachi.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 412-8	Rs. 165.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN A YEAR.

1st Class Rs. 990. 2nd Class Rs. 536-4. Saloon Rs. 618-12.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued for Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO KOBE, VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
TRIESTE	E. Mecozzi	5,095	23rd Aug.

STEAM TO SHANGHAI, VIA SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
TIROL	Baron Bretfeld	2,771	23rd Aug., 1902

For further particulars, regarding Passages apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent.
Sassoon House, 52, Church Gate Street.
Bombay, 15th August, 1902.

W. W. & CO., BOMBAY

WILLIAM WATSON & CO.,
PASSENGER & SHIPPING AGENTS,
BOMBAY.
(ESTABLISHED 1867.)

Book...PASSAGES and Ship ...CARGO to England and the Continent.
Book...PASSAGES and Ship ...CARGO to America and Australia.
Book...PASSAGES and Ship ...CARGO to Africa and China.

and to all PORTS of the WORLD.

Offices in BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, KARACHI, LONDON (Head Office). Liverpool, Marseilles, Port Said, Cape Town and Durban, S. A.

WILLIAM WATSON & CO.

W M. HUTCHINSON & Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business ... Building, Charing Cross, London

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on FRIDAY the 22nd August, at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on TUESDAY, the 26th August, at 10 a.m.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, on THURSDAY, the 21st August, at 10 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting).

FOR ADEN, MOMBASA AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "BANCOORA," 2,917 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 3rd September.

FOR ZANZIBAR, MOMBASA AND LAMU.

S. S. "PALITANA" 2,998 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 23rd August.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CULNA," 2,026 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 23rd August.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 19th August, 1902.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, Free of Charge for Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares, and full information furnished by return of post, on application.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.

Every Assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London ; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on Application.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE
(transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Dco. BALDUINO	4,580	E. Denegri.	15th Sept., 1902.
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	M. Saperiti.	15th Oct., 1902.

And on the 15th of every subsequent month.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	Rs. 605.	Rs. 357-8.	Rs. 165
Return tickets available 1 year	" 907-8	" 550	

Above fares include the Coal primage of ten per cent.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 800 ; 2nd Class, Rs. 600. Special Rates for Missionaries, Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa and can break their journey at any port en route.

S. S. CAPRI, 5,000 Tons from BOMBAY to HONGKONG, calling at Singapore, on the 17th September, 1902.

F. CROCCO, Agent.
Esplanade Road, No. 27.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on THURSDAY.
YARRA	4,255	Charbonnel	28th Aug. 1902.
TONKIN	6,363	Schmitz	25th Sept. 1902.
OCEANIEN	4259	Remes	23rd Oct. 1902.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

S. S. "OCEANIEN," 4,259 tons, Captain Remes, to sail on or about 20th August, 1902.

For further particulars apply to

P. de BURE, Acting Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

PING—PONG.

TREACHER & Co. have just received the following New Stock of Ping-Pong :—

		Rs.	
No. 0 with Tape Attachments		2	8
No. 1 " Iron Clamps to Posts		5	0
No. 2 " Brass Clamps		7	8
SPARE-BATS, Gut Strung, each	Re. 1-0 &	1	12
SPARE BALLS	per dozen Re.	1	2

TREACHER & Co., LD.,
BOMBAY. BYCULLA. POONA.

All Prices in the Current Catalogue of Treacher & Co. are REDUCED 10 PER CENT. with the exception of Stores already revised, Wines, Beers and Medicines.

NOTES.
INDIAN LAND REVENUE,
FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY
BY
TODARMAR,
Price Re. 1, Postage half-anna.
To be had at the "Bombay Gazette," Bombay.

MYSORE COFFEE.

THE FINEST THE WORLD PRODUCES.

GROWN ON OUR OWN ESTATES AND ROASTED, GROUND AND PACKED BY US AT OUR FACTORY, CHICKMAGLUR.

GUARANTEED PURE.

NO ADMIXTURES.

In ½, 1, 2 and 3 lb. lever top tins, per lb. Re. 1-0-0.

REDUCTION ON QUANTITIES.

SPECIAL TERMS to Messes, Clubs and the Trade,

¼ lb. sample tin sent post free to any address in India on receipt of six annas.

THE MYSORE PLANTERS SUPPLY CO.,

CHICKMAGLUR, KADUR DISTRICT,
MYSORE STATE.

McDOWELL & CO., LD.,

MADRAS.

REAL HAVANA CIGARS,

We have arranged for the rugular importation of the undermentioned BRANDS made of the

FINEST

HAVANA TOBACCO.

Procurable, and are now in a position to offer them at the following Prices :—

"**MULETA**" Principes
4 3/8 inches. Rs. 19-12 per 100 in 50's.
Rs. 20-8 per 100 in 25's.

"**COMPOSIA**" Especiales
4 3/8 inches. Rs. 17-1 per 100 in 50's.

"**COMPOSIA**" Imperatrix
4 3/8 inches. Rs. 22-1 per 100 in 25's.

"**MULETA**" Graciosos
3¾ inches, Rs 13-4 per 100 in. 50's.
Rs. 14-2 per 100 in 25's.

ILLUSTRATED LEAFLET FREE ON APPLICATION.

McDOWELL & CO., LD.,

MADRAS AND LONDON.

THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE." RAILWAY GUIDE

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

AS an unusually heavy demand for COPIES of the BOMBAY GAZETTE RAILWAY GUIDE published at the beginning of each month, is expected next month, orders should be registered at the BOMBAY GAZETTE office, 13, Esplanade Road, at an early date. This RAILWAY GUIDE is the most useful published and in view of the extensive alterations in the TIME TABLES of nearly all the Railways in India should prove an indispensable reference in all large offices.

Price : Eight Annas per Copy. Annual Subscribers, Rs. 5.

PREMIER BICYCLES are Free-Wheels.
PREMIER BICYCLES are Superfine Machines in every respect.
PREMIER BICYCLES are superbly finished mounts.
PREMIER BICYCLES are manufactured under the most skilled labour obtainable.
PREMIER BICYCLES have nothing but the finest quality of material.
PREMIER BICYCLES details receive as much care in their construction as the most important.
PREMIER BICYCLES embody the most recent improvements.
PREMIER BICYCLES are not Premier in name only but Premier in reputation.
PREMIER BICYCLES wearing powers and ease in running are unsurpassed.
PREMIER BICYCLES are offered with the belief that they covers everything likely to be desired by any class of rider.
PREMIER BICYCLES have been manufactured for His Majesty King Edward VII.
PREMIER BICYCLES are the lightest, strongest, most durable and most elegant Machines on the Market.

An extensive list of Patrons and Patronesses embracing, Royalty, the Nobility, Gentry, etc., will be mailed free to any address on application.

SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA :

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

ST. MARTIN'S PULMONARY BALSAM.

The unfailing REMEDY for COUGH, COLD and ASTHMA. Possesses Demulcent and Balsamic properties. Ans. 12 & Re. 1-4.

F. S. MADON & Co.
170, Shaik Memon St,
Bombay.

FEVERS ! MALARIA ! ! PLAGUE ! ! !

DR. CARL'S AGUE SPECIFIC.

(A TRUE VEGETABLE EXTRACT).

TRADE MARK.

A SAFE AND CERTAIN CURE FOR

MALARIA AND INFLUENZA, INTERMITTANT, JUNGLE and BILIOUS FEVERS.

Fevers of all types and at all stages, and a mild attack of Plague.

It is without its equal in persistent and protracted Agues, and a short trial proves its efficacy.

Dr. CARL'S AGUE SPECIFIC promises all important advantages over other fabrique, that it may be administered when the Fever is on or off and it does not produce any unpleasant symptoms which frequently follow the use of other Fever Remedies.

AS A PREVENTIVE

People residing in such places where there is an epidemic of Plague or in low damp places or frequenting the malarious districts are strongly advised to keep a bottle of Dr. CARL'S AGUE SPECIFIC with them and take a small dose of it every day before going out on duty.

It is quite harmless and can be given to a child with safety.

This remedy has been tried over 25 years with success.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

PROPRIETORS :

M. T. MADON & CO., CHEMISTS,

24, 26, ABDOOL REHMAN STREET, BOMBAY.
Can be had at Messrs. KEMP & Co., TREACHER & Co., PHILLIPS & Co., and all other respectable Chemists.

GRAND COMPETITION OF PRIZES.

PRIZE TICKETS will be given FREE of cost only UP TO THE 13TH SEPTEMBER 1902.
AND
THE DRAWING WILL BE HELD ON THE 20TH SEPTEMBER 1902.
ON THE
"ART UNION PRINCIPLE"
in the presence of Representatives of Local Newspapers and the Public to witness the bonafide Drawing.

Rs. 5,000
DIVIDED INTO 523 CASH PRIZES.

The manufacturers to further extend the popularity of their specialities in this country will give Rs. 5,000 in cash to the purchasers
—OF A—
SILVER OPEN-FACE LADY'S KEY-LESS WRIST WATCH, 12 LINED,
—OR A—
GENT'S SILVER WATCH, 16 LINED, RS. 8.
WITH 5 YEAR'S GUARANTEE.
These watches are well-finished and WELL WORTH THE MONEY
—OR AN—
ENGLISH-MADE TIME-PIECE, Rs. 3-8.

We highly recommend this time-piece. There is nothing in the market to compare with this world-renowned Time-piece, for which we give a guarantee for 5 years, that during this period we undertake to put right, free of charge, all minor accidents, including, breakage of mainsprings, and oil etc.,
—OR A—
Set of DIAMOND JUBILEE STUDS with Solitaires, Rs. 2-8.
—OR A—
DIAMOND JUBILEE CHAIN, Rs. 2.

PRIZES.	Rs.
1 Prize	1,000
1 Do.	500
1 Do.	250
2 Prizes Rs. 125 each	250
2 Do. " 100 "	200
2 Do. " 75 "	150
4 Do. " 50 "	200
10 Do. " 25 "	250
100 Do. " 10 "	1,000
200 Do. " 5 "	1,000
200 Do. " 1 "	200
523 Prizes Total	5,000

N.B.—Out-station orders promptly and carefully attended to on V.-P. P. system only.

C. ARDESHER & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS,
Art Jewellers and Watch Manufacturers,
18, Dhurrumtollah Street, CALCUTTA.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts, Apply to the Manager "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS AND AGENTS

CURRENT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and interests allowed.

LOANS and OVERDRAFTS granted against approved security.

DRAFTS issued. TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS effected. PERIODICAL REMITTANCES made.

STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold. INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected.

LIFE, FIRE, and ACCIDENT ASSURANCES effected and PREMIUMS paid.

BOMBAY. CALCUTTA. RANGOON. COLOMBO.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—

Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

POST FREE.
LOST MANHOOD.

If you wish for Manly Vigor, send for the best and most valuable work on ATROPHY and VARICOCELE by M. D. Ch. M. : with special chapters on the explanation of Vital Secrets, and the certain CURE OF Prostration, DEBILITY and DECAY. This work is the purest guide in ESSENTIAL MATTERS. A few of the ailments which the work treats of are—Nervous Debility in all its forms, Exhausted Vitality, Spermatorrhoea, Loss of Vital Power, Seminal Weakness, Youthful Imprudence, Lost Manhood, Premature Decay, Despondency, Impotence, Evil Forebodings, Wasting Decay, Loss of Energy, Varicocele, Pains in the Loins, Dimness of Sight, Brain Fag, Nervousness, Blotches on the Skin and Body, Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Frightful Dreams, Melancholy Noises in the Ears, Foeted Breath, Low Spirits, Timidity, Liver Complaints, Bladder and Kidney Complaints, and every form of disease which affects the Urinary Organs. Write for a copy to-day, and I will send one FREE OF CHARGE. Address :—"SURGEON," 7 Bristol Gardens, Brighton, Sussex, England. Name this paper.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo arrived per S. S. "OCEANIEN," from MARSEILLES, etc. are hereby informed that she has landed her Cargo in the Prince's Dock, Shed C.

All Claims for Damages, &c., must be sent in the Office within seven days after the discharge of Cargo, or before the goods are removed to the unclaimed warehouse from the landing shed, otherwise they will not be entertained. Goods on Survey will be attended to every morning.

P. DE BURE,
Acting Agent.

Bombay, 19th August, 1902.

THE ANCHOR LINE S.S. "AUSTRALIA," has ARRIVED from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL, and DISCHARGES in the VICTORIA DOCK.

CONSIGNEES are requested to PRESENT THEIR BILLS of LADING for our COUNTER-SIGNATURE, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their GOODS without delay.

Packages exceeding 30 cwts. in weight will be landed on the Quay at the risk and expense of Consignees, unless Boats are sent alongside to take delivery without delay.

Consignees are hereby expressly notified that all Claims for damage must be adjusted by the Steamer's Surveyor before the Goods are removed from the Landing Shed. The Undersigned decline all responsibilities in respect of Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse. All Claims must be presented before the sailing of the Steamer, otherwise none will be entertained.

Captain MACFADYEN will attend every morning.

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.,
Agents.

Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 19th August, 1902.

S. S. SULTAN FROM ZANZIBAR, MOMBASA AND LAMOO.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per S. S. "SULTAN" from OPORTO, CHINDE, KILWA, ZANZIBAR, MOMBASA, and LAMOO are hereby informed of the arrival of the steamer and requested to take immediate delivery of their goods at the N. Shed, Prince's Dock.

The Steamer having met with an accident to her machinery the Cargo from all ports will have to contribute to the general average and Consignees of Cargo are requested to present their BILLS of LADING accompanied by their Home Invoices or Custom Passes approved by the Custom authorities to sign the average bond and to pay a deposit of 5 per cent on the value of their goods to the undersigned before obtaining delivery order.

The Company's Surveyor Capt. F. E. HARDCASTLE will attend every morning to survey damages and all claims in this respect must be adjusted before the goods are removed from the Landing Sheds.

All claims must be presented before the sailing of the Steamer otherwise none will be entertained.

A. STRANDES,
Agent, German East Africa Line,
24, Medow Street.

BOMBAY CLUB.

THE HALF YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Club will be held in the Club House on WEDNESDAY, 20th August, 1902, at 9-30 P.M.

W. BAXTER,
Hon. Secretary.

REPAIRS OF S. S. "SULTAN."

TENDERS will be received by the AGENT, German East Africa Line, for REPAIRS to the MACHINERY of S. S. "SULTAN," upto 12 NOON, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th inst.

For particulars apply to the undersigned, who does not bind himself on behalf of his Company to accept the lowest or any tender.

A. STRANDES,
Agent, German East Africa Line,
24, Meadow Street.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.

WE, the UNDERSIGNED, REQUEST that THOSE GUESTS who have RECEIVED INVITATIONS from Government to the BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CAMP, at DELHI, WILL KINDLY COMMUNICATE WITH US, REGARDING THEIR REQUIREMENTS, as we have undertaken the Management of the Camp.

Very early intimation should be given.

McCAUSLAND & CO.

1, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

SUPPLY OF BOARDS TEAK WAGON BOTTOM

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Acting Agent of this Railway at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, upto 1 P. M., (Gun Fire) on WEDNESDAY, the 20th August 1902, for the supply of

100 TONS BOARDS TEAK WAGON BOTTOM.

TENDERS.—These must be made out on the Railway's printed form, which can be had on application to the Undersigned together with specification and particulars of delivery.

The Acting Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

G. R. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 13th August, 1902.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TEAK LOG TIMBER.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Acting Agent of this Railway, at his office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1. P. M., (Gun Fire), on WEDNESDAY, the 20th August, 1902, for the supply of

500 TONS OF RANGOON OR MOULMEIN TEAK LOGS.

Delivery to commence the first week in September, 1902.

TENDERERS to quote a Rate per ton of 50 cubic feet delivered at the Company's Locomotive Premises, Parel. The selection of all these logs to be subject to ten per cent. rejections.

The Acting Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

G. R. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 13th August, 1902.

TO CAPITALISTS.

FOR AUCTION SALE absolutely to the highest bidder without limit or reserve. The whole of the 3 ICEMAKING MACHINES, PLANT, LAND, HOUSES, &c., belonging to the OUDH ICE COMPANY at Lucknow, Cawnpore and Bareilly, on

WEDNESDAY, 3rd SEPTEMBER, 1902,

Commencing at 10 A. M.

To be sold at the Oudh Ice Company's premises at Hazaribagh, Lucknow.

Full Particulars on Application to

PEAKE ALLEN & CO.,
Auctioneers, Lucknow.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 499 of 1898.

KHANDERAO HARISCHANDRA MOORANJAN, Sole Executor of the last Will and Testament of HARISCHANDRA VASUDEO MOORANJAN, deceased .... Plaintiff

vs.

JAVERBAI, Widow of KARRIMJEE, IBRAHIM KARRIMJEE, the Son, FATMABAI, AMTUBAI, MARIAMBAI, DAYAMBAI, MANECKBAI, and SAKEENABAI, the daughters all being the heirs and legal representatives of KARIMJEE MOOSAJEE, deceased .... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute made in the above Suit and bearing date the 1st day of March 1900, the following immoveable properties will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office, in the Court House, on WEDNESDAY, the 27th day of August, 1902, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS.

All the estate, right, title and interest of the abovenamed Plaintiff and Defendants in the following properties, viz :—

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground situate, lying and being at Ripon Road in the City of Bombay, without the Fort in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement two hundred and sixteen square yards or thereabouts, equivalent to six kathis and half of another kathi and one square yard and half of another square yard and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue, Bombay, under Old No. 254, New No. 14,033, Old Survey No. 259, and New Survey No. 1-3553, and bounded as follows :—That is to say on or towards the North by the Fazendari vacant land or ground, on or towards the East by the land or ground leased to Devidin Madorilal and another, on or towards the West by the aforesaid Ripon Road, and on or towards the South by the property of Parsee Sorabjee and which the said hereditaments and premises were formerly and are now in the use and possession of the heirs of the said sub or under lessor and their tenants.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or round situate, lying and being at Ripon Road, in the City of Bombay, without the Fort, in the registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement two hundred and fifteen square yards or thereabouts, equivalent to six kathis and half of another kathi and half square yard, and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue, Bombay, under old No. 259 and New Survey No. 3553, and it is bounded as follows :—That is to say on or towards the North by the public passage left by Fazendar, on or towards the East by the Fazendari vacant land or ground, on or towards the West by the Ripon Road, and on or towards the South by the property of Kassamjee Moosajee, and which the said hereditaments and premises were formerly and are now in the use and possession of the heirs of the said sub or under lessor. For further particulars and conditions of Sale application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. MIRZA and MIRZA, attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed, at No. 39 Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 17th day of July, 1902.

A. K. OLIVER,
Commissioner.

MANGALORE TILES of Morgan & Son Alvares & Co. and other Manufacturers. For rates, &c., Apply STEFFENAUER & Co., 5 Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

THE EMPRESS SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTY-FIFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Offices of the Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th August, at 4 p.m., to transact the following business :—

1st.—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June 1902.

2nd.—To elect Directors for the ensuing year in place of those who retire, but who are eligible for re-election.

3rd.—To elect Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

And NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 19th August to 8th September, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers, and Agents.

Bombay, 9th August, 1902.

THE JAMES GREAVES MILLS COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTIETH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Offices of the Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th August, at 4-10 p.m., to transact the following business :—

1st.—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1902.

2nd.—To elect a Director for the ensuing year in place of the one who retires but who is eligible for re-election.

3rd.—To elect Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

And NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 19th August to 8th September, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers, and Agents.

Bombay, 9th August, 1902.

THE CONNAUGHT MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the NINETEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the offices of the Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th August, at 4-20 p.m., to transact the following business :—

1st.—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1902.

2nd.—To elect a Director for the ensuing year in place of the one who retires, but who is eligible for re-election.

3rd.—To elect Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

And NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 19th August to 8th September, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 9th August, 1902.

THE HOWARD AND BULLOUGH MILLS, COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the SEVENTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the offices of the Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th August, at 4-30 p.m., to transact the following business.

1st.—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1902.

2nd.—To elect a Director for the ensuing year in place of the one who retires but who is eligible for re-election.

3rd.—To elect Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration

And NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 19th August to 8th September, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 9th August, 1902.

THE LEOPOLD SPINNING, BLEACHING, AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTY-FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Offices of the Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th August, at 4-40 p.m., to transact the following business :—

1st.—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts of the year ended 30th June, 1902

2nd.—The elect Directors for the ensuing year in place of those who retire, but who are eligible for re election.

3rd.—To elect Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

And NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 19th August to 8th September, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers, and Agents.

Bombay, 9th August, 1902.

THE IMPERIAL COTTON MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the TWENTY-FIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders will be held at the Offices of the Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th August, at 4-50 p.m., to transact the following business :—

1st.—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1902.

2nd.—To elect Directors for the ensuing year in place of those who retire, but who are eligible for re-election.

3rd.—To elect Auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

And NOTICE is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 19th August to 8th September, both days inclusive.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers, and Agents.

Bombay, 9th August, 1902.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No 429 of 1895.

NUSSERWANJEE NOWROJEE GHEEWALLA .... Plaintiff

VERSUS

ZIBOON NISSA KHANOOM .... Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Decree absolute made in the above Suit and bearing date the 7th day of April, 1902, the following immoveable property will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his office, in the Court House, on WEDNESDAY, the third day of September, 1902, at the hour of 3 o'clock the afternoon.

PARTICULARS.

All the right, title and interest of the Plaintiff and the Defendant respectively to and in

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground situate on the Bellasis Road in the Island of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement Two hundred and twenty-seven square yards or thereabouts, and Assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue Bombay, under Old No. 4 New No. 16014, Old Survey No. A-4570', A-15703, New Survey No. 6438, and bounded as follows :—That is to say on or towards the North by the Bellasis Road, on or towards the South by the property hereinafter fourthly described, on or towards the East by a Public Passage, and on or towards the West by the Foras Road.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground situate on the Bellasis Road in the Island of Bombay, in the Registration District and Subdistrict of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one hundred and forty-five square yards or thereabouts, and, assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue, Bombay, under Old No. 4, New No. 16014, Old Survey No. A-4570, A-15703, New Survey No. 6438, and bounded as follows :—That is to say on or towards the North, South and West by the property fourthly hereinafter described, and on or towards the East by a Mahomedan Mosque.

THIRDLY.—All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground situate in 14 Kamatipoora Street, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement Five hundred and thirty square yards or thereabouts, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue Bombay, under Old No. 78, New No. 16038, New Survey No. 4-6438, and bounded as follows :—That is to say on or towards the North by the property hereinafter fourthly described, on or towards South by the 14 Kamatipura Street, on or towards the East by the property of Furdoonji Edalji Bharoocha, and on or towards the West by the Foras Road.

FOURTHLY.—All that piece or parcel of Land or ground of the Quit and ground rent tenure situate on the Bellasis Road in the Island of Bombay, in the Registration District and Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one thousand two hundred and seventy-four square yards and three-ninths of a square yard or thereabouts, of which one piece or portion admeasuring six hundred and sixty-three square yards and three-ninths of a square yard, is assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue Bombay, under Old Nos. 3162, 3163, 3165 and 3172, New No. 10035, Old Survey No. 4570 to 4572 4586, New Survey No. 2-6438, another piece admeasuring three hundred and ninety square yards, is assessed by the same Collector under Old No. 3159, 3160, New No. 10033, Old Survey No. 4561, 4562, New Survey No. 4-6438, and a third piece or portion admeasuring two hundred square yards, is assessed by the same Collector under old Nos, 4980 4981, New No. 11191, New Survey Nos 4636, 4737, New Survey No. 2-6438, and the fourth of which said piece or portion of land admeasuring Twenty Square yards and eight-ninths of a square yard, as assessed under Old No 4762, New No. 11133, Old Survey No. 4291, New Survey No. 2-6438 and all which said land is bounded as follows :—That is to say on or towards the North by the property hereinbefore firstly described, on or towards the South by the property hereinbefore thirdly described, or towards the East by a passage and the property hereinbefore secondly described, and on or towards the West by the Foras Road together with the messuages, tenements, dwelling-house and premises built and standing on the said several pieces or parcels, which are assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward Nos. 712, 713 to 715, 2236, 2220, 2221, 2222 and 2223, and Street Nos. 65, 184, 186, 188 ; 1, 2, 3.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs PAYNE, GILBERT, SAYANI and MOOS, Attorneys for the Plaintiff above-named, at No. 18, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 23rd day of July, 1902

A. K. OLIVER,
Commissioner,

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this column)

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion, One Rupee, Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

THE "CROWN" PUZZLE given free. It is hard to work the puzzle but it is harder to find Organs equal to the "CROWN" Best for Church. Best for Homes. The Puzzle will be found an interesting and amusing problem.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

CORN AND WART DESTROYER.—A safe, rapid and painless solvent for Corns and Warts. This is a chemical combination of Xyloidine and Salicylic Acid with extract of Indian Hemp. In bottles, Ans. 12 each. Prepared only by THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

GLORIA CYCLES.—Model Riche fitted with ball bearing free wheel and Bowden Triumph pattern brake, a perfect mount. The GLORIA, with latest improvements, price Rs. 220 nett cash. Accessories included. Sole Agents, W. H. THORNS & Co., Tamarind Lane.

OUR BOYS AND GIRLS.—School Boots and Shoes at greatly Reduced Prices during our Monsoon Clearance Sale. Strong Black or Tan Oxford Lace School Shoes from Rs. 1-4 and Boots from Rs. 2. Early inspection invited. Last few days of Sale now on.—SUTOR & Co., (Retail Agents.) THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT & EQUIPMENT FACTORY, Hornby Road, Bombay.

DO you know TWILLETTE? A postcard will obtain you samples as well as of the best and cheapest Cloths in India.—WM. S. MARRIOTT, the Tent Factory, Cawnpore.

WANTED a young EUROPEAN CLERK (no objection country born). One with knowledge of Mill and Railway Stores and capable of canvassing orders preferred. Apply with copies of testimonials and salary required to Box "No. 99U" Advt. Department "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED a CANVASSER, for a large Steam Printing Press, to obtain orders on Commission, Apply Box "No. 452 A.," Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

IT seems strange, but after all it is a matter of fact. Importers of other Makers Sewing Machines use SINGER'S for their own requirements. This speaks for itself, and is the best certificate.

CORONATION PORTRAITS.—RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS, Art Photographers of Bombay, have resumed taking CORONATION PORTRAITS at the special Reduced Prices i.e., 3 Copies, Cabinet Size Portraits, for Rs. 10, during this month.

THE DURBAR AT DELHI.—Large Stocks of TENTS on hand ready for immediate delivery. Address the PROPRIETOR, THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT & EQUIPMENT FACTORY, Bombay.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOW FLAKE OIL, 150° sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., at Rs. 5-8-2 per case, at Bombay ; and by Mr. J. C. Bhut, at Rs. 5-7-2 per case, at Bandora.

LAWSON TAIT BEDS with Patents Diagonal wire Mattress at Rs. 20 each. The lowest price ever offered to the Public. Stock kept by M. BRESLAUER & Co. Bombay.

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ELECTRO PLATING in Silver, Nickel, Gold, and Bronze, of finest finish and most durable quality, undertaken by THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC COMPANY, Electro Platers in ordinary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

SWIFT CYCLES.—The Spring Frame Swift is a most luxurious model, suitable for all who suffer from the effects of Vibration. A wide range of patterns to choose from.—W. H. THORNS & Co., Tamarind Lane, Bombay.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of Postage. English Subscription, Rs. 15 per year including Postage.

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WE will SEND STAMPED PICTURES POST-CARDS to any one who sends us gratis old Postage Stamps of every value for a CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL. Our best thanks in anticipation. DOCTOR EMILIE Von MAYERSBACH, PRESIDENT, VOLOSCA, ISTRIA, AUSTRIA.

OLIVER & CO., WATCHMAKERS and MUSICAL DEPOT, High Class Standard Watches n all sizes, for Ladies and Gentlemen. Received English Watches by J. W. BENSON, LONDON, in open faced Silver cases, Rs. 50 and Rs. 60, Celestinas, Phoenix, Intona, Aristons, and Hand Organs of every description Repaired and Tuned. Musical boxes of every description Thoroughly Overhauled, Repaired, Cleaned and Old Barrels and Old Combs renewed. Pianos, Orchestreans, Harmoniums put in Thorough repair and Overhauled by Experienced and Trained workmen. All Repairs are well and carefully examined before despatching Repairs undertaken in all Branches A Trained Watchmaker has been specially engaged from P. Orr and Sons, Ld., Watchmakers, MADRAS. No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable Book for Travellers in India and the East, Contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer Route to India and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from Official Sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and all Booksellers and Railway Termini

BAY RUM and Glycerine Hair Wash, as prepared by THOMSON and TAYLOR, is unequalled, combining as it does the fragrance of a first-rate Handkerchief Perfume, and the uses of a good Hair Wash. Per bottle Re. 1-12 and Rs. 2-12.—35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

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WANTED all to know that cure in most obstinate cases of HYDROCELE and ASTHMA guaranteed. Instant relief, perfect and final cure, absolutely harmless. No inconvenience. Thousands cured. Bottle Rs. 5 for each. DIABETES and ACIDITY speedily cured whatever be the state. Never return. Numerous stubborn cases successfully cured. Rs. 3 per bottle of each. PILES of all forms disappear rapidly by the use of our wonderful specific. No knife nor [illegible]. Prompt and positive. Bottle Rs. 2. FEMALES' FRIEND—a safe and reliable remedy for all female disorders and irregularities. Rs. 2. Correspondence held strictly private. Testimonials and Lists sent free. Apply to P. G. MUKHERJI, MANAGER, V. C. Works Ranaghat, Bengal.

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Strongly recommended to all who desire
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UNION BANK OF LONDON.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France, Calcutta Bombay, Tunis, San Fransisco, New Orleans, Melbourne Sydney, Tamatave and Tananarivo.

Current Deposit Accounts are opened, and Interest is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

Interest allowed in Current Accounts at one per cent. per annum on balances above Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 from 1st July to end of October and at two per cent, per annum from 1st November to end of June.

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Deposit Accounts are Opened for Fixed Period at rates to be ascertained on Application.

Drafts and Letters of Credit issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera, and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Writing and Reading Rooms, Telephone, all necessary arrangements for receiving and despatching Correspondence, exchanging Money, letting Safes or parts thereof, wherein travellers can deposit valuables which they do not wish to keep in the Hotels, further, Strong Rooms for the storage of heavy luggage, etc.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

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P. DURAN,
Acting Manager.

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Bombay, Karachi, Lahore, London, Madras, Rangoon and Rawal Pindi,

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CAPITAL PAID-UP, Rs. 43,90,800.

RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ARE AS UNDER:
STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for home remittances 4 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS—
9 to 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.
2 years at 5½ " "

Special rates are given for SHORT PERIOD DEPOSITS which can be learnt on application.

Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received into the Bank's PRUDENTIAL FUND, bearing half-yearly compound interest at 5 per cent. per annum.

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened with sums of Rs. 50, and upwards and receive 2 PER CENT. per annum upon the daily balances,

Apply for Rules to Head Office or Branches,

W. MOIR,
Manager.

Bombay, 1st February 1902

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$	100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund	$	100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$	47,50,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$	100,00,000

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J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.

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CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director. National Bank, Egypt).
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq., (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.)
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TIENTSIN.
YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

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Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 ; but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for 12 months at 4 per cent per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

W. ADAMS ORAM,
Acting Agent.

7, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... Yens 24,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL .... " 18,000,000
RESERVE FUND .... " 8,710,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

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BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learnt on application.

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Y. MATSUO,
Manager.

Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £4,00,000

HEAD OFFICE :
47 THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.

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Lahore, Bombay, Colombo, Tuticorin,
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CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected,

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

ROBERT R. ROSS,
Manager.

BANK OF CALCUTTA, LIMITED.

CAPITAL.

Subscribed	Rs.	15,00,000
Reserve Fund	"	14,00,000
Uncalled Capital	"	5,00,000

DIRECTORS.

MR. D. YULE, Messrs. Andrew Yule & Co.
" R. J. D. THOMAS, Messrs. J. Thomas & Co.
" N. A. McLEOD, Messrs. McLeod & Co.
" D. KING.

CREDITS granted on approved Security and every description of banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and 2 per cent, per annum allowed on the daily balance.

FIXED DEPOSITS received at the following rates of interest :—

		Per cent. Per Annum
For 2 Years	5½	
" 1 Year	5	"
" 6 Months	4½	"
" 3 Months	4	"

The Bank offers special facilities and advice to Constituents as to the purchase and sale of all Indian Securities, particularly the Shares and Debenture Stocks of Jute, Cotton, Tea, and Miscellaneous Industrial Concerns.

The Bank is prepared to guarantee the principle and interest of Debentures on its approved list on terms which may be ascertained on application. Absentee shareholders' and investors' interests carefully watched.

Orders executed on the London Stock Exchange through London Branch.

For further information apply to—

D. KING,
Agent.

Calcutta, 16th July 1901.

LONDON BRANCH :
19, GREAT WINCHESTER STREET E. C.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL £1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £1,125,000
PAID UP CAPITAL £562,5000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £562,500

HEAD OFFICE :
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES ;

BOMBAY. CALCUTTA. MADRAS. KURRACHEE, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JOHN K. MOIR,
Manager.

2, Esplanade Road. Bombay.

INDISPENSABLE TO TOURISTS.

TWENTY-SEVENTH EDITION.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY AND BOMBAY DIRECTORY FOR 1902

WITH AN ACCURATE MAP.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
at the *BOMBAY GAZETTE* Office,

PRICE : Rs. 5 ; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.

THE GUIDE for the year 1902 contains much new and valuable information brought up to date, and details the progress made in the City during recent years. The high position accorded to Macleans Guide as an indispensable book of reference is fully maintained in this edition. The Guide therefore contains an increased amount of local and general information corrected to the latest date, and the whole contents of the work are carefully revised and augmented

THE BOMBAY DIRECTORY

has been enlarged, verified, and carefully revised up to the day of going to Press. Special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.

A BRIEF HISTORY OF THE PLAGUE EPIDEMIC.

In addition to recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay, the Guide gives a comprehensive account of the progress of the plague and the measures taken to combat it and also of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the public buildings of the City including those which have been completed during the year.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICES,
No. 18, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants, Clerks, Peons, &c., and Nurses, &c., of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants. Patronised by the Officers of the Services (Army and Navy), as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially First Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants, for whom we guarantee and hold ourselves responsible. Highest reference given if required. Fee Rs. 2 each servant. No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. N. B.—Beware of the so-called Registry Offices who work by assumed names.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

RATES.—First Three Insertions Four Annas per line fourth, and onward Two Annas, Minimum Charge Rs. 1-8.

THE TUTORIAL MATRICULATION AND SCHOOL FINAL CLASSES,

OPPOSITE MOTILAL MILL, TARDEO,
Entrance, Rs. 3 ; Class fee Rs. 5.
Ladies admitted,
F. D. MASTER, B.A.

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EXTRA QUALITY Oil of Lemon, imported direct from the Lemon Groves of Mesina. Passed the Government Chemical Analysers' test for genuineness, Rs. 4-8 per lb. (in ¼lb. bottles.)

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DYNAMOS, Motors, Cables and all Accessories for Electric Lighting and Transmission of power.

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Engineers and Contractors,
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SECOND-HAND BOOKS FOR SALE IN GOOD PRESERVATION.

CLOTH BOUND.

	Rs.	a
The Voyage of Ithobal, by Sir Edwin Arnold...	2	0
The Garden of Kama, by Lawrence Hope ...	2	0
Milton—Samson Agonistes Blackwoods English Classics	1	0
Light from the East, by Edith Ward	1	0
Macbeth and the Ruin of Souls, by Dr. Miller...	1	0
Mr. Elliott, by I. O. Ford...	2	0
The Hosts of the Lordby F. A. Steel	2	0
General Geography for Indian Schools, by W. H. Arden Wood	2	0
The Life of Father Goreh, by C. E. Gardiner ...	3	0
Alfred Tennyson, by Andrew Lang	2	0
Algebra, Part I. Langley and Bradly	2	0
Liberal Religious Thought, W Copeland Bowie...	2	0
Health and Condition in the Active and Sedentary, Dr Yorke-Davies	1	0
The Last of the Great Scouts, by Helen Cady Whitmore	2	8
The Deerslayer. Fenimore Cooper	1	8
Famous Cricketers (18 vols.) bound in half Morocco, cost Rs. 22, price	8	0
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PAPER COVERS.

	Rs.	a
Views of Winchester College	0	8
Michael Ferrier, by E. Francis Poynter ...	0	12
Sordon, by Benjamin Swift	0	12
Princess Puck, by U. L. Silberrad	0	12
One Fair Daughter, by Frankfort Moore ...	0	8
An Ill Wind, by Mrs. Lovett Cameron... ...	0	12
The Jessamy Bride, by Frankfort Moore ...	0	12
The Island of Dr. Morean, by H. G. Wells ...	0	12
Skirmishing Made Easy, by Major B. Witherby.	0	6

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SUPPLY MONUMENTS IN

I. Marble of really white colour.
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Inscriptions a speciality, and free of charge.

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BUILDERS, Contractors, and others should write for details of Sections and Sizes of the above kept in Stock by Turner, Hoare & Co. More durable, cheaper and stronger than timber. Table of Safe Loads and lowest prices on application to

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8, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

R. SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.

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GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD.
Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and C.-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15), and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15), Walers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25), Double Harness (Rs. 50). Troublesome horses charged extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale, or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce. Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem, Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10. Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5 per cwt., delivered free in Bombay. Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats, Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and Carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.

REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch, Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied. Carriages greased by contract, Satisfaction guaranteed. Correspondence invited.

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Mofusil Residents are also supplied with Papers

FOR TERMS APPLY TO
VINCENT AND COMPANY.

The Comprehensive Criminal Digest, 1862—1899.

BY
CHUNILAL HARILAL VAKIL, B.A., LL.B

ONE OF THE BEST WORKS OF ITS SORT. It will find its way up to the front rank of books of this sort on its merits alone. For completeness of treatment it has no equal in the field. "Calcutta Weekly Notes":—Considerable care has been used in arranging the various cases under their appropriate headings. We have nothing but praise for the work turned out by the author. "Indian Review Madras":—This book should prove a most useful companion. The laborious task undertaken by the author in compiling this work appears to us to have been excellently performed. "Bombay Gazette":—It makes an era in the compilation of Criminal Digest in this country; will very likely supersede all those at present in the field. "Kayastha Samachar," Allahabad :—It supplies a long felt want. It is an improvement in many respects over all the existing criminal digests and promises to supersede them all. "Lawyer," Ahmedabad :—The arrangement seems to be everything that is desirable. "Madras Law Journal" :—It is superior in every respect to the existing criminal digests.—Bombay Law Recorder.

PRICE Rs. 17. POSTAGE 6 ANNAS.

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AT THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF SILVERWARE, CASHMERE SHAWLS, CARPETS, SILK GOODS, &c.

On SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, at 3 p. m. Messrs BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, by order of Mr. Oosman Jamal, Executor of the last will and testament of Hakimjee Deviaba Shamlal;—

A lot of solid silverware consisting of silver thalis, lotas, buks, bowls, trays, pan and gulab-dan, wine glasses, water goblets, Cashmere gold embroidered and plain shawls, carpets, wall pardas, farash, silk coats, saris, gown, two large blackwood double door almyras, & c., &c.

The above is now on view.

On SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, at 3 p. m., Messrs BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods :—

AT 1-30 P. M.

1 handsome strong-built victoria in very good order.
1 handsome strong four-seated open carriage.
1 powerful chestnut Arab, 14-1 hands, 5 years, goes well in saddle and harness.
1 handsome strong brown waler, 16 hands, 6 years, quiet in saddle and harness.

On SUNDAY, the 24th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at 3rd Victoria Cross Road, Byculla, valuable and handsome teak and blackwood carved and plain household furniture, rich glass and crockery-ware, platedware, one mahogany piano by Schiedmayer and Soehne, handsome table ornaments, China and Japanese flower vases, hanging and table lamps, Persian and Brussels carpets, glass door almirahs, marble top tables, aviary with birds, one hand and foot sewing machine, etc., etc., the property of the undersigned.

Catalogues are published, and property is on view.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 20th August, 1902.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 20th instant, at 1 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Green Street, Fort, opposite the Bank of Bombay in the premises, lately occupied by the B. I. S. N. Co., by order of the concerned, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, such as sofas, chairs, easy chairs, cabinets, chiffoniers, side board, teakwood single and double bedsteads, brass and iron single and double beadsteads, single and double almiras, chest of drawers, clothes presses, dressing and washhand tables, marble top table and teapoys, semi-grand piano, cottage piano by Broadwood, square piano by Richard Lipp, Austrian and English iron safe on stand, etc.

The property is on view.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY IN BHOIWADY ROAD IN PAREL.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 20th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of Mr. Purbhudas Pursotumdas, the mortgagee, and on account and at the risk of the legal heirs and representatives of the deceased mortgagor Jamnabai, wife of Pragji Pursotum, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 26th day of April, 1900, the following landed property, viz :—

All that piece or parcel of Government Toka land or ground with the messuage, tenements or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at Bhoiwady Road, in Parel, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 102 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 117, new No. A-14276, Old Survey No. none, and New Survey No. A-10, and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under Ward F No. 1339 (2) and street No. 33 A, and bounded as follows :—That is to say, on the east by the land of Jokin Philip Patel, on the west by the property of Manoo Yenas Noon and Jooran Yenas Noon, on the north by the land of Ramchander Soonder, and on the south by a Govan, and which said premises are now in the possession of the Western India Spinning and Manufacturing Co. Ld.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application may be made to Messrs. Wadia and Ghandy, Attorneys for the mortgagee or to the Undersigned.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR GENTLEMEN REQUIRING DRAWING-ROOM DECORATIONS.

AUCTION SALE OF JAPANESE CURIOSITIES.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 21st, and FRIDAY, the 22nd inst. at 2 p.m., each day, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Esplanade Road Fort, next to the offices of Messrs. Ralli Brothers, a large consignment of Japanese curiosities of various description, consisting of rich silk, gold and silver embroidered folding screens, bed and table covers and silk pictures, large size flower Jars, Jardiniers with flower pots, umbrella stands, flower holders, tea, dinner and breakfast services, garden stands, hanging baskets, wall plates, porcelain figures, life size china figures with gongs, silk fans, Japanese tables, teapoys and bookstands, large and small panels of views, photo and scrap albums, bronze ware, famous avata teapots, sugar pots, finger bowls, wallplates, lacquered ware, bamboo furniture, reed and bead chicks, etc.

The property is on view.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT OONDRIA STREET, OUTSIDE THE FORT.

ON SATURDAY, the 23rd inst., at 4 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of Manikorebai, widow of Tribhowandas Vithaldas the mortgagee, and on account and at the risk of the legal heirs and representatives of the deceased mortgagor Balla Miya bin Bhaoodin Khote, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 29th day of July 1897, the following landed property, viz :—

All that piece of Fazendari land together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at Oondria Street, outside the Fort, and in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 66 and six-ninths square yards or thereabouts, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 1362, New No. 8512, old survey No. 2162 and new survey No. 2931 assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates & Taxes under E ward No. 270, and Street No. 41, and bounded on the east by the sweeper's passage, on the west by Oondria Street aforesaid, on the north by the property of the said Balla Miya bin Bhaoobin Khote, and on the south by the property of Shaik Oosman.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the Undersigned.

On WEDNESDAY the 27th inst, at 1 p. m, Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Mazagon below the Hancock Bridge in the Compound of Hamilton Hotel the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plate-ware, glass-ware and crockery. Mahogany Cottage piano, windproof lamps table ornaments pictures etc., the property of A CAMPBELL Esq.

The property will be on view 5 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, 20th August, 1902.

GUARANTEED
CARRIAGE RUBBER TYRES.
Superior to any imported in India.
CHALLENGE COMPETITION.
COUPE & CO'S STEEL WHEELS.
With Cast Iron or Gunmetal Hubs.
AUTOMATIC NUMBERING MACHINES.
&c., &c., &c., &c., &c.,
LOWEST WHOLESALE RATES,
For Regular Customers,
Apply,
MESSRS. GOVINDJEE MADHOWJEE & CO.,
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A BOON TO MEN & WOMEN.

ATANK-NIGRAH PILLS.—A successful remedy based on most advanced and modern researches in the Ayurved, or Native Medical Science, for nervous diseases and physical debility, premature exhaustion and loss to vital energy with other allied affections.

A Pamphlet, containing Testimonials from Europeans, will be sent free of charge on application.

To be had of
VAIDYA SHASTRI MANISHANKAR GOVINDJI,
Atank-Nigrah Pharmacy,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

WHY COUGH?
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WHY COUGH?

There is absolutely no remedy so speedy and effectual. One Lozenge alone gives relief. Simple, but sure in action, they can be taken by the most delicate.

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If you cannot sleep for coughing, one Keating's Lozenge will set you right. They at once check the cough and remove the cause. An enormous sale all over the world during the past 80 years proves their great value.

GIVE INSTANT RELIEF.
GIVE INSTANT RELIEF.
GIVE INSTANT RELIEF.

Keating's Cough Lozenges, the unrivalled remedy for COUGHS, HOARSENESS, and THROAT TROUBLES, are sold everywhere in bottles by all Chemists.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, AUGUST 18.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	£95 9-16	=	unchanged
3 per cent. Rentes	£100 3-4	=	,,
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	£108 1-2	=	,,
3½ per cent. Govt. Securities	£64 13-16	=	,,
Bar Silver in London	24 3-16	=	,,
Do. 2 months hence	24 1-8	=	,,
Do. New York	52 3-8	=	— 1-8
Exchange on London at Paris	25·19 1-2	=	unchanged
Berlin Cheques on London	20·48 1-2	=	— 1-2
Exchange on New York	4·87	=	unchanged
Discount, Bank of England, 3 per cent.		=	do.
,, Short London Bills 2 3-4 ,,		=	do.
,, Indian Bank Bills 3 1-8 ,,		=	do.
3 months Fine Trade Bills 2 7-8 ,,		=	do.
Do. Do. 3 3-8 ,,		=	do.
Interest, day to day loans 2 1-2 ,,		=	do.
Do. 7 day market loans 2 1-2 ,,		=	do.

Amount paid into the Bank of England about £100,000.

Extra Council Bills on Bombay, Rs. 30,000 at 1s. 3 31-32d.

White Karachi Wheat 28 3-8. August-September. Sellers.

Para Rubber 3s. 1 1-4d.

Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats quiet. Manchester steady. Total sales 8,000. Spot 4 27-32 plus 1-32. Sold on speculation and for export 500. Imports 2,000. Arrivals closed steady.

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	
4·37 plus 2	4·27 plus 1	4·21	4·18	
Dec.-Jan.	**Jan.-Feb.**	**Feb.-Mar.**	**Mar.-Apl.**	**Apl.-May.**
4·17 plus 1	4·17 plus 1	4·16	4·16	4·16

In New York—

Receipts at the Port	3,000	Bales.
,, Last year	2,600	,,
Exports to Great Britain	Nil	
,, ,, Continent	3 000	,,
Mid-Uplands	9	
Futures, month of Dec.	7·80 plus 5	
Do. do. March	7·80 plus 5	
Coffee	5 1-8	

In New Orleans—

Spot	8 5-16
Futures month of Sept.	7·84 plus 4
Do. Dec.	7·60 plus 4

Closing tone quiet.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 48 hours ending at 6 p.m., on Monday, 18th August 1902 :—

Cotton	1,053	bales.
Wheat	24,877	cwts.
Linseed	1,006	,,
Rapeseed	21,885	,,
Gingellyseed	28	,,
Poppyseed	933	,,
Groundnuts	108	,,
Castorseed	4,611	,,
Rice	1,092	,,
Myrabollams	1,207	,,
Cottonseed	7,508	,,

BOMBAY, TUESDAY, AUGUST 19.

EXCHANGE—Tone steady.

Bank T. T.	1s 3 29-32d
Bank Demand	1s 3 29-32d
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight D. A.	1s 4 3-32d
Do 6 do do	1s 4 7-32d
French Francs 3 do do	169
Marks 3 do do	137 1-4
Hongkong 30 Days Sight	129
Shanghai 30 ,, ,,	171
Japan 30 ,, ,,	151

GOVERNMENT PAPER—3 1-2 per cent.—Tone steady.

Cash	97-15
1st Settlement	97-13
2nd do.	97-10

Money Market—Tone very easy.

BANK RATE—

Bank of England since	6th February	3	per cent.
Bank of Bombay do.	17th July	3	do.
Bank of Bengal do.	10th July	3	do.
Bank of Madras do.	30th June	4	do.

SEEDS.—

Linseed.—Tone firm.		
Ready / Forward	10	3
Rapeseed.—Tone quiet.		
Brown Cawnpore, Ready / Do. Forward	6	6
Yellow Cawnpore Ready / do. Forward	6	12
Yellow Guzerat, Ready / do. Forward	7	4
Poppyseed.—Tone steady.		
Ready / Forward	8	10
Castorseed—Tone steady.		
Ready / Forward		27

The following changes appear in the Bank of Bombay statement, dated 16th August, compared with the week ending 18th August :—

LIABILITIES.		
Public Deposits	Rs. 2,03,498	Decrease
Other Deposits	32,13,981	Increase
Credits Undrawn	3 03,364	do.
ASSETS.		
Government Securities	4,96,941	Increase
Other Authorized Securities	87,726	do.
Credits on Securities	4,76,945	do.
Loans do.	1,65,595	Decrease
Bills discounted & purchased	11,71,124	do.
Balance with other Banks	3,94,278	Increase
Cash	32,40,585	do.

SHARES.—The good weather report issued to-day has reacted on this market, and their is a better enquiry for mill shares at cut quotations Bank of Bombay shares have improved to Rs. 1,255 and Manockjee Petit Mills to Rs. 1,615.

Liverpool opening telegram.

Tone firm.

Estimated sales	8,000
Total imports	4,000

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
4·33	4·29	4·23	4·20
Dec.-Jan.	**Jan.-Feb.**	**Feb.-March**	**March-Apr.**
4·18	4·18	4·18	4·18

Cotton.—The better news to hand of rains in the Berars and Khandeish district has caused a distinctly quieted feeling in this market. Buyers are scarce, and prices of spot cotton are about Rs. 1 lower. In new crops there are more sellers in the market and the following are about the closing quotations.

	Fine	F G.	Good	Delivery.
Bengals H.-G. (Ry. terms)	...	168	...	Jany
Belati, (M.-G.) (Ry. terms)	181	...	...	do.
Sind-Punjab (M.-G.)	182	...	...	do.
Khandeish, (M.-G.)	...	183	...	do.
Dhamangaum, Poolgaum.	196	...	...	do.
Akola M.-G. Khamgaum do. Karanja do.	Fair staple 190	...		do.
Broach M. S,	...	...	215	March

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, AUG. 18.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm.
Surats quiet.
Good Bhownugger 3 26-32.
The Manchester Market has been steady.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	95 9-16
3 per cent Rentes	100 3-4
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	108 1-2
3 1-2 per cent. Rupee Papers	64 13-16
Bar Silver	24 3-16

The sum of about £100,000 has been paid into the Bank of England.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay for the week ending the 16th August, as compared with the statement of the 8th August:—

	Aug 8. Rs.	Aug 16. Rs.
LIABILITIES		
Capital	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	79,00,000	79,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office	44,25,611	38,99,399
Public Deposits at Branches	19,82,014	23,04,728
Other Deposits	5,63,00,698	5,95,11,679
Post Bills	13,327	63,431
Credits undrawn	24,79,621	27,82,985
Rs.	8,31,01,271	8,64,65,222
ASSETS.		
Government Securities	1,15,20,376	120,17,317
Other authorised Securities	14,59,383	15,47,609
Credits on Govt. and other authorised Securities	84,53,244	89,30,189
Loans do. do. do.	1,64,06,807	1,62,41,212
Bills discounted and purchased	1,73,29,562	1,61,58,438
Dead Stock	3,84,040	3,88,240
Stamps and Stationery	20,632	20,627
Balances with other Banks	4,83,718	8,77,996
Cash	2,70,43,609	3,02,83,594
Rs.	8,31,01,271	8,64,65,222

A VALUABLE BOOK.

The Thirteenth Edition (60th thousand) of "THE WIFE'S ADVISER," 60 pages, illustrated, is now ready. Copies will be sent free, for a limited time, on receipt of two stamps for postage.

E. LAMBERT & SON,
MANUFACTURERS OF SURGICAL APPLIANCES,
ACCOUCHEMENT AND NURSING REQUISITES
60 & 62, QUEEN'S RD., DALSTON, LONDON, N.E

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATH and MEMORIAM Notices (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs. 2, for sixlines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line, CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

PICKFORD—August 14, at Jubbulpore, C P, the wife of H A Pickford, of a daughter.

LOW—August 16, at 3, Pretoria St Calcutta, the wife of H V Low, of a son.

KEMP'S
EXTRACT OF CHICKEN

A PURE EXTRACT of the Flesh and bones carefully freed from fat. Dissolved in hot water, it forms a most nutritious food for invalids or infants. It is frequently, in emergencies like Sea-sickness, the *only* food patients can bear.

KEEPS IN PERFECTLY GOOD CONDITION MANY WEEKS AFTER BEING OPENED.

Per Jar, Re. 1-12.

KEMP & CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises 5h. 42m. Sun sets. 6h. 25m. High water 0-5a. Low water, 8-24m., 6-4a.
Municipal Standing Committee, 3-30 p.m.
Meetings of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton and Co's six Mills, 4 to 4-50 p.m.
Gymkhana Mounted Sports.
Native General Library, Framjee Hall, 5 15 p.m.
Bombay Club, half yearly meeting, 9-30 p.m.

FOOTBALL.

Rovers vs. H. M. S. Magdala.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Lamu, Mombassa, Ibo Chind, Darasalam, and Zanzibar per s. s. Palitana. will be closed at the General Post Office at 9 a. m. on Saturday, the 23rd inst.

ACCIDENT IN A GRAIN GODOWN.—About 6 o'clock on Monday evening Vithoo Appa, a Hindoo labourer, aged thirty, was sweeping the floor of a grain godown in Dongree Street, when a tier of bags falling on him, fractured his spine. He was removed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital, where he has been detained. His case is considered to be hopeless

THE GRANT ROAD MURDER.—At the Mazagon Police Court yesterday morning, Superintendent Stanford charged Shivnarayen Matadin, a Purdesi, before Mr. P. H. Dastur with the murder of Rahematbi, a Mahomedan woman, on the morning of Sunday, the 17th instant in a chawl at Grant Road. The accused it was alleged had strangled the woman to death under the circumstances already reported in these columns. The case was remanded.

THE Y. M. T. ASSOCIATION.—The ninth anniversary of the Y. M. T. Association was held at the house of the late Mr. Madhowrao Canoba in Newwadi on Sunday. The verandah was nicely decorated with Raja Ravi Varma's pictures and lighted with gas having incandescent burners. Many friends amongst whom were the members of the Y. M. T club attended the singing entertainment which commenced at 9-45 p. m. and ended at 2 30 next morning. There was half an hour's break at 11-30 p. m. when coffee was distributed. Messrs B. D. Jayakar, M. V. Kothare, V. B. Desai and J S Apte, assisted the hon. secretary in decorating and beautifying the verandah for the occasion.

HISTORY OF EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.—Under the auspices of the Teachers' Association of Bombay Professor A. L. Covernton delivered a lecture on the History of Education in England at the Elphinstone High School yesterday. The Rev. Dr. Machickan, vice Chancellor, occupied the chair. The lecturer during the course of his address said that the system of education in England had arisen out of a process of growth and evolution. It was not the result of the insight of a statesman or a philosopher into the future but of tradition. He said that the first school in England was monastic and the first teaching religious. He dwelt on four main points as to the subject. The first he said related to the system of education that prevailed in the middle ages. He next traced the origin of the presen secondary education in the system of the middle ages, and pointed out what the tendency of the government in those times was towards education. The last point he touched was the influence of church on the system of education from the dawn of education in England.

ROBBING HIS MISTRESS.—Before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court yesterday, Inspector Williamson charged Luximon Krishnajee, a postal employe with stealing ornaments of the value of Rs. 2:5, belonging to his kept mistress Luximibai. The evidence showed that accused lived with Luximibhai at Grant Road. On the 14th instant, the woman on opening the box found the ornaments missing and that the accused had disappeared. She made a report to the police and gave the name of the accused on whom she rested her suspicion. The police arrested the latter on the same day at Kapadgully and recovered the ornaments from a Marwari with whom they had been pledged by him. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge and was sentenced to two month's rigorous imprisonment.—He was further charged before the same Magistrate with criminal breach of trust in respect of a gold wristlet of the value of Rs. 35 the property of Bhima Ramji. The ornament was produced by the same Marwari with whom the accused had pledged the property in the previous case. It appears that accused had borrowed the wristlet to wear on the 10th instant from Bhima and instead of returning it to the owner, pawned it with the Marwari. He was sentenced to a further term of one month's rigorous imprisonment.

BOMBAY FOOTBALL LEAGUE.

H. M. S. MAGDALA vs. B. V. A.

ON the Cooperage last evening in the Bombay Football League, a match was played between the B. V. A. and the team of H. M. S. Magdala. The B. V. A. had most of the play in the first half and managed to score two goals. In the second half the sailors took up the running and pressed hotly for the first ten minutes, their forwards breaking through and equalising before the B. V. A. had fairly got going. Play was even for some time after this, but then the B. V. A. forward rank started off again, and the outside right sent in a dropping shot which completely beat the sailors' custodian. For the last five minutes the Magdala did all the pressing and had hard lines on several occasions in not scoring. After an interesting and evenly contested match the B. V. A. ran out winners as follows :—

B. V. A.	3 goals
H. M. S. Magdala	2 goals

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m., yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Plague. Deaths.	Deaths from all causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	1	0	6
B Mandvi, Chuckla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	2	0	19
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada	1	1	18
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar and Mahaluxmi	0	0	9
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	0	1	15
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	0	0	2
G Mahim and Worli	1	1	6
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	0	6
Total	5	3	81
Total plague deaths to date	119,553	99,174	
Same date last year	29	24	127

MORTALITY OF THE WEEK.

The total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending yesterday was 649 as against 616 during the previous week. Of the total number 35 died of plague which showed an increase of eight over the preceding week. The total mortality of the corresponding period of the last year was 866, which included 197 deaths from plague.

A MUCADUM AND HIS PRINCIPALS.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Tyebji delivered judgment at the High Court yesterday in a suit brought by Bhimraj Luchminarayen and others against Damjee Hirjee, in which the plaintiffs prayed that an account might be taken by the Court of the sixty-four bales of cotton sold and delivered by the defendant to the Tapidas Varjdas Spinning, Weaving, and Manufacturing Company, Limited, and of the sale proceeds thereof : that the defendant be decreed to pay such sale proceeds to the plaintiffs, with interest thereon, etc. Mr. Robertson and Mr. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Malvi, Hiralal, and M., appeared for the plaintiffs ; and Mr. Raikes and Mr. Chimanlal Setalvad, instructed by Messrs. Matubhai, Jamietram, and Madon, represented the defendant.

Mr. Justice Tyebji, in delivering judgment, said the plaintiffs are commission agents in Bombay. They are in the habit of receiving large consignments of cotton from up-country constituents for sale in Bombay. They advance monies against these consignments by accepting and paying hundies drawn against them or against the railway receipts which are sent to them. The defendant is a mucadum doing large business in Bombay, and having a "jatha" for storing cotton at Colaba. He cleared goods from the railway stations, stored them in his "jatha", and weighed out the goods and delivered them to the purchasers according to the directions of his employers, and received four annas per bale of cotton for his services. One Jetha Purja was a constituent of the plaintiffs and also a business friend of the defendant and his munim Pitamber He had a permanent residence in Bombay, but went frequently to the Berars, bought cotton there in the season and consigned it to the plaintiff in Bombay for sale. In February 1901, Jetha consigned to the plaintiffs 64 bales of cotton and sent to them the railway receipt. Plaintiffs paid Rs. 326-10 for the charges of carriage freight, etc., and got the goods cleared. Jetha also wrote to the defendants's munim Pitamber, informing him of the consignment and requesting a speedy and advantageous sale. The plaintiffs handed the railway receipt to the defendant with instructions to clear the goods. They were accordingly cleared by the defendant and stored in his "jatha" at Colaba. The quality of the goods was rather inferior, and there was difficulty in finding a purchaser for them. Jetha kept constantly writing both to the plaintiffs and to the defendant, pressing for a speedy sale. Ultimately in April 1901, there was an interview between the plaintiffs' munim Bhimraj, the defendant's munim Pitamber, and the consignor Jetha himself, at which the question of the sale of the cotton was discussed, and was left to the discretion of the defendant. There was no doubt, said his Lordship, that Jetha's position as the owner or consignor, and the plaintiff's position as the commission agent who had advanced monies and who had an interest in the sale proceeds, were well known to the defendant. Ultimately, the cotton was actually sold by the defendant on the 27th April to the Tapidas Varjdas Mills, and actually weighed out and delivered to them on the 29th April. On the 2nd May, the defendant took two hundies for the price of the cotton, namely, Rs. 2,500 each, in favour of the consignor Jetha Punja. These two hundies were kept by and remained in the possession of the defendant and were presented for payment by him on due date, but were dishonoured and protested for non-payment on the 20th June. The plaintiffs' case was that the defendant was personally liable to them for the price of the cotton on the ground that the defendant personally undertook to pay the price of the cotton, or in other words that he guaranteed the due satisfaction and payment of the hundies at maturity, and that he sold the 64 bales of cotton without the plaintiffs' knowledge, consent, or authority, and that he improperly gave credit for one month instead of receiving the proceeds in cash, and was therefore personally liable to make good the loss. The defendant's case on the other hand, was that he had the general authority of Jetha and the plaintiffs to sell the goods and the express sanction and authority of the plaintiff's munim for the sale and delivery of the cotton to his mill or taking hundies, and that he never gave any such undertaking or guarantee as was alleged by the plaintiffs. The question, therefore, was, was the permission of the plaintiffs given to the defendant for the sale and delivery of the cotton on credit as alleged by him ; and secondly, was any such express guarantee given by the defendant as alleged by the plaintiffs. His Lordship reviewed the evidence and considered these questions at great length and held that the plaintiffs had failed to establish their case. The sale of the 64 bales was not made without the knowledge and consent of the plaintiffs, but was made with the express authority and acquiescence of the plaintiffs and Jetha Punja. His lordship dismissed the suit with costs.

CLAIM FOR ORNAMENTS AND CLOTHES.

AT the High Court yesterday, the Hon. Mr. Justice Starling gave judgment in a suit brought by Mahomed Cassim Curtay against Zahiroodin, alias Baloo Myan Pathan, in which the plaintiff's claim was for delivery to him by the defendant of ornaments, clothes, and other articles, or in the alternative to pay to the plaintiff the sum of Rs. 3,500, the value thereof. The Hon. Mr. Scott and Mr. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, appeared for the plaintiff ; and Mr. Kirkpatrick and Mr. Raikes, instructed by Messrs. Ardasir Hormasjee, Dinshaw and Co., represented the defendant.

The plaintiff about twelve years ago gave his daughter Fatmabee in marriage to the defendant, and on the following day while sending her to her husband the defendant's house in Bombay, in accordance with the custom of the sect to which the plaintiff and the defendant belonged, gave her a box containing gold, silver, and pearl ornaments, rich clothes, and copper and brass pots of the value of Rs. 3,500 for her use. Fatmabee died intestate on the 3rd August 1897, leaving a minor son, and a minor daughter, and the defendant her husband, surviving. According to the law governing the parties, the plaintiff on the death of Fatmabee became entitled to the ornaments and clothes which were given to her for her use. The defendant has taken possession of them and failed to deliver them to the plaintiff though repeatedly called upon to do so.

Mr Justice Starling said the plaintiff contended that the box and contents were only a loan and returnable on demand. The defendant said it became the property of the wife. His Lordship thought that if anything it must be a loan for life without impeachment for waste. His Lordship concluded on the whole of the evidence that before ten years ago, there was not a custom of loan, but boxes were given in "bakshis." The plaintiff had not proved that his boxes were given on loan. The suit was dismissed with costs.

PASSENGERS PER S. S. OCEANIEN.

The following passengers will sail for Colombo, the Straits, China and Japan to-day, at 9-30 a.m., per Messageries Maritimes Company's steamer "Oceanien" from the Prince's Dock shed C. There will be the usual medical inspection at the Dock at 9 a. m. sharp, 3rd class, deck passengers, native servants and ayahs must be at the Prince's Dock, disinfecting shed, at 8 a.m., with all their baggage.

FOR COLOMBO.

Mr M Dhunjibhoy
Lieut E G Wace

FOR BATAVIA—Mr J Zuur.

FOR SAIGON.

Rev Father Keller
Rev Father Lalanne
Rev Father Sanctuaire
Mr and Mrs Catoire
Mr Moyaux

FOR HAIPHONG.

Rev Father Aessinger
Rev Father Massrelier
Rev Father Maries
Rev Father Bertrand
Mrs Deschaseaux

FOR HONGKONG.

Rev Father Barres
Rev Father Tessier
Rev Father Chane-Ki
Mrs Almanog

FOR SHANGHAI.

Mr Sheridan
Rev Father Gosson
Rev Father Saumiren
Rev Father Davas
Rev Father Carrere
Rev Father Lacquois
Rev Father Streclaed
Rev Father Amtroise
Rev Father Caillard
Rev Father Poitout
Rev Father Monnier
Rev Father Assizert
Rev Father Gros
Rev Father Barris
Mr E Raphael
Dr Lalkaka

FOR KOBE—Mr J M Nanporia.

Three deck passengers from Marseilles to Saigon.
One Do do do Haiphong.

THE race for Lord O'Brien's International Cup at the Cork Regatta having resulted in a win for the Leander Club, an opportunity presented itself to the German Emperor for the dispatch of a telegram. Lord O'Brien read from the Bench in the Cork Assize Court the inevitable message from his Majesty, who courteously thanked his lordship for the hospitality shown to the German crew from Berlin, and the president of the Leander Club for the sportsmanlike message sent on behalf of the club. The Germans are believed to have given their rivals in the final heat a harder race than any foreign crew has ever made of it before against the chief of British rowing clubs.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, AUGUST 19.

Tuesday :—The barometer has fallen slightly to briskly in the Peninsula tne Oorth Bombay. A storm is forming off the circars coast in the bay. Changes in north-west India are favorable for an extention of humid winds over that area. Rain has again been light on the west coast, but fairly general rain has fallen in the Deccan, Berar and Central Provinces. Nagpur has received 3 1-2 inches, Khandwa and Amraoti two and Chanda 1 1-2 inches. Light to moderate rain has fallen in Burma, Assam, Bengal, and on the East-Coast and scattered showers due to dust storms and thunder storms on the west Himalayas. Kindat has received 3 1-2 inches, Tezpur 2 1-2, Berhampore and Cherat two, Dehra Dun, Masulipatam, and Nagapatam 1 1-2 inches. The sea is rough and winds are in increased strength at Colombo. A change in the weather may be expected in the east of the Arabian Sea.

THE WEATHER AT SEA.

The Asiatic S. N. Co.'s steamer Nairung, Captain W. H. Edge, which arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta via coast ports report, having met with showers of rain from Goa to Bombay. The P. & O. Co's steamer, Valetta, Captain A. G. Cubitt, which arrived in harbour yesterday from China via Colombo, reports having experienced some rain squalls and light westerly winds.

THE COTTON DISTRICTS.

Messrs. Gaddum and Company have received the following reports:—

BASIM, AUGUST 18.

The weather was very cloudy all yesterday and a drizzling rain fell all last night amounting to 20 cents. Skies are still densely cloudy.

BROACH, AUGUST 18.

Weather continues alternately cloudy and sunny. Cotton plants are in good condition owing to sufficient moisture caused by heavy rain on 17th ult.

HUBLI, AUGUST 16.

Weather cloudy since noon and there appears to be rain in districts around.

BARSI, AUGUST 18.

We had some heavy showers last night about three hours, when 90 cents of rain fell. To-day, it continues cloudy and we expect a further fall during the course of the evening. The fall of rain seems to be general over the whole district. Prospects have much improved. The cotton plants in the district are refreshed and strengthened. We have not heard of any harm to the cotton plants, beyond retarding their progress and growth. All anxiety is now removed. Further rain would be most welcome.

KHANGAUM, AUG. 18.

The weather has been deep cloudy during the last three days but no rain has fallen except a few showers last night. We hear good rain fell at Akola and Balapoor and some at Julgaum Jamode side. There has been slight rainfall also we hear on ghaut districts. The cotton crops seem to be in the same state as we reported in our last report through cloudy weather and light sunshine. The cotton crops on hard and strong grounds which show a little droopy appearance, would also improve if we have good rain in a few days.

KHAMGAON, AUG. 19.

58 cents fell last night, further fall imminent.

AMRAOTI, AUG. 19.

Rained heavily 95 cents, more expected. Don, great good. Weather cloudy.

BASIM, AUG. 19.

Three inches rain fell all night ; crops immensely benefitted.

AKOT, AUGUST 19.

Rainfall 170 cents last night. Crop-prospects satisfactory.

WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS.

DELHI, AUG. 17.

Weather fine and hot, and unfavourable to the crop. More rain is required urgently otherwise damage to crop is apprehended.

DHULIA, AUG. 17.

Rainfall 93 cents. Weather cloudy.

INDORE, AUG. 17.

Weather rainy.

BARSI AUG. 18.

Rainfall 90 cents. Weather cloudy.

JUBULPORE, AUG. 18.

Rainfall 42 cents. Weather cloudy.

NAGPORE, AUG. 19.

Rainfall of 2.80 inches. Raining moderately throughout the district. Weather showery.

AHMEDNAGAR, AUG. 19.

Rainfall 8 cents. Jalna half inch. Weather cloudy.

SECUNDRABAD, AUGUST 19.

Rainfall 11 cens.

SHEAGAON, AUGUST 19.

Heavy rains set in since noon. There are no signs of clearing at present.

AKOT, AUGUST 19.

Rainfall 1·50. Weather rainy. More rain is wanted for growing crops.

MALKAPORE AUGUST 19.

Rainfall 42 cens. Weather cloudy and unsettled. Weather is very favourable for the crop.

MURTIZAPORE, AUGUST 19.

Rainfall 1 1.2 inches. Rains reported in the districts.

KARANJA, AUGUST 19.

Rainfall of 1 1.4 inches. Weather is cloudy and unsettled. Further rain will do good to the crop.

AKOLA, AUGUST 18.

Rainfall 55 cents. Rains reported in the district.

AMRAOTI, AUGUST 19.

Rainfall of 1.32 inches. Weather cloudy. Weather is very favourable to the crop.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla. In. Cts.		Esplade. In. Cts.		Fort. In. Cts.		Colaba. In. Cts.	
Previously registered	23	82	30	42	29	03	27	23
Sunday, 19th Aug.	0	02	0	01	0	05	0	24
Total	23	84	30	43	28	41	27	23
Totalfall to Aug. 19th 1901.	81	42	76	45	81	7	70	41
Total fall to Aug. 19th 1900.	60	45	61	05	65	33	59	02

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON TUESDAY, THE 19TH OF AUGUST 1902.

SUMMARY.

With the exception of a slight rise at Delhi, Cawnpore and Allahabad, the pressure has generally fallen everywhere. The fall has been brisk in Gujarat, Lower Sind, along the coast from Mangalore to Bombay and at Surat, Jubbulpore, Saugor and Neemuch Gradients are moderately seep to slight.

Winds are cyclonic in the Central and North-West Provinces, very variable along the coast from Cochin to Bombay and south-westerly to north-westerly elsewhere. The force has been moderate to light.

There is no great change in the temperature variations since yesterday. The maximum temperature varied from 1100 at Jacobabad to 820 at Belgaum and the minimum from 870 at Sirsa to 660 at Belgaum and Bangalore.

The sky is more cloudy to-day and the extent of clouds is generally increasing over the whole country.

Heavy rain has fallen at Nagpur (3·53"), between one and two inches at Akola Amraoti, Khandwa, Masulipatam and Negapatam, nearly an inch at Cochin, about three-quarters of an inch at Cuddapah and light to moderate showers at Hoshangabad, Raipur, Bombay, Ahmednagar, Aurangabad, Sholapur, Bijapur, Goa, Karwar, Mangalore, Calicut, Bangalore, Secunderabad, Madras and Colombo.

The area of abnormally high pressure noticed in yesterday's report has either disappeared or shifted much to the westwards and an area of abnormally low pressure has appeared over the Madras Presidency and Mysore, along the West Coast from Cochin to Bombay and at Raipur. With these changes the monsoon gradient has suddenly increased along the whole of the West Coast, being about normal on the Malabar Coast and about half its normal strength to the north of Karwar up to Bombay. During the last four or five days the rainfall has been chiefly restricted to the land area leaving the West Coast nearly dry, where, abnormal north-easterly winds and calms were recorded. Winds are now very variable and the general contour of the isobars with the appearance of south easterly winds at Ratnagiri and Calicut indicates the probability of unsettled weather conditions on and off the west Coast between Coachin and Veraval. The sea which was slight at Colombo during the last week is now rough and strong south-westerly winds with a velocity of 18 miles an hour are blowing there. Rain will probably continue to fall in Berar, the Central Provinces, the Madras Presidency and at the inland stations in Bombay Presidency. The rainfall on the West Coast is uncertain and much depends on the further developement of disturbed weather conditions on and off that coast.

E. A. KENYON,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Dumra, 762 tons, Captain E B Hirst, sailed yesterday, for Karachi, with a general cargo and Mr Foly, Rev W J Peters and 30 deck passengers.

THE Bombay and Persia S N Co's steamer Moshtari, 1,110 tons, Captain Davidson, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Jeddah, 7th August, with a general cargo and 5 deck passengers.

THE Asiatic S N Co's steamer Nairung, 2,862 tons, Captain W H Edge, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Calcutta, 25th July, via coast ports, with a general cargo and two deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Khandalla, 1,318 tons, Captain J C Kirkham, arrived in harbour on Monday evening, from Calcutta, 23rd July, via coast ports, with a general cargo, and one deck passenger.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Vadala, 2,164 tons, Captain M G Williams, arrived in harbour on Monday evening, from Calcutta, 3rd August, with a general cargo and Lieut and Mrs Hallett-Hugges and 37 deck passengers.

THE Anchor Line steamer Australia, 3,525 tons, Captain H Tait, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Glasgow, 10th July, via Liverpool and Manchester, with a general cargo and 7 deck passengers. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. W and A Graham and Co.

ARRIVAL OF THE CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

THE P and O Co's steamer Valetta, 2,973 tons, Captain A G Cubitt, arrived in harbour yesterday from Hongkong 3rd August via intermediate ports with China and Australian Mails a general cargo and the following passengers :—Miss Fraser, Mr and Mrs Ebramjee, Captain H S Glasgow, Lieut F Saunders, Mr Haughtman, Mr E P Prowley.

MEN-OF-WAR AND ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.

* H M S Magdala	Capt G H Hewett, R N	Turret Ship
* Torpedo Boat No 100	Lt Comdr J C Hughes, R N	.....
* Do No 102	Lt Comdr J C Powles, R N	.....
* Do No 103	Lt Comdr W P Koe, R N	.....
* 4 Torpedo Boats	....	.....
R I M S Canning	Comdr R W W Gordon	In. Marine
R I M S Investigator	Comdr T H Heming, R N	Surveying St.
R I M S Elphinstone	Lt Comdr Rowsell	Indian Marine
Margaritta	Capt Baddeley	Madras Pearl Fishery

IN PRINCE'S DOCK.

H M S Abyssinia		Turret-ship

* Indian Defence Ships.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—AUG. 19.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
H M S Pomone		Comdr H Jones, R N			Cruiser
H M S Cossack		Comdr M G Cartwright, R N			Cruiser
Tenasserim					Receiving Hulk
Shabnoor	2198	Smith			E Tajbhoy
Aljofar (Schr)	66	Nacoda			D Anandjee
Kt Commander	2731	Durant			T M & Co
Sirsa	1675	Tyrrell			M M & Co
H Bolckow	639				B & P S N Co
Kt Bachelor	4092	Pain			T M & Co
Aarvak	555	Faye			C Narayendas
Peninsular	2919	Leigh	Aden		P & O Co
Culna	1464	Watson	Calcutta		M M & Co
Hoseinee	963	Hughes			B & P S N Co
Crescent	804	Raffin			M H Cassum
Assyria	969	Trouson			M M & Co
Orissa	3521	Metcalfe			M M & Co
Khandalla	1318	Kirkham			M M & Co
Vadala	2164	Williams			M M & Co
Nairung	2862	Edge			T M & Co

ARRIVALS.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
18	Vadala s	Williams	Calcutta, Aug 3
	Khardalla s	Kirkham	Calcutta, July 23
19	Valetta s	Cubett	Hongkong, Aug 3
	Nairung s	Edge	Calcutta, July 25
	Australia s	Tait	Liverpool
	Moshtari s	Davidson	Jeddah, Aug 7

DEPARTURE.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
19	Dumra s	Hirst	Karachi

THE steamer Occeanien, Captain Remes, obtained her port clearance yesterday for China, &c.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday :—

Steamer Australia, for Marseilles and Liverpool.
,, Valetta, for China, &c.
,, Suitan, for Zanzibar, &c.
,, Weissenfels, for Hamburg and Bremen, &c.
,, Nairung, for Calcutta, &c.
,, Henry Bolckow, for Persian Gulf.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, AUGUST 18.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Ferguson arrived from Colombo, Madras and Calcutta yesterday morning.

MARSEILLES, AUGUST 18.

The B. I. S. N. Co's s.s. Mombassa left here outwards day before yesterday evening.

LONDON, AUGUST 18.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macintosh arrived here this morning.

PLYMOUTH, AUGUST 18.

The P. and O. S. N. Co's s.s. Massilia arrived here this afternoon.

The Messageries Maritimes Co's s. s. Earnest Simons which left Bombay on Thursday the 31st ultimo at noon arrived at Marseilles on Friday the 15th Instant 1 p. m.

The N. Y. K. steamer Miike Maru left Hongkong for Singapore on the 17th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS.—AUGUST 19.

FOR LONDON.

Arabia s—88 bales skins and hides, H M Abba ; 95 bales skins and hides, R M Kooka ; 164 bales skins and hides, W and A Graham and Co ; 65 cwt aloe fibre, B Mohanlal ; 60 cwt aloe fibre, The Bombay Co ; 6 cases peacock feathers, 3 bales carpets and 125 cwt deer horns, J M Rahi tools ; 337 cwt myrabollams, D Balcrishna and Co ; 230 cwt turmeric finnel seed and 128 cwt ajmseed V Hathibhoy ; 39 bales skins, Ewart Latham and Co ; 2 cases stuffed birds, Khan and Khan ; 57 bales savry cotton and 129 bales aloe fibre Tyabjee and Co ; 2 cases brassware and 7 cases condiments Cursetjee and Co ; 23 packages brassware, &c, Ardeshir and Byramjee ; 91 cwt turmeric, Veerjee Feraj.

FOR NEW YORK.

Arabia s—7 packages carpets, F P Bhumgara ; 4 bales carpets, Fleming Shaw and Co.

FOR HULL.

Springwell s—2,000 cwt cottonseed, G Medhowjee ; 1,000 cwt bonemeal A H Cassum and Co ; 2,000 cwt cottonseed W and A Graham and Co ; 522 cwt myrabollams and 2,000 cwt cottonseed Ebjee Oomersey ; 4,000 cwt cottonseed N Khairaz and Co ; 38,427 cwt cottonseed Ralli Brothers ; 4,000 cwt cottonseed and 1,005 cwt myrabollams Wagjee Becher.

FOR ANTWERP.

Imaum s—601 cwt myrabollams W Kipp ; 4,000 cwt bones A H Cassum and Co ; 2,082 cwt myrabollams Wagjee Becher ; 16,000 cwt castorseed and 6,000 cwt poppyseed, Ralli Brothers ; 54 bales aloe fibre, Tyabjee and Co ; 461 cwt poppyseed and 6,000 cwt linseed, A Blaschek and Co ; 2,504 cwt myrabollams, J Hurchund ; 1,000 cwt poppyseed and 4,000 cwt rapeseed, E D Sassoon and Co ; 1,000 cwt castorseed and 2,500 cwt mowraseed, J A Begtie and Co ; 2,000 cwt rapeseed, 2,000 cwt linseed, 3,030 cwt poppyseed and 200 cwt mustardseed, Volkart Brothers ; 200 bales waste, Tyabjee and Co ; 2,022 cwt rapeseed, N Sunderjee and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Amiral Fourichon s—100 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers ; 2,000 cwt linseed, A Blaschek and Co ; 2,016 cwt myrabollams, Ebjee Oomersay.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. F. NICHOLSON, A. D. C., COMMANDING B. V. R.

Bombay, 20th August 1902.

1. Lieut-Colonel C B Mayne, R.E., Commanding Royal Engineer, Bombay, having kindly consented to deliver a course of Lectures on Field Fortifications and Defence of Posts, etc, to the Members of the Corps at the Town Hall, the Commandant hopes that all Officers and Members of the Corps will do their best to take advantage of the fact and attend at such lectures for the purpose of gaining knowledge and instruction on Military matters likely to be of much utility and advantage in the future.

The first lecture will be held on Wednesday, the 20th August 1902, at 6 p.m. The date of succeeding lectures will be notified in Regimental Orders. Mufti may be worn.

Members attending this lecture are requested to bring pencil and paper with them.

By Order,
P. H. ROGERS, Major,
Adjutant, B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR A. K. LESLIE, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 20th August 1902.

1. The following members having joined are taken on the strength of the Corps from the 19th instant and posted to No. 2 Sub-division No. 3 Company :—No. 871 Gr. H. G. Skeen and No. 872 Gr. W. Chinery.

2. The following transfer will take place from this date :—Gunner J Rogers from No. 2 Coy to No 1 Coy, and posted to No. 2 Sub-division.

By Order,
G. STODDART, Capt., R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

FLORILINE !—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in parts of Honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

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at Rs. 3, per yard, 54 inches wide.
In checks and dark mixtures plain and striped,
at Rs. 3-8, per yard, 54 inches wide.
SHIRTING FLANNELS,
at Rs. 2, per yard, 54 inches wide.
WHITE CRICKETING FLANNELS,
at Rs. 2-12 per yard, 54 inches wide.
SERGES.
Indigo Blue Serges,
from Rs. 2-6 to Rs. 4-8, per yard,
54 inches wide,
CURZON COATINGS,
(Fawn checks).
at Rs. 4-8, per yard, 54 inches wide.
GREY WORSTED COATINGS.
from Rs. 3-8 to Rs. 4-8, per yard,
54 inches wide.
TUSSAH LUSTRE SERGES,
at Rs. 1-8, per yard, 27 inches wide.
CHEVIOT TWEEDS.
at Rs. 2-8, per yard, 54 inches wide.
GREAT COATINGS,
from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 4-8, per yard,
54 inches wide,

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In 1 dram phials	3	4	0
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Biochemic Guide, by Dr. Luyties	0	8	0
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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns should be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 20, 1902.

KHARTOUM

KHARTOUM and the Soudan were lost sight of by the million when the centre of public interest was removed further south. But the Egyptian Government has not failed to turn Lord Kitchener's reconquest of the Soudan to good account. For this statement we have the authority of Mr. John Ward, F. S. A., who in the new number of the "Monthly" has a readable account of the metamorphosis of the Mahdi's capital. At the time of the British occupation, Khartoum being in ruins, Government offices were established at Omdurman. This, however, was but a temporary measure, and as new buildings in Khartoum arrive at completion, the offices are being removed to them. Omdurman, with its mud hovels, still covers a large area, but much of it is now ruinous, and the population which was four hundred thousand in the Mahdi's time, now numbers but fifteen thousand. The place, when taken by the British, was in an indescribable state of filth. It is now intersected by wide roads, and is under police supervision. But Omdurman is expected to disappear altogether as Khartoum is developed. At the present time it is only visited on account of the ruins of the Mahdi's tomb, the Khalifa's house and the Dervish arsenal. Khartoum, on the other hand, is destined to flourish. The first sight of the city from the river, Mr. Ward tells us, comes as a charming surprise after the long journey through a thousand miles of barrenness, for it is embosomed in trees. The white palace, a massive building, dominates the graceful palms. It is described as a finished structure of great durability and elegance, and gives the impression that its builders have come to stay as doubtless they have. When the dervishes levelled Gordon's buildings, they spared his trees—of design or forgetfulness—and they were still flourishing when the rebuilding of the city began, even yet flourishing as it nears completion. The palace gardens are full of rich flowering plants, tropical and European, and rise from beautifully kept lawns in which rare palms and leafy exotic trees give shade where needed. In the centre of the garden stands a rosery planted by Gordon, within a raised enclosure of cut-stone, the flowers in the depth of winter being such as bloom in England in summer. The palace garden, ten acres in extent, is more like a park than a garden, but it is fringed with noble trees and parterres of exquisite flowers, separated by rills of water—and this under a burning sun at fifteen degrees from the equator.

The palace on the river-side resembles a plain fortress, but on the other sides is exceedingly handsome, the work of Royal Engineers. It is of no particular known style of architecture, but rather of a new one invented by the Engineer who designed and built the lower storey, his successors studiously striving after harmony in the upper portions of the structure. Of the other public buildings, now in progress, are the War Office, Treasury, Court of Justice, Post and Telegraph offices, Government Stores, Mudirieh, Police and Military barracks and Soldiers' Club, while shops, warehouses, and stores are rapidly being built by private enterprise—principally Greek. Branches of the Bank of Egypt and National Bank are already established in handsome premises. The Gordon College is ready for the roof and will soon be at work, re-teaching the Soudanese the arts which through many years of rapine, massacres, slave-raiding and constant unrest, have become lost to them. Even the art of brick laying is lost, and in the extensive building operations now going on, Italians and other imported labourers are employed. What they want in Sudan, writes Mr. Ward, is a peaceful and industrious people, and of its realisation he is sanguine, having found the natives intelligent and anxious to learn. Khartoum does not count a church among its many new buildings. An English church service is at present conducted in one of the large rooms in the palace—not large enough however to accommodate the rank and file of the troops in garrison. But even this defect will shortly be remedied, for Lady Wingate has started a subscription-list for the purpose of building and endowing a handsome church worthy of this important centre of British civilisation. The Roman Catholics, Greek and Coptic bodies are more fortunate, each having their own places of worship and a large mosque is in course of erection. The Cape-to-Cairo railway at present stops on the Blue Nile opposite Khartoum, and the trip there is by no means unenjoyable. Indeed Mr. Ward considers the railway service from Assouan most efficient, and tells us that there are not only excellent dining and sleeping cars, but that luxurious baths are unexpectedly supplied. When the traveller reaches Khartoum he finds it extends for two miles along the river bank, with a wide promenade, lined with trees, flanking the Nile. He also sees Gordon's earthen fortifications still standing, forming a curve of five miles towards the desert.

What interests Mr. Ward most perhaps, is the prospect of the early establishment of a Department of Antiquities for the Soudan. Pending that, orders have been given for the registration of antiquities and records. There are numerous ruins at Soba and Naga which were once connected by a highway sixty miles long. Ruins are found at intervals all along the road, while there are carved rock-hewn tombs and sculptures on the rocks further to the east. Tradition says there was a powerful Christian kingdom for many years in the neighbourhood of Soba, till swept away by the Moslem conquest of the country. The buildings of Naga show the merging of the Egyptian architecture into Roman. The date of the Roman work is probably about A. D. 350, but, says Mr. Ward "the inscriptions at such a late date, being in hieroglyphic, is indeed a puzzle. We are told that Egyptian hieroglyphic writing had gone out and even its meaning was forgotten in the second century A. D. Still more remarkable is the knowledge that these menuents bring us, of the existence of the Roman style of architecture so near the equator". The Soudan abounds with antiquities. At Merse there are twenty-nine pyramids, at Merawi, many more. Temples, palaces and tombs are found at Napata, Gebel, Barkal, Soleb, Semneh, Arquo and many other places. There was, he confidently asserts "once before the civilisation of a Christian power, as far as and beyond Khartoum", but though its history is lost, a scientific examination of the monuments may wrest from them the hidden mysteries of the past. Professor Sayce and Mr. Ward tried to visit Soba, Napata, Naga and other places something over a year ago, but the Sirdar informed them there were no facilities for explorers, owing to the still unsettled state of the country, and they were advised to postpone operations for a time. So far as concerns Khartoum, antiquarian research may be carried on with the utmost safety. From what Mr. Ward has seen and read, he is persuaded that there are as many unexplored antiquities in the Soudan as in Egypt, and although by no means so ancient, are worthy of attention by those responsible for the development of the country. Possibly also, he thinks the region may abound in unexpected prehistoric remains, for which no search had ever been made, while the lost history of the Upper Nile may be revealed from its monuments.

IDAR STATE.

WHEN Sir Pertab Singh in February last became Maharaja of Idar, he succeeded to the chieftainship of a State which like others of its Guzarat neighbours had fallen upon evil times. A succession of famine years had severely taxed the finances of the State, and the earliest work the new Maharaja had to take up was that of retrenchment. But having cut down expenditure wherever possible, and being aided by the loan of a lakh of rupees for famine relief purposes, his Highness found that further Government aid was necessary to enable him to meet the calls on his rank and State. When Guzarat is threatened with another famine even more severe than those she has already experienced, it is interesting to observe for what purposes the native chiefs are obliged to saddle their States with further burdens of debt. The Dewan of Idar in his recently issued administration report describes the financial position of that territory in these terms: "It has now been ascertained that the annual expenditure cannot be reduced presently below four lakhs, and in view of the fact that it will take a few years for the revenue to rise back to its ordinary level, the State will have for some time to face annual deficits. There are other calls and charges on the State besides, viz., (1) his Highness' visit to England to attend the Coronation of his Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor, (2) visit to Delhi to be present at the Coronation Durbar, and (3) succession nazarana. In order to meet these his Highness has applied very recently for a loan, explaining all the circumstances and it is hoped Government will be graciously pleased to grant the same". The case of Idar may be regarded as typical of others. The fact that its ruler who has already taken part in the great ceremony of the King's Coronation is obliged to further involve the embarrassed finances of his State by attendance at Delhi but serves to emphasise the objection we raised the other day to the extravagant outlay which is being made on an unnecessary pageant. It is significant of the situation in which the Native Chiefs in the Bombay Presidency find themselves that in the published official list of those who have accepted invitations to Delhi the names of only four appear. The information concerning the financial position of the State is the most important that the Dewan's report affords. As bearing upon this it is regrettable to learn that as the result of successive years of famine only 57,600 acres of culturable land are now occupied. The total culturable area is about 1,60,000 acres. and besides bad seasons the ravages of wild animals and the unrest created by frontier raids by wild tribes contribute to scare cultivators away. To induce agriculturists to settle in the territory, a scheme of concessions was drawn up, but the seasonal conditions interfered with its successful working. Some irrigation works have been undertaken. On the side of the protection of the people, the police force has been reorganised, and arrangements are being made between Idar and neighbouring States for joint action against frontier dacoities by the Dungri Bhils. The reorganization of the police was a matter which Sir Pertab Singh personally took in hand on his succession to the gadi. The recognition of his Highness' claims, on the death of the posthumus son of the late Maharaja, was a subject of sincere congratulation by the numerous friends of Sir Pertab, and his accession is suitably referred to by the Dewan, Mr. Kalianrae Jetha Bakshi. Incidentally, however, the account of the happenings between the death of the late Maharaja Shri Sir Kesharisingbji in February 1901, and the accession of the present Maharaja in February last reveal some of the peculiarities of proceedings in Native States. During the interregnum between the demise of the late Chief, the birth and death of his posthumus heir, and the recognition of Sir Pertab Singh, intrigue by the various claimants to the succession was rife. "People" says the Minister who directed affairs along with the British Administrator, "could not be sure which of them might or might not be their future master. Irresponsible and unscrupulous partizans were not wanting in their attempts to throw out random aspersions". And he adds with delightful directness "measures had to be adopted to stop their mouths, which were necessarily irksome to the innocent". Whatever those measures were, they were apparently taken without much respect of persons. We are also told that in the interest of harmony here and there one or the other had to be watched or removed to a safe distance. The euphemisms of a Dewan are interesting, but it is to be hoped that the measures which are complacently described as irksome to the innocent were not of a nature to justify condemnation.

THE LAND SETTLEMENT IN SOUTH AFRICA.

ALREADY a great deal has been done towards the settlement of British farmers on the land in Orange River Colony. The Lieutenant Governor has now at his disposal 3,000 acres of land, and this he is increasing daily by purchases and by the acquisition of leases which have lapsed since the conclusion of the war. This is of course a very small area when it is remembered what huge tracts are necessary for the successful carrying on of pasture farms in South Africa, but it shows that the Government are anxious and willing to meet the importunate demands for farms from prospective settlers. Many colonials and others who took part in the campaign have already settled down on their farms, and have made a good commencement towards a prosperous career in the new colonies. But the Government have still before them three thousand applications, and this number is increasing every day. Most of these applicants too have capital, and are willing to pay well for the advantages which will be offered to them. In view of this enormous demand for the land, and the prospect of heavy immigration into South Africa for some years to come, Government have wisely decided to lease out the land in small quantities. Owing to the prodigal and careless habits of the Boer farmer the land has been allowed to degenerate until small farms do not provide pasturage for an adequate quantity of stock to enable the farmer to make a decent profit, but Government have decided to overcome this difficulty by the institution of extensive irrigation works. Before the war many farmers who were sufficiently wealthy took steps to secure proper irrigation for their lands, and their effort were rewarded by a very encouraging returns in the way of increased pasturage. It is fairly certain then that by means of irrigation this scheme of small farms will be successfully carried out. One very gratifying feature to be noted in the Government programme in respect of South African immigration is that relating to the indigent classes of the British Isles, who have not enough capital either to pay their passage out or to settle on a a farm upon their arrival in South Africa, but who would be very ready to emigrate and would make excellent colonists, were facilities offered them for entering upon a colonial life. It is proposed to assist such persons by special terms in all cases where opportunities offer, and where they can prove their bona-fides. The farms are to be let on lease, the purchasing price being 30 years' rent, the first year's rent being remitted.

AT the High Court, yesterday, the Hon. Mr. Justice Crowe and the Hon. Mr. Justice Batty delivered judgment on an appeal filed by Mr. Bal Gungadhar Tilak and others against a decision given by the Hon. Mr. H. F. Aston, as District Judge of Poona, revoking the probate granted to the appellants as executors of Vasudeo Pundit. Their lordships allowed the appeal and reversed the order of Mr. Aston. Their Lordships also delivered judgment on a rule nisi which was granted in April last for a stay of criminal proceedings against Mr. Bal Gangadhar Tilak on charges of perjury, making and using false documents, and making a false complaint to a magistrate. Their Lordships discharged the rule allowing the proceedings to go on.

THE goods traffic on the B. B. & C. I. Railway, for the week ending 26th July, shows a decrease on the corresponding week of 1901 of 170,106 maunds and Rs. 16,465 in the earnings.

OUT of the funds provided by Mr. Devaraj Urs Bahadur's charity, a number of scholarships have been founded by the Durbar of Mysore exclusively for the purpose of female education, and chiefly for widows of different castes. The scholarships range from Rs. 2 to Rs. 5 and are eligible only for the lower standards. Widows of different castes have already applied for the scholarships. The step taken by the Durbar is a good example to other Hindu States in India.

THE trade journal "Petroleum" states "on good authority" that the London Brighton and South Coast Railway Company has decided to accept the offer of a London Oil Company to supply liquid fuel in considerable quantities for a large number of engines which are to be equipped with oil-burning appliances. "The contract covers a period of five years, and the number of engines to be altered will depend on the ability of the firm to deliver the oil in the quantities required. This is most important news. There will shortly be three Railway Companies using oil fuel as a motive power. Of these, the Great Eastern Railway Company pioneered this movement. The North-Eastern Railway Company recently decided to give oil fuel a trial, and the London Brighton and South Coast Railway makes the third concern in the important business transaction."

EVERY military man who has seen service knows how difficult it sometimes is in the field to distinguish a Staff Officer from the numerous departmental officers, and how much inconvenience this uncertainty may occasionally give rise to. A Commanding Officer, let us suppose, is confronted by a new and urgent situation and requires precise instructions: he sends out an orderly to find a Staff Officer—in the distance, a mile or more away, there may be described an officer wearing the well-known Staff forage cap. The orderly has a hard gallop to the place, only to find on arrival that the supposed Staff Officer is a Transport man looking after the bullocks, or a Commissariat man arranging about rations. To meet the needs of the case a General Order is about to issue from the Commander-in-Chief laying down that only certain officers, to be specified, may in future wear the Staff forage cap when on field service.

A REUTER'S telegram dated Johannesburg, July 29, states that Mr. Scott, the correspondent of the "Manchester Courier," who was run over and killed on the railway, was followed to his grave at Elandsfontein by all his colleagues, representing many English newspapers. His sad death, just before starting for home, after service from the commencement of the war, is sincerely mourned. His genial and kindly qualities endeared him greatly to all who knew him.

THE nimble newsboy must look to his ways. There are those who want to "regulate" him by licensing his calling, and they contend the process will redound to his advantage. At present children are often sent into the streets to earn money for thriftless and drunken parents. Mr. Councillor Morgan, of Merthyr Tydvil, told the Congress for the Welfare of Children how a girl made three shillings out of a halfpenny in one afternoon. She was sent out about midday with a penny, and first of all bought a half penny worth of rice pudding for herself. Then she invested the other halfpenny in "c'gar lights" at a tobacconist's. These she sold, and with the money received purchased more, continuing this business until she had made three shillings. No wonder that bad parents send children into the streets to work for them at this rate. Mr. Robert Peacock told how successful juvenile street traders in Manchester were, but said that as they grow older they find it more difficult to make a living on the streets, for adult street hawkers are not nearly so successful as juvenile hawkers.

THE REIGN OF AMERICAN TERROR

TRUSTS, TARIFFS, AND SLEEPY BRITONS.

MR. FRED. A. Mackenzie is overwhelmed by the success of American industries, but one cannot rise from a reading of his book—"The American Invaders"—without feeling that he is a little "alarmist" in his views. The following paragraph may be taken as an indication of the spirit of the book:—In the domestic life we have almost got to this. The average citizen wakes in the morning at the sound of an American alarm clock; rises from his New England sheets, and shaves with his New York soap, and a Yankee safety razor. He pulls on a pair of Boston boots over his socks from West Carolina, fastens his Connecticut braces, slips his Waterbury watch into his pocket and sits down to breakfast. Then he congratulates his wife on the way her Illinois straight-front corset sets off her Massachusetts blouse, and begins to tackle his breakfast, at which he eats bread made from prairie flour (possibly doctored on the special establishment on the Lakes), tinned oysters from Baltimore, and a little Kansas City bacon, while his wife plays with a slice of Chicago ox tongue. The children are given Quaker oats.

Concurrently he reads his morning paper, set up by American machines, printed with American ink, by American presses, on American paper, edited possibly by a smart journalist from New York City, and sub-edited with as close an approach to American brevity and verve as English pressmen can achieve, advertising its American edition of some classical novels or gigantic encyclopædia, which is distributed among the subscribers on the American instalment system.

Rising from his breakfast table, the citizen rushes out, catches an electric tram made in New York, to Shepherd's Bush, where he gets into a Yankee elevator, which takes him on to the American-fitted railway to the city. At his office of course everything is American. He sits on a Nebraskan swivel chair, before a Michigan roll-top desk, writes his letters on a Syracuse typewriter, signing them with a New York fountain pen, and drying them with a blotting sheet from New England. The letter copies are put away in files manufactured in Grand Rapids.

At lunch time he hastily swallows some cold roast beef that comes from the Mid-West cow, and flavours it with Pittsburg pickles, followed by a few Delaware tinned peaches, and then soothes his mind with a couple of Virginian cigarettes.

When evening comes he seeks relaxation at the latest Adelphi melodrama or Drury Lane startler, both made in America, or goes to a more frivolous theatre, controlled by the great American Trust, where he hears the latest American musical comedy, acted by young ladies and thin men with pronounced nasal accents. For relief he drinks a cocktail or some Californian wine, and finishes up with a couple of "little liver pills," made in America.

A WAR OF TARIFFS.

Mr. Mackenzie, after sketching the Americans' plan of campaign, and referring to the power of the trusts, says:—But the main weapon in the hands of the American invaders is yet to be used. Eleven years ago America practically destroyed our import manufacturing trade to her by creating a high tariff. The protected American manufacturers were able to pull themselves together and to secure higher prices owing to the practical penalising of our goods. Now American-manufactured goods are able to stand on their own merits, for America can produce at less cost than we can. But the heads of the Republican party, in other words the great manufacturers, have no intention of throwing away the commercial weapon which this high tariff has given them. They will go in, not for free trade, but for reciprocal trade advantages. They will auction tariff concessions for tariff favours, and before many years our manufacturers will find that American dealers have secured special customs and rebates in many lands; for the American business man believes in getting all the advantages he can. The United States Government holds trade to be worth studying and worth building up, and the trader is the great man. Reciprocity will be the key-note of American politics to-morrow, as protection was yesterday.

STARTLING FIGURES.

The author of "The American Invaders," does not deal with assertions only. He quotes official figures to show how American industries are progressing. The boot trade may be given as a good example. Although American boots have been decried, and perhaps justly so, they have come more and more into use. In January of this year, says Mr. Mackenzie, American boots and shoes to the value of £32,000 were sent to the United Kingdom, as against £23,000 in January, 1901. In April they came to £53,600, as against £45,000 in 1901. For the ten months ending April their value was £335,900, as against £229,000 in the corresponding period ending April, 1901, and £143,100 in 1900. In January and February British exports of British boots and shoes declined from 121,011 dozen in the same time in 1901, to 116,022 dozen. Nothing but the abnormal demand in South Africa prevented the decline being more marked, for there were decreases shown under every heading in the British official returns except South Africa and "other countries." How is it that the Americans have been able to take from us an appreciable section of our home trade, and still more of our foreign, at a time when our well-stocked factories are partly closed? Much is undoubtedly due to the fact that American boots are finer and more stylish than English wares at corresponding prices. They fit better, and Americans can study their customers in a way which English makers up to quite recently did not do. For instance, they provide half sizes and will give half a dozen widths as a matter of course.

A very similar state of affairs is found in the steel industry, the author continues. "In five years the American output of steel has increased between two and threefold. In 1896 the total output was 5,218,606 tons; last year the figures had risen to 13,369,611 tons. Our output was less than five million tons."

THE AMERICAN A HARD WORKER.

Mr. Mackenzie deals with the cause of American success and we take several quotations to show his opinion:—

One thing must not be forgotten. The American business man works harder and works longer than his average English competitor. This is true of almost every grade in the industrial army. Here in England when a man has made a respectable competency he, as a rule, rests on his oars and thinks prosperity an excuse for ease. The American business man, on the contrary, works harder the higher he rises; and though you may find the wives and daughters of the great Transatlantic industrial kings spending their days in leisured ease, you find the kings themselves, as a rule, with a long-distance telephone at their ears and a couple of stenographers at their elbows. The head of an English business thinks he does well if he reaches his office by ten in the morning: the American is before his desk at eight. The English workman limits his output: the American prides himself on working his machines to their utmost capacity.

"Driving" is the rule in American industry. The foreman or "ganger" there is not a sort of caretaker of the workman's interest, but a watchman for the master's. He sees, as it is his business to see, that every man is kept at the utmost point of exertion during the whole of his working hours. Admittedly there are many evil sides to "driving." It means that the weaklings go to the wall, that the indifferent workers are ruthlessly thrown on one side, that the delicate are crushed, and that right quickly. It means hard times for the strong, and no mercy for the weak. But between the "driving" of an American steel mill and the happy-go-lucky methods of an old-fashioned London office there are intermediate stages.

SUICIDAL BRITISH WORKMEN.

If only the British workman would wake up and see that his idiotic habits are in great measure responsible for trade having left these shores, all might be well. Although Mr. Mackenzie does not think the workers altogether to blame, it is quite evident that he places a considerable part of the responsibility on their shoulders. He says:—It is easy wholly to blame the British workman for our retrogression. It is not the workman, but the limitations under which he labours that are to blame. American employers declare with one voice that the English mechanic when he crosses the Atlantic takes rank with the German as the finest and most reliable worker.

(Concluded on page 6.)

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE AGITATION IN FRANCE.

TROOPS BREAK INTO CONVENTS.

RESISTANCE BY THE PEOPLE.

ANOTHER OFFICER ARRESTED.

LONDON, AUGUST. 18.

Thousands of peasants resisted the closing of the convent schools in three towns in Finisterre. The troops were compelled to breach the doors in order to expel the garrisons of peasants who sang hymns and threw filth at the besiegers.

LONDON, AUGUST 19.

Another officer has been imprisoned in a fortress for refusing to participate in the expulsion of the nuns at Donarnenez.

THE FLEET AT PORTSMOUTH.

EVOLUTIONS STOPPED BY BAD WEATHER.

LONDON, AUGUST 18.

A gale with mist and torrents of rain compelled the abandonment of the evolutions of the fleet, which steamed out to sea past the Royal yacht stationed near the Nab Lightship, and dispersed.

THE BOER GENERALS.

GRATIFIED WITH THEIR RECEPTION.

WHY THEY DID NOT SEE THE REVIEW.

The Boer Generals sailed from the Thames in a Dutch steamer to the Hague, but intend to return to London soon.

LONDON, AUGUST 19.

The Boer Generals have issued a statement greatly appreciating their reception in London. The invitation to the Review was declined solely because they had no time to obtain suitable clothes. They were extremely pleased at having the opportunity to pay their respects to the King on Sunday, when they had made the necessary purchases.

THE SHAH IN LONDON.

CORDIAL RECEPTION.

STATE BANQUET AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE.

LONDON, AUGUST, 18.

The Shah has arrived in London. He was received by the Prince of Wales and drove in state to Marlborough House, escorted by Life Guards by a circuitous route. which was lined with troops. The Shah was cheered by the crowds who saw him drive past.

LONDON, AUGUST 19.

A State Banquet in honour of the Shah was given yesterday evening at Buckingham Palace. The Prince of Wales represented the King.

Among those present were Mr. Balfour, Lord George Hamilton, Lord Lansdowne, and other Ministers, Lord Roberts and Lord Kitchener. Several papers print articles, hoping that the Shah's visit will lead to a definite Persian policy which will avert a repetition of the Port Arthur humiliation, and protect our commercial and strategic interests.

DEPARTURE OF FOREIGN WARSHIPS.

The Japanese and other warships have sailed homeward.

THE KING'S HOSPITAL FUND.

THE MAHARAJA OF GWALIOR'S GIFT.

The King has sent to his Hospital Fund ten thousand pounds, the gift of the Maharajah of Gwalior.

VOLCANIC ERUPTION IN THE PACIFIC.

AN ISLAND POPULATION WIPED OUT.

The whole population consisting of 150 personson the Guano island Torishema, to the northward of the Bonin islands, has been overwhelmed by a volcanic eruption.

SOUTH BELFAST ELECTION.

The result of the South Belfast election is as follows :—

Mr. Sloan, Independent Unionist, 3,795 votes, Mr. Buller Official Unionist 2,969.

The election was to fill the place of the late Mr. Johnstone of Ballykilbeg.

[The names of several possible candidates for the election appear in the papers received by the last mail, but neither of the gentlemen who went to the poll are mentioned. A number of well-known men were approached but declined to stand. The late Mr. Johnsone had been returned unopposed at several elections including the last.]

ARD PATRICK.

The scratching of Ard Patrick for the St. Leger is denied.

RETIREMENT OF MR. SCHWAB.

THE TOO STRENUOUS LIFE.

STEEL MAGNATE'S BREAKDOWN.

Mr. Schwab, President of the Steel Trust, has retired owing to broken health.

[The following message relative to the illness of Mr. Schwab was dated New York, July 27th:—Mr. Charles M. Schwab, the President of the United States Steel Corporation, was taken suddenly ill yesterday while driving with his wife and mother at Atlantic City, and is now in a serious condition.

Mr. Schwab was passing through one of the most fashionable parts of Atlantic City behind his famous £4,000 bays, when he complained of feeling faint. Almost immediately after he swooned away, and when he regained consciousness fell into a fit.

He was moved into a house near by, and doctors were hastily summoned. They pronounced his heart very weak, and said he was suffering from nervous prostration, brought on by overwork and by his anxiety over the pending suits against the Morgan Trust. If the patient is to recover, he must have absolute rest, and it is thought probable he will be compelled in consequence to resign the presidency of the Steel Trust.]

THE OPERATIONS AGAINST THE MAD MULLAH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 19.

In connection with the disturbance created by [illegible] incursion of the Mad Mullah, arrangements are [illegible]g made to conve five officers and three hundred [illegible] of the King's African Rifles from Aden to [illegible]bers.

TRANSPORT IONIAN.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUG. 19.

The following officers are on the Transport Ionian for India :—

G. Battery, Horse Artillery: Captain Gosling, Lieutenants Cunningham and Sharbrooke. 6th D. Gs.: Major Hamilton; Captains Kirby, Home, Bickford and Watson; Lieutenants Webster, Sadler, Jones, Ker, Duncombe, Dockray, Waterhouse, Gwyer, and Knight Vety-Lieutenant Brown. 1st Essex, Lieutenant-Colonel Wood, Majors Carter, Nason, and Spencer; Captains Battley and Tuffuell; Lieutenant Rasch, Whitmore, Neave, Hamilton, Pattisson, Strickland, Pratt, and Willis. R. A. M. Corps: Major R. I. Power-Jahnston; Lieutenants Adderly, J. Powell and Uwin. 1st East Yorkshire: Lieutenant Watson.

TRANSPORTS CLIVE, UGANDA, AND PENTAKOTA.

The Transport Clive with the 14th Sikhs left Singapore on the 17th and arrives at Calcutta on the 24th inst.

The Transport Uganda disembarked the 33rd Burma Infantry at Hongkong last Saturday, and has gone on to Taku.

The Transport Pentakota takes up the remainder of the programme of the disabled Jelunga.

INQUIRY INTO LOSS OF S. S. DEEPDALE

CALCUTTA, AUGUST, 19.

The Government of Bengal ordered a Marine Court of Inquiry to investigate the circumstances attending the loss of the steamer Deepdale on the 6th instant with its attendant loss of life.

PROTEST AGAINST CLOSING MINT.

The Anglo-Indian Defence Association of Calcutta hava addressed the Government of India, supporting the protest of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce against the closing of the Calcutta Mint.

THE MYSORE COUNCIL.

ADDRESS BY THE MAHARAJA.

BANGALORE, AUGUST 19.

The Maharaja of Mysore presided at his first Council at the palace at Mysore yesterday, since his installation last week, and addressed the councillors as follows :—

Weare once again in Mysore at the beginning of a new experiment. Whether that experiment is a success or the reverse will depend greatly on you. No human institution can be perfect, and the new scheme of administration will no doubt disclose defects of one kind and another. As the fruit of the labours of my Dewan aided by the advice of my good friend, the Resident, I myself hope and expect much from it, and it is my earnest desire that it should succeed. It cannot be expected that you will always agree with one another, or that I shall always agree with you; it may be that at times you may feel some soreness individually or even collectively at being overruled; at such times I ask you to give credit to those who disagree with you for being actuated by the same sense of public duty as yourselves, and to reflect that in giving your honest opinion and urging it to the utmost of your power, you have done your duty and retained your self-respect. I ask you to banish any sense of resentment and to address yourselves to the next question before you with undiminished courage and goodwill.

The Dewan thanked theMaharaja for the encouraging assurances of support and sympathy, and said he felt assured of the hearty co-operation of the councillors, and hoped his Highness's administration may prove an unqualified success, and be productive of lasting happiness to his subjects.

ROWING AT POONA.

PRELIMINARY HEATS.

POONA, AUGUST 19.

The preliminary heats for the scratch regatta were rowed of this afternoon at Rosherville. Some exciting finishes were witnessed, especially in the Ladies' Sculls and Scratch Fours. The finals will be rowed to-morrow.

THE LADIES' SCULLS.—1-4 mile.

First Heat: Mrs. Phelips and Miss Price, proved a dead heat. The former led nearly the whole way, when eventually Miss Price came up with rush and caused a dead heat.—Time 2 minutes, 24 seconds.

Second Heat: Miss Henderson first, Mrs. Price second. Won by half-a-length.—Time 2 minutes, 3 1-2 seconds.

The finals remained between Mrs. Phelips, Miss Price and Miss Henderson.

THE SCRATCH FOURS.—Half mile.

First Heat: Between Mounted Infantry and Gymkhana. The former took a long lead and maintained it till the end, winning by one and-a-half lengths.—Time 3 minutes, 31 seconds.

Second Heat: Royal Engineers vs. Kirkee. The race was a good one, both kept in line together. The Engineers won eventually by a quarter length.—Time 3 minutes, 21 seconds.

The finals will be rowed to-morrow between the Mounted Infantry and the Royal Engineers.

THE MIXED SCULLS.—Quarter Mile.

First Heat: Three boats entered. Won by Mrs. Collins's boat by a length from Miss Henderson.—Time 2 minutes, 2 seconds.

Second Heat: Miss Price's boat won by a length.—Time 2 minutes 3 seconds.

The finals will be rowed to-morrow between Miss Price and Capt. Ross, Mrs. Collins and Capt. Dorgon.

SKIFFS.—Quarter Mile.

First Heat: Won by Capt. Ross by a length, Mr. Harraus hugged the off shore too closely and bumped against it. Time 1 minute, 47 seconds.

PLAGUE IN POONA DISTRICT.

There were 29 cases and 20 death within last half week in Poona District. In Kalad 11 cases 10 deaths, Amal 11 cases 5 deaths, and Utar 7 cases 5 deaths.

GENERAL VENTRIS GOES TO SIMLA.

General Ventris, Commanding Poona District, goes to Simla on special duty. Colonel Banister Commanding Kirkee, will act for him.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

The proposal to transfer the station of Ahmednagar from the charge of the Bombay Public Works Department to that of the Military Works Services has been negatived by the Government of India on financial grounds.

There will be a good deal of skilled engineering work to be done a little later on in connection with the arrangements of the Delhi Durbar Camp, and in order to meet this demand two companies of Sappers and Miners, the 4th Bengal and the 4th Bombay have been ordered to proceed to Delhi a month hence.

Colonel W. E. G. Forbes is appointed Assistant Adjutant-General, Madras District, vice Brigadier-General Plowden, confirmed in the command of a Second Class District. Colonel Forbes is to be considered as having joined the appointment on the 23rd ultimo, the date from which General Plowden was confirmed, but continues to officiate as Assistant Adjutant-General, Madras Command, Headquarters until relieved.

Nursing Sisters L. M. Robinson, J. Campbell, F. J. Harris and L. E. Lingard and officiating Lady Superintendent, M. L. Hayes are granted one year's leave outside India, as a preliminary to re-engagement for a further period of five years in the Indian Army Nursing Service.

Lieutenant Willis, R. E. has been nominated to supervise the working of traction engines in connection with the Commissariat arrangements at the Delhi Coronation Durbar.

The following are the Native Cavalry reliefs :—

First Bengal Lancers, Lucknow, to Jhansi; 2nd Lancers, Nowshera, to Fyzabad; 4th Lancers, Loralai, to Allahabad; 6th Cavalry, Nowgong, to Lucknow; 7th Lancers, Fyzabad, to Ferozepore; 8th Lancers, Bareilly, to Nowshera; 14th Lancers, Allahabad, to Bareilly; 15th Lancers, Ferozepore, to Sialkot; 18th Lancers, to Nowgong; 3rd Punjab Cavalry, Kohat Kurrum, to Nowshera; 1st Madras Lancers, Bellary, to Secunderabad. 2nd Madras Lancers, Secunderabad, to Bellary; 1st Bombay Lancers, Poona, to Deesa, Rajkot; 2nd Bombay, Lancers, Deesa, Rajkot, to Loralai; 3rd Bombay Cavalry, Sirar, to Poona; 5th Bombay Cavalry, Jacobabad, to Quetta, 6th Bombay Cavalry, Fort Sandeman, to Jacobabad; 7th Bombay Lancers, Quetta, to Fort Sandeman.

BOMBAY ARRIVALS, AUGUST 19.—Searle, Capt, Bo 9th Infr, on station leave from Ahmedabad.

Irvine, Capt, Bo I. M. S., from leave from England.

England, Major, Bo R. F. A., on transfer from England.

Spitteler, Lieut, Bo I. M. S., on leave from Aden.

Stewart, Capt, Bo I. M. S., on leave from Karachi.

Barclay, Col, Bo I. S. C., on leave from Poona.

Grant, Lt. Col. Punj, 1st Cameronians, from leave from England.

White, Lt, 47th Sikhs, from leave from England.

Wynch, Major, Punj, I. S. C., on leave from Gilgit.

Glasgow, Capt, Punj. the Queen's, from leave from Austrelia.

Hughes-Hallet, Lt, Beng, R. A., on transfer from Mauritius.

Willoughby, Lt, Beng, 1st E. Surrey Regt, proceeding to East Africa from Lucknow.

O'Donnell, Lt. Col, Beng, 39 Garhwal Rifles from furlough from England.

Morris, Lt. Col, Beng R. A. M. C., from leave from England.

Furnivall, Capt, Beng. R. F. A., from leave from England.

Shakespear, Major, Beng. 6th Cavalry, from leave from England.

Anderson, Major, Beng. 3rd Infantry, from leave from England.

Jones, Capt, Beng R. F. A., from leave from England.

Mears, Capt, Beng 8th Lancers, from leave from England.

Harvey-Kelly, M. S., Supdt. Army Clothing, on duty to Madras.

DEPARTURES, AUGUST 19.—Searle, Capt, Bo, 9th Inft, on station leave to Poona.

Stewart, Capt, Bo I. M. S., on leave to England.

Spitteler, Lt, Bo I. M. S. off leave to Bangalore.

Burt, Capt, Bo 2nd York and Lanc, Regt on leave to England.

Barclay, Col, Bo I. S. C. on retirement to England.

Morris. Lt Col, Beng R. A. M. C., from leave to Calcutta.

Ellis, Lt, Beng. 2nd Border Regt. on leave to England.

Carr, Lt, Beng 5th D. Guards, on leave to England.

O'Donnell, Lt Col. Beng. 39th Garhwal Rifles. from furlough to Lansdowne.

Maurice, Capt, Beng. R. A. M. C., on leave to England.

Hughes-Hallett, Lt, Beng R. A., on duty to Calcutta.

Glynton, Lt, Beng 23rd Gurkhas, from leave to Pachmari.

Wynch, Major, Punj I. S C, on leave to England,

Haywood, Capt, Punj R. A, on transfer to Gibraltar.

Glasgow, Capt, Punj The Queen's, to rejoin Regt. to Murree Hills.

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

TORPEDO NETS USELESS.

LONDON, August 2.—The "Pall Mall Gazette" is responsible for the statement that it has been demonstrated that well-directed shells are capable of destroying torpedo nets, and that the Admiralty have, consequently, decided to abandon the use of the latter as a protection to British warships against torpedoes.

MADAME MELBA'S ENTHUSIASTIC "SEND-OFF"

ON HER TOUR TO THE STATES.

London, August 2—Madame Melba and her Convent Garden Concert Company were tendered an immense "send-off" at the Euston railway station yesterday on the occasion of their departure for America. Among those present to bid farewell to the prima dona were the Duke and Duchess of Abercorn, the Earl and Countess of Hardwicke, the Earl and Countess of Kilmorey, Lady Feodorowna Sturt, Sir Lewis Molesworth, Mr. Alfred de Rothschild, Mr. and Mrs. W. Harvey Armstrong, of Sydney, Lady Lister Kave, and Mrs. Arthur Paget. Gifts of fruit and flowers were sent by Sir Thomas Lipton, Lord Rothschild and the Countess of Warwick. The King sent Madame Melba a farewell message through the Prince of Wales, Mr. Alfred de Rothschild presented Madame with a diamond and turquoise necklet.

THE WESLEYAN "HERESY" CASE.

DR. BEET RE-ELECTED.

London, Aug. 2.—The Rev. Joseph Agar Beet has been re-appointed Professer of Systematic Theology at the Wesleyan College, Richmond, 329 votes being cast for him as against 235 given to the Rev. Mr. Lockyer. The Committee blamed Dr. Beet for having committed an error of judgment in publishing his book. They suggested that he should refrain from such teaching in furture and should not publish anything on the subject without consent. Dr. Beet promised to do as the committee suggested.

THE RELIGIOUS TROUBLES IN FRANCE.

Paris, Aug. 3.—The Socialists have made a manifestation in favour of the application of the law in regard to the Congregations.

Marseilles, Aug. 3.—M. Pelletan at a banquet confirmed the policy of all Republicans against Clericalism.

Grenoble, Aug. 3.—M. de Miribel, son of the General of that name, twice smashed the seals of the school of Montbonnot. He has been arrested.

The persons reponsible for the manifestation at the Solaise school received the commissary with a shower of stones and he was obliged to retire.

THE FAR EAST.

THE BOXER RISING.

PREACHER MURDERED.

The Chengtu, Szechuan, correspondent of the "North China Daily News," writing on the 28th June says :—

On the night of the 18th, or rather early on the morning of the 19th, a fearful tragedy occurred in the bounds of Tzeyaoghsien distant from that city about 80 li, at a place called "T'ienkuch'ioa." This is not a village. The farmers in Szechuan live on their farms, and as these are small it brings houses often close together. At this country place the Methodist Episcopal Church had a church with forty members and over 80 probationers, most of whom belong to the Wu family. A native preacher named Chu Chen-yuen was stationed there. He was an unmarried, highly-respected man of about fifty years. Some time after midnight of the 18th a band of Boxers swooped down on this church, brutally murderer the preacher, who refused to flee though he had five minutes' warning from a neighbour who heard the band coming. His body was hacked, and head, hands and feet carried away, the church burned, and eight of the neighbouring farm houses burned and six other persons killed. Over seventy persons are rendered homeless; nothing like this has ever happened to any Protestant church in the west. During the next day Boxers came from various quarters and taking refuge in one of the many fortresses, or cities of refuge that abound in this part, were able for some days to defy the authorities. Troops were sent from the capital under one Chou, who in the riots of 1895 put out the proclamation saying he had evidence the foreigners were kidnaping children and was afterwards degraded for this. He is desirous of regaining his rank. On the 20th a battle was fought, and the Boxers were driven from this fortress with losses in killed and captives. They have taken refuge in another fortress. The situation is extremely critical. The drought is such as the oldest inhabitant does not remember its like. Rice will be only a third of a crop. The spring crops were failures. A slight rain has enabled the farmers in some districts to put out the sweet potatoes. With drought and impending famine the Boxers are multiplying rapidly, also bands of people in hundreds are roaming about seizing food when they can find it. The officials in some part are giving way to the lawless, others are striving to do their duty; but the outlook is bad. Copious showers that would save the sweet potato crop would held to give quiet. It is possible that the horrors of North China are to be repeated here in the West. For foreigners to leave their posts for safer places would precipitate a crisis that the officials could not control. Apparently the officials in the city are desirous of giving protection to all foreigners and all peaceful citizens, Christians or non-Christians, but they may not be able to do so if the drought continues.

SHIPPING DISASTER IN MALACCA STRAITS.

NINETY LIVES LOST.

Singapore. July 30.—A collision occurred in the Straits of Malacca on July 29 between the Dutch mail steamer "Prins Alexander" and the British steamer "Ban Hin Guan." The Prins Alexander sank, and the Chief Officer, First Engineer, and ninety of the passengers and crew were drowned. Twenty persons, including the captain, were saved by the Ban Hin Guan. The "Ban Hin Guan," which was badly damaged, was towed into Singapore and beached.

The "Ban Hin Guan" (formerly known as the "Krishna") is a steamer of 449 tons, belonging to Lim Ho Puah, at Singapore. She was built in 1878. The 'Prins Alexander' is an iron screw three-masted steamer of 3052 tons. She was built by Messrs. J. Elder and Co., Glasgow, in 1881. She is registered at Amsterdam. It appears that the Prins Alexander and the Ban Hin Guan were steaming at their normal rates of speed, whilst the chief officer of each was on watch. Apparently the Prins Alexander tried to cross the Ban Hin Guan's bows from the starboard side and it was not till the ships were close together that the Ban Hin Guan reversed her engines and the Prins Alexander ported her helm in order to glide off to starboard. It would seem that the rudder or steering gear did not work quickly enough, and as a result the break of the forecastle of the Alexander came with tremendous force against the stem of the Ban Hin Guan. The damage done by the impact was such that in less than five minutes the Prins Alexander was under water whilst the Ban Hin Guan is said to have positively rebounded from the shock. A man who was present states that the sunken vessel went down when distant about 8 or 9 fathoms from the port bow of the Ban Hin Guan. The last named vessel at once lowered her boats and from the time of the collision (4-15 a.m.) till about 11'30 a. m. was engaged in picking people up out of the water and effecting temporary repairs to her own damages. Her bows were so badly stove in from her fore-foot upwards that planks had to be got up from the hole and sawn into lengths, and a cofferdam formed and placed in position. In this work all sorts of cargo, such as bags of rice, etc., had to be brought into use, whilst, in order to lighten the forepart of the vessel which was making water rapidly, much more of the cargo, such as live pigs, rice, etc., had to be jettisoned.

The bows of the Ban Hin Guan present an extraordinary sight indeed as she lay beached at Tanjong Rhu, the plates being twisted and bent into the most fantastic shapes just as though they were made of paper.

Captain Scott, of the Ban Hin Guan, has some hopes that Messrs. Schwartz, McIntyre and Norris and many of the natives may have been saved. He says that they may have got ashore by boat, as Captain Moss did, but not knowing the coast very well, may have landed somewhere and are still wandering about the country.

SIAM AND THE MALAY STATES.

ANOTHER RAJAH REPORTED KIDNAPPED.

GRAVE RUMOURS ANENT THE SULTAN OF PATANI.

It is reported from the Peninsula, says the "Straits Times", that the King of Siam has sent a steam vessel to the State of Tulobin to carry away the Rajah of that State to Singora or Bangkok. Weather he is being taken as a prisoner or goes on board a free agent, we have not been definitely informed. The Bangkok papers declared that the unfortunate Rajah of Reman who was drowned on the "Cramroen," was travelling on her by his own desire. This was untrue. In any case it is quite possible that when the Rajah of Tulobin is well in the King of Siam's power, he will be forced to sign that now notorious document which was submitted by the Siamese to the ruler of Patani and the rajahs of some of the other independent Malay States, and by virtue of which document—should he be compelled to sign it—he will forego all his hereditary prerogatives as Rajah. If the report is true, there is a semblance of the Patani scandal about the incident, not to mention the cases of Legeh and Reman, and it is regrettable to think that these Malay Rajahs allow themselves to be gulled in this way by Siamese artifices. Tulobin is only a small state, but nevertheless it has a considerable trade with Singapore. Most if not all the east coast steamers call there. It is situated between the States of Kelantan and Patani, and like those States has practically no trade intercourse with Siam. It will be interesting to note whether or not our trade will now be interfered with by the enforcing of preferential tariffs in favour of Siamese imports.

HAS THE SULTAN OF PATANI BEEN POISONED ?

A grave rumour is afloat at Patani to the effect that the hereditary Sultan of that State, who was recently kidnapped by order of the King of Siam, is now dead; and it is secretly believed among some of the Malays there that he has died of poison. This rumour, if true, comes as a surprise, and must be accepted with much hesitancy. Firstly, because the Sultan was in the prime of life and showed every evidence of being well able to live through his present trouble with the Siamese; and, secondly, because it is hardly conceivable that the imprisoned Rajah of a friendly neighbouring State should meet with so untimely an end. The whole story of Patani is more suggestive of and fitted for the Middle Ages than for our own times, and we sincerely hope, though unfortunately we do not feel too confident in the premises, that the King of Siam, for his own credit, may publish the truth of the whereabouts of this outraged potentate.

KWANGSI REBELLION.

A QUESTION OF PAY.

Wuchow correspondent writing on July 29 says :—General Su recently arrived in the Kwangsi province with an army of 10,500, men but before his plan of action was completed, about three-fourths of his men deserted and joined the rebels. The remaining loyalists comprised all the infirm and sick. General Su is said to be a man without any great ability, and given up to squandering money. He is at present trying to draw recruits from the rebels, and is offering higher wages than his soldiers have previously received.

DIVINE SERVICE.

ST. THOMAS CATHEDRAL.

Wednesday, 20th August.

6 p.m.—Evensong (Choral).

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT.

The administration report of the City Improvement Trust issued yesterday states :—Since the constitution of the Board on the 9th of November 1893, 383 miles of road have been constructed for the development of the estates vesting in the Board and in the execution of the 1st Nagpada Improvement Scheme. The completion of these roads with the filling and raising of the building sides has rendered 235,000 square yards of land available for the construction of buildings; a large part of this area represents lands suitable for the construction of buildings for the housing of persons who now cause the overcrowding complained of in the City proper. The Nagpada Improvement Scheme, which was the first one notified by the Board, has been practically completed. Considerable progress has been made in the acquisition of properties required for the Board's Scheme No. II, for opening up insanitary areas which lie to the south of the Native City. A detailed survey has been nearly completed of the northern part of the Island, extending from the Bellasis Road northwards, an area which had not previously been surveyed in detail. The experimental chawls for the housing of the poor constructed at Agripada have been completed and were in occupation during the year. A scheme for the reclamation of a large area at Colaba has been formulated and submitted to Government for sanction, and certain Police accommodation schemes have also been submitted for sanction. All the recreation grounds vested in the Board have been conserved in a suitable manner. Besides the actual execution of the works already referred to, arrangements in connection with further development of the Board's properties, the formulation of Building Byelaws, questions relating to finance and a great many other matters incidental to the Board's operations have received the attention of the Trustees.

THE BOARD'S SCHEMES.

The schemes notified up to date are as follows :—

(a) For opening out and ventilating congested parts of the native town and reconstructing insanitary areas.

Scheme I.—The First Nagpada Improvement Scheme for the First Nagpada section of E Ward. Scheme II.—Street Scheme from Queen's Road to the Carnac Bridge for the Chakla, Market and Dhobi Talao sections of C Ward. Scheme III.—Street Scheme from Queen's Road to Elphinstone Bridge for Chaopati and Khetwadi Sections of D Ward, Khara Talao and Kumbarwada Sections of C Ward and the Umarkhadi and Dongri Sections of B Ward. Scheme VIII.—Improvement Scheme for the Mandvi Koliwada Section of B Ward. Notified during the year.

(b) For providing additional building areas to relieve over-crowding in congested parts. Scheme IV.—Gowalia Thank Scheme for the Walkeshwar and Chaopati Sections of D Ward. Scheme V.—Dadar-Matunga Scheme for the Sion and Mahim Sections of F and G Wards. Scheme VI.—Matunga-Sion Scheme for the Sion Section of F Ward. Scheme VII.—Colaba Reclamation Scheme for the Lower Colaba Section of A Ward. Submitted during the year.

Of these Schemes No. I was sanctioned by Government during 1899-1900. Nos. II and IV during 1900-1901 and parts of Nos. III and V during the year under review.

Dealing with the acquisition of properties under Scheme No. I the report says:—

The total area of the land acquired under the awards is 63,807 square yards, and the total amount of awards as follows :—Acquired by private agreement Rs. 4,95,310, through the Court 8,92,420 total Rs. 13,87,730. This gives an average rate of Rs. 20·17 per square yard of land with buildings thereon. The gross Municipal assessed annual value of the properties was Rs. 1,07,760 so that the average purchase price comes to 12·87 times the gross annual value.

From the properties thus acquired the Board have realized from rentals Rs. 10,166 and by the sale of materials of the old buildings Rs. 97,462, equivalent to an average of 14·39 of the estimated value of the buildings at the time of purchase. Four out of the six chawls at Agripada, sanctioned by the Board in December 1899, were completed at a cost of Rs.1,64 195 inclusive of paving and draining the court-yard, against the proportionate amount of the sanctioned estimate of Rs. 1,67,416. The chawls were opened for occupation by the poorer classes on the 5th August 1901 since which time out of a total number of 294 rooms available an average monthly number of 237 rooms have been occupied, the average number of tenants being 807 adults and 130 children under 12 years of age. The construction of other chawls both within and outside the Nagpada area is under the consideration of the Board.

The Main Road and Cross Road No. I have been completed, the construction of the other roads and passages is well advanced, but their completion has been delayed owing to some of the properties on the lines of roads not having been acquired.

The expenditure during the year on the new roads and passages compared with the sanctioned estimate has been as follows :—

	Expenditure.	Sanctioned estimates.
	Rs.	Rs.
Main Road and Cross Road No. I	30,749	35,090
Remaining Roads and Passages	11,015	38,676
Total ...	41,764	73,766

Building By-laws, restrictions and regulations have been sanctioned by the Board for the area and a model indicating the working of same has been made.

SCHEME II.—QUEEN'S ROAD TO CARNAC BRIDGE, C WARD.

This scheme was undertaken with a view to provide a much-needed thoroughfare required both for traffic and for the ventilation of the principal business parts of the City proper, incidentally also it undertakes by means of cross and other roads to remove some of the most insanitary areas in Dhobi-Talao, Patak, Autoba and Manajan Wadies, localities which have hitherto been the foci from which epidemics have spread through the City.

During the year under review the whole of the properties included in the scheme have been surveyed and measured up, and 279 plans of the properties have been submitted to the Special Collector for acquisition purposes. The Special Collector has opened 199 cases, of which 98 are still pending and 101 closed. Out of the 101 cases closed awards have been made in 73. The total area of the land acquired under the awards is 11 51 2·27 sq. yds. and the total amount of the awards is as follows :—

Acquired by private agreement Rs. 85,877, acquired through the Court Rs. 2,16,703, total Rs. 3,02,580:

This gives a rate of Rs. 26·23 per sq. yd. of land, including buildings. The gross Municipal assessed annual value of the properties acquired was Rs. 25,522, so that the price paid averages 11·85 times the gross annual value. From the properties thus acquired the Board have realized from rentals Rs. 2,175 and by sale of materials of the old buildings Rs. 5,130, equivalent to an average of 19·45 per cent. of the estimated value of the building at the time of purchase.

SCHEME III.—QUEEN'S ROAD TO ELPHINSTONE BRIDGE, B C AND D WARDS.

The Scheme was undertaken with a view to driving an East and West road through the heart of the City extending from Back Bay to the Port Trust Estate on the margin of the harbour. The Main Road of the scheme passes through some of the most densely populated ad insanitary areas in the City and will admit the westerly breeze to thickly crowded areas which are much in need of ventilation. Government's sanction to the scheme was received in November 1901. In sanctioning the scheme the Government remarks that "The amount of 3 1-2 lakhs should be added to the estimate for the scheme to meet the cost of a bridge over the B B & C I Railway at the point of connection of the new road with the Queen's Road, as such a bridge is a necessary incident to the completion of the scheme, and it is not clear that the Railway Company could be called upon to construct it without receiving an assurance that they would be at liberty to close the present Chaopati level-crossing and would not in lieu thereof be required to build another over-bridge at that spot. This may rightly be a matter for subsequent negotiation, but it is evident that at the present moment no such assurance can be given, for though a suggestion has been made that a subsidiary road should be made to connect the Eastern end of the proposed bridge with Queen's Road east of the level-crossing, no estimate of this has been included in the scheme. Pending the preparation of detailed plans and estimates in this behalf and such arrangement with the Railway Company as may result therefrom, which, however, need not delay the present scheme being proceeded with, it must be assumed provisionally that the cost of the Bridge necessary to complete the line of the proposed street will devolve upon the Trust." The points raised in this sanction are under the consideration of the Board. The detailed survey of the properties required for the scheme is in progress, some 30 being complete.

SCHEME IV.—GOWALIA TANK SCHEME, D WARD.

This scheme was undertaken with a view to the construction of a much-needed thoroughfare from Back Bay to Cumballa Hill and Breach Candy. Incidentally it will provide and develop a large number of building areas for the expansion of the City in that direction areas which cannot be developed by means of private agency. During the year the detailed survey of the neighbourhood has been completed and the detailed plans of all (namely 62) the properties included in the scheme have been prepared and will shortly be forwarded to the Special Collector for the acquisition of the properties. Working plans and sanctions for the proposed roads have been commenced.

(Continued on page 6.)

SPORT IN ENGLAND.

THE FOURTH TEST MATCH,

THE END OF THE POLO SEASON.

HOLBEIN'S CHANNEL SWIM.

LONDON, AUG. 1.

The match between England and Australia concluded at Manchester on Saturday, will rank as one of the greatest and most historic that the game of cricket has produced. If one searches through the long and memorable record of representative international matches one fails to find another quiet like it, either in its vicissitudes or in the closeness of its finish. Australia's triumph by three runs was only gained after a most strenuous struggle in which now one side and then the other held the supremacy, and in which, too, the weather played an all-important part. It may seem ungracious to assert that the Australians had all the luck of the game, but it is nevertheless the fact, and they are, doubtless sportsmanlike enough themselves to admit it. First the weather helped them at the opening of the match. The rain which fell on Thursday morning so softened the wicket as, in the continued absence of sunshine, to render it easy for the batsmen. It was at this stage that they gained an advantage which served them a good turn later on. Without Trumper and Duff's first wicket stand Australia's batting would have made a very sorry figure. Subsequently, when on Friday night England's position had been retrieved and success for the Mother Country appeared in sight, rain fell heavily during the night for six hours without intermission, and effectually damaged the wicket. Anybody with half an eye for the niceties of the game could have seen on Saturday morning that the wicket had been ruined and that England's task of scoring 124 runs to win against the bowling of Trumble and Saunders was a formidable one. That they did not accomplish it is due to the fact that when well on the way to victory rain fell twice and interrupted the game. The weather indeed seems to have fought against England from the very first, and in spite of our defeat most followers of the game in England will refuse to admit that the present Australian team is as good as the best that England can place in the field. So far as the Manchester match is concerned one is not disposed to deny that in all departments of the game the Australians were seen to exceptional advantage. They are no doubt our superiors in the field, but while their bowling may be equal to ours on the whole they have no bowler so great as Lockwood.

On a wet and damaged wicket Trumble and Saunders are very fine, but they did no better than Rhodes would have done in similar conditions. That their batting is not equal to ours seems to be incontestable. On the nearly perfect wicket of Friday England scored 182 runs, while Australia lost eight batsmen in making 85. Friday was the day upon which the real test of the abilities of the two teams could be obtained, and then it was that the Englishmen showed themselves to be the superiors of their opponents both in batting and in bowling. The English cricketers may well curse the hard fate in the form of rain which robbed them of victory on Saturday. A match like that at Manchester may be finished between deluging showers of rain, but it does not enable a just and fair test of the merits of two cricket teams to be obtained. After the four test matches already played, it is perfectly fair to say that, in spite of Australia's two victories, they are not a proper criterion of the strength of English cricket. At Birmingham rain robbed England of success just as it did at Manchester; nor can it be denied that at Sheffield also the Australians were blessed with a considerable amount of sheer good luck. But while saying this one would fail of one's duty if one omitted to acknowledge in fitting terms the all-round excellence of the Australian team. A good many people have spoken of the quality of perseverance and dogged determination that they possess in so striking a degree. Never was it more conspicuously established than at Manchester on Saturday. Notwithstanding that at one period of the day the game seemed absolutely lost they stuck to their work like Trojans; never once did they relax their efforts; never did they miss a catch, and once or twice they made apparently impossible chances into catches by absolute pluck and eager resolution. Their fielding was a spectacle that can never be forgotten by those who witnessed it, and the bowling of Trumble and Saunders was magnificent to behold. But when all is said one will still refuse to believe that, under conditions absolutely equal for both sides, England cannot defeat Australia in the cricket field. Perhaps Kennington Oval will give us an opportunity of seeing whether this contention be justified or not.

The Surrey and Yorkshire match which commenced at the Oval yesterday is being played for Hayward's benefit. The champions are undoubtedly a great attraction, but it requires perfect weather to make the match a success from a financial point of view. Hayward's club-mate Lockwood, who selected the Yorkshire match last year, experienced very bad luck, the weather being wet and stormy the whole three days, and the game was abandoned without a single ball being sent down. Hayward, who is under thirty-three, has played for Surrey nine years, has been one of the chief supports of the Oval team, and in addition has played many brilliant innings for England against Australia both at home and abroad. Should the weather remain fine the result will be almost sure to be a drawn game. On a wet and damaged pitch the champions should "romp home." Surrey was hopelessly beaten by Hampshire in Barton's benefit match at Southampton. There is not much fun in jumping on a man when he is down, and to drop from third to sixth place is a sufficiently heavy penalty for the loss of a single match. The Oval crowd, which has not seen Surrey beaten once this year, can hardly understand it. Whilst the Surrey men on the billiard-tablelike ground at the Oval have remained unbeaten at home, in out games they have lost to Yorkshire, Lancashire, and now Hampshire. They have nevertheless five victories to their credit, and in the school of adversity should learn such lessons as may yet—in future seasons—result in placing them at the top of the tree. We should like London to lead the way in cricket as in everything else. Hampshire, by the way, is a county with a future—probably, like Somerset's, a chequered future. Moreover this last year two Hants has been playing a double eleven—one on the field of war and one on the cricket field. They cannot gather laurels everywhere and always.

Yorkshire by their unexpected victory over Warwickshire at Sheffield on Wednesday again demonstrated—though the demonstration was almost superfluous—that they well deserve the title of champions. True it is that the slackness of their opponents in the morning had something to do with the victory, but all the same the Yorkshire men were playing an uphill game for the greater part of the three days. After Warwickshire had finished their first innings for 207 (of which Quaife's share was 91, made in four hours), they succeeded in capturing five wickets for 120. As was to be expected, the Tykes were not daunted. They played with great determination and doggedness, and Mr. E. Smith, playing for the first time this year, with 50, Hirst 93, and Rhodes 32, the score was carried to 270. Warwickshire thus had three hours to bat and make 199 runs to win. Rhodes and Haigh soon showed that this would prove an impossible task. They bowled in their best form, and the innings closed for 98, leaving the Yorkshire team victorious and still with one black mark only against them for the season. It is impossible to feel sympathy for Warwick. If they did not win, like the heroine of one of Chevalier's songs, they had only themselves to blame. Middlesex when play ceased on Wednesday perhaps laid the flattering unction to their souls that though 'tis not in mortals to command success yet they had deserved it. Perhaps they were right, but towards the end they were putting on fancy bowlers. It is not thus that the Australians would have played. The Sussex men did badly on Tuesday, Vine being the only bateman on the side to master the bowling of Hearne and Trott. He went in first, and made 75 out of 178, and was still not out at the finish. Middlesex piled up a huge score at the second attempt. Mr. P. F. Warner, after making 73 in the first innings, played well for 139 in the second. W. P. Robertson exceeded the 50 in each innings, and Trott, W. R. Nicholls, and Lord Dalmeny all made good scores. Sussex had to go in last and make 431 to win. When the match was drawn the seaside county had made 284, or 147 runs behind with eight wickets to fall. C. B. Fry batted in something like his old form, and was still unbeaten at the finish with 159.

One grieves to say it—"'tis true, 'tis pity; and pity 'tis, 'tis true"—but Somerset cut a sorry figure at Maidstone in their match with Kent and played very much below their true form. "Sammy" Woods in the first innings hit up a brilliant 42, and in the second innings Gill scored with his usual dash and put up 37 runs in twenty-five minutes, but the rest did little or nothing. The downfall of the Cidermen (they were beaten by an innings and 102 runs) was due to the superb bowling of Alec Hearne and Blythe. Although both received the greatest possible help from the state of the ground, their performance were highly creditable. Alec Hearne has done nothing better than his nine wickets for 89 for a long time, and should he continue to display some of his old skill with the ball Kent should find their way near to the top of the championship table. Trumper's double century notwithstanding, the true hero of the Essex match was the veteran A. P. Lucas—whose claims to a place in the England Eleven are by no means small. Essex is to be congratulated in having done better against the Australians than any other county except Yorkshire. All lovers of cricket will be delighted to see Essex recovering form.

Mr. Montague Holbein, the famous long-distance cyclist of a few years ago, and the man who, by reason of his splendid physique, pluck, and power of endurance, has suggested himself as the most likely of all recent aspirants to improve upon Captain Matthew Webb's great feat of swimming the English Channel, has made another fine attempt to perform the task, but has again met with failure. A correspondent who accompanied him in his attempt, says: The conditions were excellent when Dover was left, but the temperature of the water was rather low for such a protracted effort, being only between 61 and 62deg. Holbein was well rubbed with oil before starting, and wore a specially fitted mask and goggles for the protection of his eyes. He was given a hearty cheer as he started from Cape Grisnez. A fresh easterly breeze had sprung up by this time, which made the sea very choppy, and Holbein had some rough water in which to commence his swim. There was a strong tide setting eastward, and Holbein was steadily drifted along towards Calais. He swam superbly, and made fairly good headway across Channel, considering the very strong tide. By 11-30 Holbein was about half-a-dozen miles off Calais in his effort to reach the English coast. The lights on the English shore had been visible for some time and steady progress was made towards them for the first hour or two of the westward tide, but this also strengthened and was racing down Channel by two o'clock in the morning. Holbein pluckily kept on and was carried past Cape Grisnez again. He was covering three miles an hour for the greater part of the time, but his progress directly towards England by 5-30 was only represented by eight miles, although he had swum about thirty. It had been anticipated that he would reach the Varne buoy, 6 1-2 miles off Dover, on the westward tide, but as this was impossible a consultation of the experts on board was held, with the result that Holbein was advised to give up and try again on the next favourable tide later in the month. Holbein was dismayed at the advice, and refused to accept it for some time, and continued to persevere in his swim. His friends again urged him to adopt their advice later, with the result that he then agreed to come out. He was bitterly disappointed, and jumped into the boat quite unassisted at six in the morning. He was quite fresh and strong and to the surprise of everyone, when Dr. Murphy took his temperature it was normal. Mr. Holbein and his party landed in Dover Harbour just before eight o'clock, and he was heartily cheered by the crowd that had gathered at the pier. Shortly afterwards Mr. Holbein said that to accomplish the feat after he was advised to abandon the attempt would have taken about thirty-six hours. He was still "going strong" when taken out of the water. The wind was north-easterly, and during the night it was very cold, and also very choppy in the Channel. He expressed his firm determination to try again, and a third attempt will probably be made in about a fortnight, when he hopes that his efforts will be successful.

THE REIGN OF AMERICAN TERROR.

(Concluded from page 4.)

After every allowance and consideration is made, the fact remains that limitation of output and the aversion of our workmen to labour-saving machinery have together operated very heavily against us. In some trades the prejudice has been carried to fatal lengths. Perhaps the most injurious instance, and the one where the Americans have reaped most direct benefit, is in the flint glass trade. The English flint glass maker is one of the most skilled of his craft, and his wares, other things being equal, would capture the world's markets. But the flint glass hands have for generations steadily pursued a policy of stupid short-sightedness. They have limited the number of workmen by forbidding the employment of more than a small proportion of apprentices. They have taken out of the masters' hands altogether the choice of workmen, so that a master must take the men the union chooses to nominate when he has a vacancy, rather than those he wishes. They have forbidden the promotion of specially efficient men by making promotion entirely dependent upon seniority. In short they have placed their men at a dead level, and have removed every incentive to special skill or special industry. No man is allowed under any condition to turn out more than a given amount of work, even if his furnace lies idle most of the time. The men have been united and determined, the masters divided, contentious, jealous and eager to reap little advantages over one another. Consequently the masters have delivered themselves wholesale into the men's power, and the flint glass trade, once largely in our hands, has gone in great part to Bohemia, France, and America. American glass of high quality is being sold in this country to-day, not because we cannot produce for ourselves, but because of the obstinate foolishness of our workmen.

WHAT GREAT BRITAIN SHOULD DO.

Mr. Mackenzie has great faith in American methods, and thinks that we want a Yankee leaven in this country:—So far from opposing the introduction of American improvements, even to the profit of the Americans in this country, we should welcome them and aid them in every way. The pity is that we have not adopted them the more largely. We need Wanamaker to come here to teach us how to modernise our Sunday Schools. We need to learn the American way of dealing with patents, and we will never fully enter into our own until we recognise as they do in America the principle of adequate pay for good work. We need a quickening up, and Americans are the people to do it for us. Doubtless if the conditions of the nineteenth century could have existed for ever we might have got along very comfortably. But as they could not, and as we would not without compulsion adapt ourselves to the newer state of affairs, it was as well the Americans should be the agents for our regeneration.

We have, it is true, to decide whether we are going to be a subordinate people, allowing the Americans to take the supreme rule of our industries, or whether we are going to retain our old chieftainship. But we will not keep our place by any other method than that of raising our industrial conditions up to those of America.

HOW TO KEEP COOL.

We strongly recommend all who suffer from the heat to add a few drops of Condy's Fluid to the Daily Bath or Foot Bath.

A Condy's Fluid Bath imparts a most delightful sensation of coolness, freshness and purity, it invigorates the body and braces the nerves. The strengthening and cooling effects are Simply Magical. Tired or Tender feet are instantly relieved. Book on bottle contains full directions.

Condy's Fluid is sold by all Chemists throughout the British Empire. Beware of substitutes. Insist on having "Condy's Fluid," Condy & Mitchell, of London, England, are the only Makers and their name and address is at foot of label.

THE ALLEGED FORGERY AND PERJURY.

FURTHER MAGISTERIAL PROCEEDINGS.

A WITNESS AND HIS EVIDENCE.

HIS ARREST ORDERED.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, Mr. D. B. Binning, Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, further heard the case in which Inspector Sloan charged Bhaichand Naron Gordan Gopal Soni, Shapurji Hormusji Todiwala, Verjivandas alias Kalidas Bhaidas, Vithal Jamukhram, and Laxmidas Nagordas with conspiring to forge a will, using as genuine a forged document, perjury in a judical proceeding, and abetment. Mr. Bowen solicitor appeared for the Public Prosecutor, while Mr. Oliviera, pleader, appeared for the first and the fifth accused Mr. S. B. Spencer, pleader, for the second accused, Mr. F. J. Strangman, barrister-at-law, for the third accused, and Mr. S. B. Kapadia, pleader, for the fourth and the sixth accused. Mr. Bhaishanker, solicitor, watched the case on behalf of the executors of the will of Bai Nurbudabai, widow of Hariwalabh Gulabchand.

Rustomji Hormasji Tarwala said that he had made certain statements in his examination on a previous hearing of the case under pressure brought to bear upon him by Mr. Sloan. He wanted to retract from those statements and claimed protection under sections 131 and 132 of the Evidence Act, as advised by his solicitor and barrister.

Witness was then cross-examined by Mr. Spencer. He said that in Christmas 1900, nothing happened at his shop. The story of No. 2, No. 3, and Krishna was entirely false.

Questioned by the Court, witness said that he deliberately said what was false the other day when he gave evidence. He read in the newspapers that his Worship had expressed an opinion that he should have been prosecuted along with the other accused, and thereupon he went to Inspector Sloan and drew his attention to it. Mr. Sloan told him "You need not he afraid, If you will give evidence in conformity with what Yadoo has said, you have nothing to be afraid of, if you act otherwise I will get up a case against you as I have done with the accused in the present case".

The Magistrate: Be very careful in what you say.

The witnes: I am telling the truth.

The Magistrate: In my opinion you are not.

Mr. Spencer: You say that you made the statements on the last occasion under pressure by the police?

The witness: Yes.

The Magistrate: When was it that Mr. Sloan first saw you on the subject?

The witness: In May last.

Witness continued that Mr. Sloan had first seen him in connection with the inquiry regarding the theft of a book from the High Court, and asked for assistance in that matter. At that time he had made no statement similar to the one he had made in the Court on the previous hearing. After Krishna Govind Yodas gave evidence in this Court, Mr. Sloan asked him to make that statement in the Court.

Re-examined by Mr. Bowen, witness said that he knew Mr Brewin since 1886. He made a communication to Mr. Brewin with regard to this case only yesterday. That was the first time that he communicated with Mr. Brewin in connection with the present prosecution.

Qustioned by the Court witness said that he did not make any communication to Mr. Brewin with regard to the present case in January last, when he assisted Mr. Brewin in Sanjana's case. He did not make any communication to Mr Sloan too at that time, He consulted a solicitor and a barrister on the 12th instant, before the warrant was issued against him. They did not advise him not to appear in the Court to give evidence, They advised him to apply for protection from the Court under sections 131 and 132 of the Evidence Act, He was not aware of the provision of section 132. He did not know that he was not protected from prosecution for giving false evidence The evidence he gave on the last occasion was false. It was on account of the pressure of the police, As a matter of fact he did not know anything about the case. It was not true that Nos. 2, 3, and Krishna Yadoo, had come to his shop. He had consulted Mr. Merwanji, solicitor, and Mr. Strangman, barrister-at-law. He had paid them by borrowing money from one, Pyramji Tarapoorwala, who was assisting Mr. Sloan in this case. Byramji had accompanied him when he went to consult his solicitor and barrister.

Examined by the Court, witness said that it was not true that No. 2 had come to his shop with Sanjana in 1900; it was not true that Krishna Govind Yadoo had come to his shop. It was true that No. 3's brother told him, "you know all these facts, you go and surrender to the magistrate and speak the truth". It was true that he told all that to Mr. Sloan. It was not true that No. 3 went to him and told that if he gave evidence he would know what would happen. It was true that three persons assaulted him and broke his spectacles. The Magistrate remarked that the witness had distinctly given false evidence, and ordered his arrest.

Mr. Sloan, Inspector of Police, was recalled and examined by Mr. Bowen. He said he knew the second accused for the last three years and-a-half. He was engaged with Mr. Brewin in making inquiries into the case against Sanjana and others in January last. At that time accused No. 2 was sent for. He (accused No. 2) told him that a will of Hariwalabh's had been torn up. Accused No. 2 made a further statement to him on the 12th of May last in consequence of which he went in search of the sixth accused, but could not find him. On the 25th of May he was given certain information by accused No. 5 while making inquiries in connection with the other case. Besides he received a copy of a will from him (fifth accused). Later on accused No. 6 made a statement before Mr. Velinker, pleader. Witness took accused No 4 to Mr. Karsandas Chabildas, the Third Presidency Magistrate, on the 12th of June, when he made a statement to Mr Karsandas.

Tarwala applied for bail.

His Worship released him on bail to the amount of Rs. 500.

The case was then adjourned till to-day.

PARSI CHIEF MATRIMONIAL COURT.

Sir Lawrence Jenkins, Chief Justice presided at a sitting of the Parsi Chief Matrimonial Court yesterday, to hear the suit brought by Dhonbaijee against her husband Manockjee Muncherjee Murolia for dissolution of marriage on the ground of the respondent's physical incapacity. Mr. Rustom Wadia, instructed by Mr. M. R. Vakil, appeared for the petitioner; and Mr. Daysett, instructed by Mr. Jamasp Pheroz Dastur, appeared for the respondent. The following delegates assisted his Lordship in the trial:—Khan Bahadur M. C. Marzban C. I. E., foreman; Shums-ul-Ulama J. J. Mody, Shums-ul-Ulama Darab Peshotan Dastur Sanjana Messrs. Dinsha Bomonjee Panthakee, Jamsetjee Cursetjee Jamsetjee, Jamsetjee Bomonje Wadia, Rustomjee Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Merwanjee Muncherjee Cama Jahangir Byramjee Murzban, Cowasjee Merwanjee Shroff, and K. R. Cama. The case was conducted with closed doors.

BOMBAY COMMAND ORDERS.

BY THE LIEUTENANT-GENERAL COMMANDING THE FORCES, BOMBAY.

Head-quarters, Poona, 15th August, 1902.

With the approval of H E the Comdr-in-Chief in India the Lieut-Genl Comdg the Forces is pleased to make the following appointment:—3rd Bombay Light Infantry—2nd Lieut A C D Thorne 2nd Battn Oxfordshire L I a Candidate for the Indian Staff Corps, to be offig Double Coy Officer dated 8th Aug 1902.

The Lieut-Genl Comdg the Forces is pleased to make the following appointments:—

6th Bombay Cavalry—Lieut V G Menzies Sqdn Officer to be Qr-Mr with effect from the 25th May 1902

30th Baluch Infantry—Lieut N R Anderson Double Coy Officer to be Qr-Mr vice Capt R H Palin, vacated on promotion dated 7th April 1902.

30th Baluch Infantry—Lieut W O's Murphy I M S to the offig medical charge vice Capt C H S Lincoln I M S transferred to the Civil Dept temporarily.

The following appointment has been ordered:—Capt W A W Swettenham from No 13 Coy late 21 Southern Divn R G A to Adjt R G A Aden.

Lieut Col P H Hall C B R F A has been struck off the strength of the Bombay Command from the date of the expiration of his tenure as Regimental Lieut Col viz 20th July 1902.

The undermentioned officers have qualified for promotion to the rank of Lieut:—2nd Lieuts I B George S B Pope and E D Bellew 2nd Battn Royal Irish Regt.

2nd Lieut F R S LeMesurier, Border Regt, is directed to proceed to Bareilly and join the 2nd Battalion to which be has been posted on appointment.

Under instructions from Army Head-Quarters, India, 2nd Lieut C M Ainslie, 2nd Battn, Connaught Rangers, is directed to proceed to England and join the Army Service Corps, to which he has been appointed on probation. He will travel at the expense of Imperial funds.

The undermentioned officers have passed an examination in the following language:—Urdu—Lower Standard—Lieut H T Walker, 2nd Battn Connaught Rangers; Lieut J C Bassett 69 Coy (late 23 Coy Southern Divn) R G A; and 2nd Lieut G A G Shepherd 2nd Battn Suffolk Regt.

Another handsome gift to the Zoological Gardens is notified. The British India steamer Mombassa arrived in the Royal Albert Docks on Saturday evening having on board two giraffes, named Selum and Saida, which have been presented to the Zoological Gardens by Col. Mabon, who was formerly Governor of Kordofan, and who commanded the Mafeking relief force. The giraffes, which appeared to be in excellent health, are about ten feet in height.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

(Continued from page 5.)

SCHEMES V. AND VI.—DADAR-MATUNGA AND MATUNGA-SION, F AND G WARDS.

These Schemes are intended to provide the means of expension of the City towards the nothern parts of the Island, and embrace very large areas. The revision of these two schemes has been completed during the year under review, and sanction of Government was given to a portion of Scheme V at the end of February last.

SCHEME VII-COLABA RECLAMATION A WARD.

The scheme as sanctioned by the Board has been submitted to Government for formal sanction in terms of the Act. The estimate stands as follows:—Reclamation Rs. 2,56,354. Protection Work Rs. 44,456 Roads Rs. 96,106, Land to be purchased from Government Rs. 11,440. Total Rs. 4,08,356 Add—10 per cent. for contingencies and establishment Rs. 40,836. Grnd Total Rs. 4,49,192. Allowing 2 years for making the reclamation and 6 years more for the whole area reclamed being leased, the cost of work, with compound interest at 4 per cent. to such date, will amount to Rs. 6,14,943 or Rs. 10·7 per square yard of land available for being leased in building sites. It is considered that there will be no difficulty in obtaining an average rate of Rs. 18 1-2 per square yard for the plots to be leased, within 6 years of the work being completed. The forecast of the financial results of the undertaking will therefore stand as follows:—

	Rs.
Capital cost with compound interest at 4 per cent. for 8 years	6 14,943

Annual charges—	
Interest on Rs. 6,14,943 at 4 per cent. ...	24,598
Maintenance of Works	2,402
Total annual charges ... Rs.	27,000
Revenue—	
57,314 square yards leased at a valuation of rupees 18 1-2 on a 4 per cent. basis, i. e., Re. 0-12-6 per square yard per annum	44,776
Receipts under Section 73	8,000
Total Revenue ... Rs.	52,776

The net profits from the scheme will therefore be Rs. 25,776 per annum after paying charges of all kinds. The profit derived from this work will enable the Board to raise capital amounting to Rs. 5,72,800 for the carrying out of other schemes.

SCHEME VIII.—MANDVI KOLIWADA, B WARD.

This Improvement Scheme has been undertaken at the instance of the Corporation for the removal of a grossly insanitary mass of buildings. The necessary plans, &c., have been prepared for the submission of the scheme to Government for sanction, and the detail surveys of 100 properties included in the sheme, have been completed.

POLICE ACCOMMODATION SCHEMES.

Plans and estimates for providing the following Police Quarters have been sanctioned by the Board and sumitted to Government:—At First Nagpada, Quarters for 57 men and 3 native officers and for 1 European Superintendent, 1 Inspector and 1 Constable, at a total estimated cost of Rs. 64,960. On the Board's Wodehouse Road Estate, Quarters for 201 men and 12 native officers, 1 European Inspector and 2 Constables, at an estimated cost of Rs. 1,35,500. Representations for other Police Accommodation Scheme have been received, all of which are under the consideration of the Board and will be dealt with as soon as the sites required for the buildings can be made available.

DEVELOPEMENT OF THE BOARD'S RESOURCES.

The construction of the road on the eastern boundary of the Cooperage Plot has been completed

SCHEME VII.—COLABA RECLAMATION, A WNARD.

The construction of the two cross-roads at the north end of the Trustees' Hornby Road Plot which was undertaken by Government on their behalf, has been completed. The north and south road from Cannon Street to Ravelin Street at the back of the buildings fronting Hornby Road has been completed, and the two east and west roads were completed as far as possible, as these two roads cannot be completely finished until the existing Government Mews has been removed. These roads have not yet been taken over by the Municipality owing to that body not having decided the question of filling up certain wells on the lines of roads. Two roads have been constructed on the building area of the Marine Lines Estate for the convenience of the public making use of the open maidan at the back of the houses facing the Marine Lines Road.

The aggregate rents of the plots leased will amount to Rs. 87,243 per annum at the initial rates on the expiry of the free periods allowed for building purposes.

The widening of the main Chaupati Road, by providing 10 feet footpaths on each side thereof, has been completed on behalf of the Board by the Executive Engineer, Presidency, at a cost of Rs. 6,024-5-1 against the sanctioned estimate of Rs. 6,936.

SCHEDULE D. LANDS.

The greater portion of these lands come within the boundaries of the Board's Schemes V and VI and will consequently not be property developed until those Schemes are carried out. Porsions of the area have been let as opportunity occurred for storage purposes, cultivation, &c. Filling in the portion of the Agripada Estate between Souter Street on the north, Club Road on the south, Morland Road on the east and Gilder Street on the west, was completed at a cost of Rs. 75,274 against the sanctioned estimate of Rs. 79,550. The outlay incurred during the year was Rs. 48,500.

FINANCE.

The general account which comprises the revenue operations of the Board shows a net credit balonce of Rs. 4,41,258 made up as follows:—

Revenue ...	Rs. 8,27,326
Expenditure ...	„ 3,86,068
Surplus	Rs. 4,41,258

a sum which has been carried to the credit of the capital account. The opening balance at the credit of the Board amounted in cash and securities to Rs. 41,63,000, and this was reduced to Rs. 38,44,000 in August 1901. In September 1901 with the sanction of Government, a fresh loan of Rs. 30 lakhs was raised bearing interest at 4 per cent. per annum and having a currency of 60 years. Public tenders were invited for the loan and no portion of it was underwritten. In all 61 tenders were received aggregating Rs. 43,11,000. The whole loan was placed at an average rate of Rs. 95-4-0. The calls on account of the loan were all paid up by December. The year closed with with a credit balance of Rs. 62,23,000. The sum at credit largely exceeded anticipation owing to the acquistion of properties for the Board's Scheme not having proceeded as rapidly as was expected. The cash balances at the disposal of the Board from time to time were profitably employed, with the result that an average rate of interest amounting to 5 per cent. per annum was earned on them.

(To be contineud)

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect, Via Suez, perfect.

Continent of Europe—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

America—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

Australia—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

China—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect. Via Bhamo, perfect.

Africa—Via Aden, perfect, Via Cadiz Teneriffe, interrupted, Via Lisbon, St. Vincent, perfect.

Communication with Bolama interrupted.

Cable Puerto Plata Martinique interrupted.

Cables Dominique Martinique, St. Lucia Martinique, Guadaloupe Martinique, St. Lucia, St. Vincent, St. Lucia, and Grenada interrupted.

Telegrams will be conveyed frequently by steamers.

Cable communication with Martinique is open via Lisbon and Cadiz.

Telegrams can only be accepted at sender's risk.

Code Addresses should not be used.

Cable Guantanamo Mole St Nicolas interrupted.

Telegrams for Benguela (West Africa) are subject to censorship.

Cable Caynne Pinheiros interrupted.

Cables Capetown St Helena restored.

Cyblo Capetown Mossamedes and Land lines South Africa interrupted.

Telegrams for Cape Colony will be subject to some delay.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay. from the United Kingdom during the 24th hours ending at 8 p. m. of the 19th August 1902.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey ...	18	6	57 p.m.	16	54
Teheran ...	19	2	15 p.m.	...	47
Suez ...	19	2	50 p.m.	...	9

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m., of the 19th August, 1902.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta ...	0	39	0	1
„ Karachi ...	0	23	0	2
„ Madras ...	0	29	0	6

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty, and luxury, use the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, which, Lady Constance Howard writes, is "pleasant to use, and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill, and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning.—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap, see that name and figure head of "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by all Chemists, Grocers, &c.

APPEAL BY MR. BAL GANGADHAR TILAK.

THE POONA PROCEEDINGS.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Crow and the Hon. Mr. Justice Batty delivered judgement at the High Court yesterday on a rule nisi, which was granted in April last for a stay of certain criminal proceedings against Mr. Bal Gangadhar Tilak, of Poona, on charges of perjury, making and using false documents, and making a false complaint to a magistrate.

Mr. Justice Crowe, in delivering the judgment of the Court, discussed at some length the several cases cited by the learned counsel on either side, and speaking about the merits of this particular case said the question was whether any grounds had been shown why proceedings should be stayed. Section 435 of the Criminal Procedure Code had no doubt the widest operation, and enabled the Court to examine the records of any proceeding before any inferior court for the purpose the of satisfying itself as to circumstances, legality or propriety of any order of such inferior court. It was not contended that the order was inaccurate or illegal, and the only ground on which its propriety was impugned was that it directed an inquiry into certain alleged offences, while as a matter of fact the civil appeal was pending. The Court, if such an offence as was described had been committed before it, or it was brought to its notice in the course of its judicial proceedings, was justified in taking immediate action, and it seemed to their Lordships in the highest degree desirable that the enquiry should be conducted both in the interest of justice, as well as of the accused and of all parties concerned as speedily as possible. It was open to the magistrate, in the exercise of his discretion to stay proceedings until the civil appeal was decided, if he thought that an advantage would be gained by doing so. In any case it was his duty to decide on the evidence before him whether any offence had been committed or not, and whatever conclusion he might arrive at could not possibly affect the decision of the civil proceedings nor on the other hand would the decision in the civil appeal be binding on him. Their Lordships concurred in the observations of the learned judge in re Mathuradas that where offences against public justice were concerned, it would be well if the courts availed themselves more fully of the provisions of section 476, instead of leaving the prosecution to private parties, who often wished the sanction granted to them for the gratification of private malice. The effect of such a course would be entirely frustrated if the proceedings were invariably allowed to be delayed pending the disposal of the civil litigation which might be indefinitely protracted even up to the final decision on appeal to the Privy Council. For these reasons their Lordships thought that the rule should be discharged.

THE PROBATE PROCEEDINGS.

Their Lordships then gave judgment on the appeal filed by Bal Gangadhar Tilak and others against a decision gived by the Hon. Mr. H. F. Aston, District Judge of Poona, in miscellaneous application 112 of 1901 under Act 5 of 1881. The petition on which Mr. Aston gave his judgment was made by Taj Maharaj, widow of Vasudeo Pundit.

Mr Justice Crowe in delivering the judgment of the Court said that there was nothing to show that the executors were ever called upon by the applicant or by the court to furnish accounts. The only order referred to in the evidence by the district judge was when those proceedings were pending. There were no circumstances in the case from which wilful omission on the part of the executors could be inferred. Their Lordships considered that there was no case within the explanation of section 50 of the Probate Act for the grant of probate. The mere fact that the estate had now devolved on the widow as heir of her deceased son, did not by itself render the revocation necessary, as the widow was at liberty to apply for letters of administration of the estate of her deceased son. Their Lordships reversed the order of the court below and allowed the appeal

AN INDIAN DIVORCE CASE.

"I REQUIRE NO HELP."

In the Divorce Court on July 29th Sir F. Jeune had before him the case of Craven v. Craven and Russel.

Mr Austen Craven, stated to have been formerly engaged on the Indian State Railways, and having recently returned from South Africa, where he had, served in the Imperial Yeomanry, sought a dissolution of his marriage on the ground of the adultery of his wife Olga, with a co-respondent named Mr. T. Baron Russell, whose position was not stated. There was no defence. Mr. Bayford who appeared for the petitioner, stated that the parties were married at Calcutta in February, 1892, and afterwards lived in various parts of India. In 1899 they came on a visit to England together. Certain differences arose, and they returned to India on conditions agreed to between them. In June, 1900, Mrs. Craven came back to England alone on the steamship Himalaya, on which vessel she met the co-respondent. Mr. Craven did not return to England till the early part of 1901, but in the meantime he had sent letters to his wife through Messrs. Watson, of Waterloo-place: He could not find where she was living, however, but on February 19th, 1901, he received a letter which had no address on it in which his wife wrote, "Thank you for your kind offer of help. I require no help: I don't think that sending the cheque will help me" In March of 1901 he was ordered to the front, having joined the Imperial Yeomanry. On his return in March last he found that his wife had been living at Torrington Square, London, with the co-respondent. Evidence was given, and his lordship granted a decree nisi without costs.

POONA RACES.

SIXTH EXTRA MEETING.

Saturday, 23rd August.

First Entries closed at 6 p. m., on Monday, 18th August.

Amateur Pony Plate—Distance 1 mile over 5 flights

Major Hazelton's b aus g Patrician 14-0 1-2
Mr W P Koe's br aus m Sally II 14-0
Mr Percy Fischer's g aus g Good Boy 14-0 3-4
Mr Westropp's b aus m Waress 13-3
Mr W M Macleod's g a h Novelty 13-2 3-4

The August Stakes—Distance 6 furlongs

H H Aga Khan's br aus g Beadsmane aged
H H Aga Khan's br e g Ayrdals aged
Aga S Shah's br aus g Swiftsure 6 years
Aga S Shah's br aus g Firecracker 6 years
Mr Crossm b aus g Orios aged
H H the Kour Saheb of Patiala's br aus g Stoddart
Messrs M Mahomedbhoy and Co's b aus g Planet
Mr D D's b aus g Roscommont aged
Major H H Butler's br aus m Cresset by Escutchor-Beacon aged
Mr J B's b aus h Veneda aged
Mr A W P's ch aus g Fitzeros aged
Mr A W P's b aus g Fando 6 or aged
Mr R J Hunter's ch aus g Victory by Victoriesdam by Cork 6 or aged
Mr Fench's b aus g Response

The Flying Stakes.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Messrs Mathuradas Goculdas and Ananji and Nanji's b aus m Annie Laurie 14-0 3-4
Mr Crossm b aus g Bandicoot 13-3
Mr R G Haldock's bl aus m Ena 14 0 3-4
Mr Jones' b aus m Believue 14-1
Mr A W P's b or br aus m La France 13-3 3-4

The Small Winners Plate—Distance 5 furlongs.

Mr Cross' ch a h Paleface 13 3
Captain E Lloyd's ch a h Ga Guinea 14 0
H H The Kour Saheb of Patiala's ch a h Shah Jehan 13 2
Mr Artin A Essayie's b a h Malabar 13 3
The Baldeo Sahai's g a h Fruit Salt 13 3
Mr Anandji Nanji's g a h Dispute 13 3
Mr M Ally's ch a h The Robber 13 3 1-2
Mr O F Cooper's b a h Duldul 13 2 1-2
Mr Syed Rashid's b a h Sur Jamal 13 1 3 4

The New Comers Handicap—Distance 1-2 mile.

Messrs Mathuradass Goculdass and Anandji Nanji's g a h Wild Fox 13 3 1-2
Mr Faraj bin Saad's b a h Mosumma 13 2 3-4
Messrs Faraj bin Saad and Kssuff Sheriff's b a h John Roberts 13 3 1 2
Messrs M Mahomedbhoy and Co's ch a h Artist 14 0
Mr Artin A Essayie's b a h Malabar 13 3
Mr Henry's ch a h Alonzo 13 2 1-2
Mr Kadavey bin Abdool Rahman's b a h Arkadia 14 0
Mr S M McCausland's g a h Burgo Master 13 3 1-4
Mr A W P's ch a h Hamilton 13 3 3-4
Mr A M Shamlan's g a h Sincerity 13 2 1-2
Messrs J Antony and Abdool Aziz bin Saif's b a h Young Sher Ali 13 2
Mr S A Wahed's b a h Skirmisher 13 3

The Utility Stakes—Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr Mathuradass Goculdass' ch cb m La Bailiffe 14 1 1-2
Aga S Shah's ch cb g Mirage 14 1 1-2
H H The Kour Saheb of Patiala's ch cb h Tom 13 3
Mr A A Amer's b a h Fakeer II aged
Nawab Asgur Ali and Chowdry Gunsham Singh's b cb m Dame Ethel 13 3
Mr C D's b cb m Namuna 13 2 1-2

The Midsummer Plate—Distance 7 furlongs.

Messrs Mathuradass Goculdass and Anandji Nanji's g a h Wild Fox 13 3 1-2
Messrs Mathuradass Goculdass and Anandji Nanji's b a h Shaitoob 13 2
Mr A R Amer's g a h Soohell aged
Mr A A Amer's b a h Fakeer II aged
Captain Hon'ble C Greville's b a h Leader 13 3
Major Kustace's b a h Active 14
Mr Anandji Nanji's g a h Dispute 13 3
Mr M Ally's ch a h The Robber 13 3 1-2
Mr James' ch a h Sandow 5 years
Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Changiz aged
Mr W M Macleod's g a g Murfes 13 2 2-4
Mr Finch's b a h Musketeer
Mr Jackson's b a h King Arthur 4 years
Mr S A Wahed's g a h Khaderi

2nd Entries close at 6 p. m. on Tuesday 19th August 1290.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

A special meeting of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay was held yesterday afternoon in the offices of the Trust, Albert Building Fort, Mr. S. Rebesch presiding. There were present General Sir James Willcocks, the Hon. Mr. W. C Hughes, Mr. W. L. Harvey, Mr. E. Gray, Mr. Sassoon J. David, Mr. J. Fairclough, Mr. D. E. Wacha, Colonel H. D. Olivier, Major Meyer, Sir Bhalchundra Krishna, the Hon. Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola, and Dr. A. G. Viegas.

NEW OFFICES OF THE TRUST.

The Board considered the following seven tenders received for the construction of their new Offices to be erected, adjoining the John Connon School, Esplanade Road:—Mr. Goolamaly Jeevaji, Rs. 2,47,795; Mr. Vithal Sayana, Rs. 2,65,401; Messrs. Teju Kaya and Co., Rs. 2,67,364; Mr. Manaji Rajooji, Rs. 2,67,454; Mr. Bhasker Shevram, Rs. 2,75,930; Mr. Gungaram Saiboo, Rs. 2,82,204; and Messrs. Bhedwar & Co., Rs. 2,89,518. The Chairman recommended the acceptance of Mr. Goolamali Jeevaji's tender, which was the lowest and asked the Board for sanction of the expenditure, of Rs. 2,72,500, which he said would include ten per cent contingencies and management but would exclude drainage works, the separate estimate of which would be submitted later on.

The Board adopted a resolution in accordance with the chairman's recommendation.

LAND COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

The Board adopted the following Reports made by the Land Committee:

HORNBY ROAD ESTATE.

We have considered, with reference to Trustees' Resolution dated the 13th May 1902, a letter from Mr. R. D. Tata asking for reasons stated that plot No. 70 on the Hornby Road Estate might be included in the Security Bond for plots Nos. 71 and 74. We are of opinion that there is no objection to grant Mr. Tata's request and we beg to recommended accordingly.

DIRTY CONDITION OF A ROAD.

We have considered a letter from the Divisional Health Officer of the Municipality calling attention to the dirty condition of the new road constructed to the south of the Gaiety Theatre and asking that the same may be swept and cleaned regularly. The road in question has been made on behalf of the Board by the Executive Engineer, Presidency, who has in hand a balance of Rs. 2,318 from the amount of the sanctioned estimate for the work. We are of opinion that this sum may be utilized for the maintenance of the road till it is taken over by the Municipalty and we beg to recommend accordingly.

RESALE OF LANDS IN FIRST NAGPADA.

We have considered with reference to Trustees' Resolution dated the 29th July 1902, the draft conditions of the auction sale of the available building sites on the area in the First Nagpada Improvement Scheme as prepared by the Engineer. We are of opinion that the bids should be on the basis of a 99 years' lease with a nominal ground rent of one pie per square yard per annum, and that purchasers should have the option, to be exercised until the completion of the lease, of either paying an uniform yearly rent calculated at 4 1-2 per cent. on the sum bid or of paying the sum bid together with rent calculated at one pie per square yard per annum throughout the period of lease. In other respects the Engineer's draft proposals are in accordance with the conditions of sale already approved by the Board.

After transacting some other business the Board adjourned to Friday the 29th instant.

THE FAMINE.

BOMBAY RELIEF MEASURES.

There was light rain in parts of all the affected districts in the Bombay Presidency during the week ending 9th August except Ahmedabad, Broach and Belgaum, and in parts of Kathiawar, and Miraj (Junior). The fall ranged from one to three inches in four talukas of Poona and, one of Solapur and Nasik; else where it was below an inch. More rain is urgently wanted everywhere for young crops. Deficiency of rainfall is most serious in North Gujarat and Kathiawar. The prices of foodgrains rose in all districts and States except Poona, Bijapur, Jamkhandi Sangli and Mudhol where they fell or were stationary.

A statement showing the progress of relief measures is appended, The result is an increase of 23,485 persons relieved as compared with the numbers for the preceding week:—

	Preceding week.	Week under report.	Increase.	Decrease.
Workers ...	144,721	161,158	16,437	...
Dependants ...	23,644	25,684	2,040	...
Gratuitously relieved in poor-houses and villages ...	89,503	94,511	5,008	...
Total ...	257,868	281,353	23,485	...

The numbers on relief works, including dependants, have varied as follows:—

	Increase.		Decrease
Punch Mahals ...	8,022	Khandesh ...	654
Ahmedabad ...	7,758	Surat ...	584
Kaira ...	20,97		
Sholapur ...	870		
Nasik ...	412		
Bijapur ...	333		
Ahmednagar ...	150		
Belgaum ...	73		

The numbers in receipt of gratuitous relief in villages and poor-houses have increased in all districts except Kaira, where they have decreased by 108. Nine large works were opened in Ahmedabad, and three large works in Ahmedabad and one in Khandesh were closed.

The number of persons in receipt of relief through out India during the preceding and present weeks in each Province is shown in the following table:—

Name of Province.	Preceding week. (Revised figures.) Relief works.	Gratuitous relief.	Total.
British Provinces.			
Bombay and Sindh ...	168365	89473	257838
Punjab ...	...	1558	1558
Central Provinces ...	...	680	680
Ajmer-Merwara ...	17653	4762	22415
Total British Provinces ...	186018	96473	282491
Native States.			
Rajputana States ...	12727	4615	17342
Central India States ...	8712	2248	10960
Baroda ...	23757	13193	36950
Bombay Native States ...	32065	9811	41876
Total Native States ...	77261	29867	107128
Grand Total ...	263279	126340	389619

Name of Province.	Present Week. Relief works.	Gratuitous relief.	Total.	Increase or decrease.
British Provinces.				
Bombay and Sindh ...	185354	92641	277995	+20157
Punjab ...	...	1567	1567	+ 9
Central Provinces ...	...	567	567	— 113
Ajmer-Merwara ...	17506	5298	22804	+ 389
Total British Provinces ...	202860	100073	302933	+20442
Native States.				
Rajputana States ...	13311	5978	19289	+ 1947
Central India States ...	7616	2301	9917	— 1043
Baroda ...	18207	13093	31300	— 5650
Bombay Native States ...	44000	10936	54936	+13060
Total Native States ...	83134	32308	115442	× 8314
Grand Total ...	285994	132381	418375	+28756

CRICKET.

B. V. A. vs. R. A.

The following were the scores in the match played between the B. V. A. and the R. A., on Saturday:—

B. V. A.

Mr Higgins, c Bookham, b Colville ...	63
Mr O'Donnell, b Noble ...	0
Mr Hogan, not out ...	47
Mr Burrows, played on, b Noble ...	2
Mr Martin ...	did not bat.
Mr Graham ...	
Mr Goodsir ...	
Mr Merritt ...	
Mr Briscoe ...	
Substitute ...	
Substitute ...	
Extras ...	9
Total (for 3 wkts) ...	121

R. A.

Gr Pooler, b Martin ...	8
Gr Bookham, c Martin, b Burrows ...	0
Sgt Beaumont, c and b Martin ...	0
Br Noble, b Martin ...	4
Sgt-Maj. Ledger, b Martin ...	0
Gr Munt, not out ...	32
Capt Colville, l-b-w Martin ...	2
Gr Wright, ht wkt O'Donnell ...	0
Br Siezer, b Martin ...	4
Gr Pearce, b Martin ...	5
Gr Roke, b Burrows ...	0
Extras ...	9
Total ...	64

HERE, THERE, AND EVERYWHERE.

Hawaii is one of the few countries which were ignorant of the King's illness, and so celebrated June 26 as Coronation Day. No cable touches the island. All the offices in Honolulu were closed on that day, services were held, and high holiday kept in honour of the ceremony which was believed to be taking place simultaneously in Westminister Abbey, And, now, Hawaii will be called on to keep a second Coronation Day, and out of her friendliness to Britain she will answer the call.

It is rumoured that before the end of the summer a Marconi signalling station will be fixed on the top of Mont Blanc, whence messages may be exchanged with the greater portion of Europe. In a little while longer we may hear a chorus of voices arising from the Alps to the Caucasus, from the Caucasus to the Himalayas, from the Himalayas to the Mountains of the Moon, and away down below the Equator to the highest Andes.

We extract the following from a contemporary which is a martinet as to incorrectness in other newspapers:

Roger V. Palmer.

Mr. Justice Eady held that Sir Roger Palmer is entitled to an injunction restraining defendant from fishing in the latter's fishery at Maidenhead.

Family quarrels are in any case lamentable but that a man's Christian name should engage in a law suit with his surname is wholly deplorable.

Indeed, it is a relief to read in the cause list that the real name of the case was Palmer v. Andrews.

A good story is told of twin brothers, one of whom was a clergyman and the other a doctor. A short-sighted lady congratulated the latter on his admirable sermon. "Excuse me, madam," was his reply, "over there is my brother who, preaches; I only practise."

The tram-car was crowded, and a pretty woman was just about to get out when she noticed her shoe-lace was undone. Hastily she reached down and without looking tied it in a savage knot. Then she signalled the conductor to stop. Twice she tried to rise without avail, and looking round indignantly to find the cause came face to face with an irate elderly gentlemen who was sitting next to her. "Madame—madame—where are you trying to take me?" he demanded. "I—you!" she stammered. "Yes—look there?" He pointed to the floor. In an instant she grasped the situation. By mistake in groping she had found his shoe-lace, which she had taken for the other end of her own, and had fastened them so carefully together that it took the elderly gentleman quite five minutes to effect a release, under the amused glances of the other passengers.

On the course of the Sudbrook Golf Club, at Richmond, there is a copse called "the Wilderness." "Last Saturday," writes a correspondent, "a caddie was walking through this, and must have approached near an owl's nest, for the occupant, a very large bird, fiercely attacked him, pecking viciously at his head and eyes. The caddie fled, howling, into the open, and after pursuing him for some distance the victorious owl returned triumphantly to its nest."

An advertisement appeared in Warsaw papers asking the relatives of a millionaire name Horowitz, who had died in New York, to claim their share of the deceased man's wealth. Horowitz is almost as common a name in Poland as Smith is in England. The American Consulate in Warsaw was besieged by thousands of Poles all eager to prove their relationship to the dead millionaire. The advertisement turned out to be a hoax perpetrated by emigration agents who thought it would be a good way of calling attention to the chances of becoming a millionaire in America.

The climate of Australia has a demoralising effect on the animals of the Old World. Rabbits have grown into a greater pest than locusts, and the English fox is developing into a worse thing than a dingo. The rural councils of Victoria spend hundreds of pounds annually in the purchase of their scalps, and at the same time the flockmasters complain bitterly of the great loss they sustain through the killing of lambs and sheep by reynard. During the six years ended June 1901 the councils paid £8,588 for 136,920 scalps. They are spreading at a rapid rate over New South Wales and South Australia. A fox is dainty as will as crafty, and prefers the tongues of lambs for food. He has been seen to chase sheep until they, on becoming tired, hang out their tongues, which he then tears off and eats.

A remarkable fight took place in the Zoological Gardens. Perth, Western Australia, between a tiger and the lioness. The tiger won after a fight which lasted twenty minutes. All attempts to separate the huge animals failed. The tiger worried the lioness, getting a grip of the throat, and finally threw her right over his back, although she weighed 2cwts. Such a fight has hardly been seen since the Colosseum was a popular resort.

Once again Balliol has failed to justify its former leadership in the schools. The "Greats" list, which has just been published, accords New College a quarter of the allotted "first"—six out of a total of twenty-four. Balliol has to be content with rather a bad second by gaining only four firsts. After the two leaders come Trinity, with three firsts, and Corpus "Univ.," Wadham, and Christ Church with two each, Oriel, Exeter, and Brasenose are also represented.

At the Chiltern Hills and Southern Bucks Agricultural Show Lord Rosebery won two first prizes with exhibits of butter. So the "World" writes down this epigram:—

Jostled and pushed aside by rival teams,
Lord Rosebery in his "lonely furrow" seems
to find such competition at the plough That
he goes in for dairy farming now.

"OM." writes;—The Master of Marlborough College on Monday recalled the fact that among the recent distinctions of the school are two Victoria Crosses, won in South Africa. I believe I am right in stating that the Cross has been won by about eight Marlburians, from Sir Evelyn Wood downwards. Surely that constitutes a record among the public schools? But I am willing to stand corrected if I am wrong.

The local Yeomanry were in camp, and the officer in command came back rather late one evening. "Who goes there?" challenged the sentry. "Friend." "Pass friend. And all's well, except all the blooming 'osses are loose," came back the sentry's cry, in accents clear.

There is a perfect plague of tarantula spiders in the South of Spain, near Seville. The number of the sufferers is so great that all the guitar players of the neighbourhood have been employed. They have established a tariff at the rate of 1d per case treated by the harmonic cure, The guitar player has to keep up the tune "La Tarantula" while the person bitten by the spider dances to it. In serious cases, when the patient is confined to bed, the guitar player accompanies the family, who sit round the bed singing the disenchantment "Tarantula" rhyme, which might be translated as follows:—

Come out, come out this instant,
Come out, thou venom bite,
And may the cruel biter
For ever take to flight.

The guard of a train which had just arrived at Newhaven suddenly heard cries of "Open me! open me!" "Water! water!" proceeding from no particular place. Examination of the luggage van, however, revealed that they came from a yellow package. The astonished guard called the stationmaster and his comrades together around the package, and then shouted, Are you there? A stifled cry was the only response. At last some one was daring enough to pick up and open the package, when, lo! a cage containing a magnificent parrot was revealed addressed to a lady in Boston.

Copenhagen is an ideal city for hard-working journalists. A daily paper in the Danish capital has announced it will suspend publication during July, August, and September, in order that the staff may enjoy a long summer holiday. Its readers are told to look for its reappearance in October with fresh pleasure and expectation.

An American journal tells the following story at the expense of American military titles: Some years ago a traveller in a country district stopped to converse with a farmer who had a considerable number of men at work in his hayfields. "Most of these men are old soldiers," said the farmer. "Indeed! Are any of them officers?" "Two of 'em. One of 'em there was a private, and that fellow beyond was a corporal, but the man beyond him was major, and that man away over in the corner was a colonel!" "Indeed? And are they all good men?" "Well," said the farmer, "the private is a first-class man in every way and the corporal's pretty good, too." "But wh about the major and the colonel?" "The major's so-so," replied the farmer, with some hesitation. "the colonel?" "Well, sir—well, I ain't a-goin' to word against no man who has been a colonel American army, but I've made up my mind thing—I ain't a-goin' to hire any brigadier-gene

WRITERS AND READERS.

SIR Leslie Stephen has just sent his new book, "More Studies of a Biographer," to press, and it will be published in October. Among the modern authors of whom Sir Leslie writes are Browning, Ruskin, Froude, Stevenson. Emerson, and Anthony Trollope. He has one essay on Shakespeare as a man.

Mr. Justin McCarthy has now written his history of Queen Anne, and has only to see the work brought out. He hopes, later, to carry his "History of Our Own Times" from 1880, where it stops at present, down to the death of Queen Victoria. Thus his historical writings, including those on the Georges and William IV., will be a continuous record of England over a long period.

Mr. Dent is to give us a "Temple Fielding." It will be uniform with his Temple editions of Scott, Dickens, Jane Austen, and the Brontes. The text has been edited by Professor Saintsbury, and each book will have an introduction. Some of the books will be in more than one volume, as there are to be twelve volumes altogether. There will be frontispiece drawings by Mr. Herbert Railton and Mr. E. J. Wheeler.

The definitive edition of Walt Whitman, will contain a biographical memoir by his literary executors. One of them, Whitman's old friend, Dr. Richard Maurice Bucke, died some little time ago. The others, Americans also, are Mr. Thomas B. Harned and Mr. H. L. Traubel. A good deal of fresh verse by Whitman is being included in the edition. It is to be called the Camden Edition, after his home in New Jersey, and will make ten volumes.

Dr. Sven Hedin is busily engaged at Stockholm on the book of his recent remarkable travels in Tibet. It will be about the same size as his previous book, "Through Asia," will be profusely illustrated, partly in colours, and will have no fewer than seven special maps. Arrangements have already been made for its publication in Russia, Germany, Sweden, Hungary, and Finland. Dr. Sven Hedin has asked Mr. Morris Colles, of the authors' syndicate, to arrange for the English and American editions.

That classic of the old French, called "Aucassin and Nicolete", has more than once been translated into English. Did Mr. Andrew Lang not translate it? There has not, it would appear, been an illustrated edition, and that we are now to get from Murray, with pictures by Mr. Paul Woodroffe. Mr. Laurence Housman has made the new translation in prose and verse. He has included a kindred fragment from the old French, "Amabel and Amoris", which is given for the first time. This will be Mr. Housman's second volume since the much read "English Woman's Love Letters".

A well-known American authority on the works of Edgar Allan Poe, Professor Richardson, is editing a complete edition of them. They will be arranged chronologically in ten volumes; and these are to be published by Messrs. Putnam. Being printed in sequence, as they were written, the poems will show the development of the poet's thought and of his power of expression. The same remark applies to his prose writings, the critical papers in which will indicate his outlook towards the literature of his time. The edition is to be finely printed, and will be bound in four different forms.

"Few towns", says a well-known writer, "have an individuality more delightful than Verona—Verona the worthy (Verona la Degna) as she was called". It is this individuality that the Hon. Mrs. Alethea Wiel has endeavoured to portray in a volume on the city, which Mr. Dent is about to publish. Naturally Verona's school of painting, and her beautifully varied architecture, receive most attention, but a sketch of the town's history, from its beginning down to the present day, is also given. The final chapter is devoted to a "plan for seeing the town", and to other matters appealing especially to the tourist.

Somebody once said that the Duke of Wellington was all soldier, that he had no domestic side to his character. This view is challenged in the book which Mr. Murray is to publish, containing Lady Burghersh's correspondence with him. She was a relative, and for her, certainly, he had plenty of amiable small talk in his letters. Her ladyship travelled much in Europe at a time when travelling was not very easy, and she kept up a regular correspondence with the Duke. The correspondence will be a noteworthy addition to the personal letters by him which we have, for they are really very few. In fact it is now being made public just to show the least known side of the Duke's character.

A translation by Mr. Bernard Miall, of M. Emile Boutmy's "Essai d'une Psychologie Politique du Peuple Anglais au XIXe Siecle" is about to be issued by Mr. Fisher Unwin, under the title of "The English People." The distinguished author deals with the characteristic features impressed on the English race by the physical surroundings amid which its formation took place. He traces all these representative notes in the most varied manifestations of the British character. The influence of the alien invasions is discussed, and M. Boutmy concludes with a study of the relations governing the two great factors of political and social life in England—namely, the individual and the State. This is the third work by this author which has been translated into English, the others being "Studies in Constitutional Law" and "The English Constitution."

Not every Scotsman has seen a picture of Burns's mother. But one has been found for an article which appears in the current number of the "English Illustrated Magazine," Mr. John T. Fyfe, the writer, has been looking, with good results, into the associations of Robert Burns with Kincardineshire. We always credit him to Ayrshire, where, of course, he was born, but his forbears came from Kincardineshire. They had a farm near Stoneheaven, and in 1715, when Prince Charlie was keeping Scotland lively, they paid a rental for it of ten pounds sterling, not to speak of teind, money, and so many bolls of meal for the landlord. The good looks of Robert Burns are suggested by this interesting portrait of his mother, a dear old lady wearing a cap and spectacles, and seated in an armchair at her needle.

Mr Sydney Buxton has finished his book "Fishing and Shooting: Their Pleasures and Pains", and it will be published by Mr. Murray early in the autumn.—Mr. Robert Barr's volume, "A Prince of Good Fellows", which deals with the doings of James V. of Scotland, is to be published by Messrs. Chaptto at the end of August.—Next week Messrs. Chaman will publish Mr. William Turberville's new volume of verse, "The Saxon Saga". It is an epic dealing with the growth and destiny of the British race.—The abridged edition of "The Eternal City", which Mr. Hall Caine is preparing, will be issued by Mr. Hainemann when the play is produced. The volume will appear at two shillings.—The Oxford University Press is issuing, in three small volumes, a work for school use, "Graduated Lessons on the Old Testament". The lessons have been prepared by the Rev. U. Z. Rule, and Principal Bebb, of St. David's College, Lampeter, edits the work. —On an early date Messrs. Duckworth will issue, in their Popular Library of Art, volumes dealing with Albert Durer and Fred Walker. Miss Lina Eckenstein writes of the former, and Miss Clementina Black of the latter.

The "Quarterly Review" having just broken its tradition and admitted a signed article, the 'Edinburgh" is about to do something similar, and in its October number will have illustrations.—The centenary of the Blue and Buff is among the literary centenaries of the year. The number just issued concluded its hundred years of existence; and accordingly the October number is to contain a history of its career, with portraits of its founders and chief pillars.

There is, by the way, in the July "Edinburgh" a lively article with a novel thesis on Ancient and Modern Drama. It is pleasant to see ancient periodicals with such august traditions as the "Times" and the "Edinburgh Review" admitting this sprightly dramatic criticism into their respectable columns. The novel thesis is that the line separating modern from ancient drama should not be drawn where hitherto it has naturally been drawn, between the dramas of ancient and modern literature. Ancient drama, the reviewer contends, endured to the middle of the nineteenth century, and the birth of modern drama was witnessed by persons still alive. The distinction he draws is between what he calls (not very happily, as it seems to me) "platform plays" and "picture plays"—that is, between plays in which the main business is the actor's declamation, and plays in which the aim is to produce an illusion of reality. Whatever may be thought of the thesis, the article makes good reading.

It was remarked when it was first made known that [illegible]r. Swinburne's article in the "Quarterly" was to bear [illegible] signature, that the style of few writers less needed [illegible]nature to proclaim the authorship. But it may [illegible] some readers of the article that had the signature [illegible] appended it might almost have been suspected [illegible] enemy, the parodist, had done this thing. Mr. [illegible] once parodied his own poetical style; it is, [illegible] scarcely consonant with the respect due to [illegible] of the "Quarterly Review" to suppose that [illegible]d the present article as a parody on his

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The HOUSE of COMMONS—AN IRISHMAN'S PROTEST.

TO ENGLISHMEN, SCOTCHMEN, IRISHMEN, and OUR COLONIES.

AN IRISHMAN'S ELOQUENT PROTEST.—Richard Lalor Shiel once startled the House of Commons and the country when the word "alien" was applied to him as an Irishman. "On the field of Waterloo" he exclaimed, "the blood of Englishmen, Scotchmen, and Irishmen flowed in the same stream and drenched the same sod—when the cold grey morning dawned they lay stiff and stark together; in the same trench their bodies were laid; the green corn of spring bursts even now from their commingled dust; the dew falls from heaven upon their union in the grave. Partakers in every peril, are we not to be partakers in glory? Are we to be told we are aliens from that noble country for whose salvation our life blood was poured?" The effect of the speech both inside and outside the House was electrical.

THE MORAL.

"I need not be missed if another succeed me;
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DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Vice Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in Court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR of CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to.—See *The Times,* July 13, 1864.

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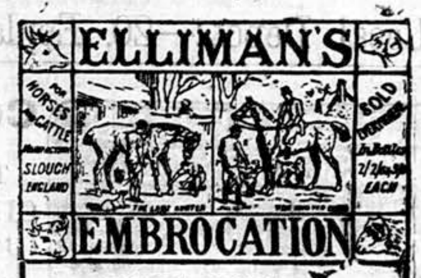

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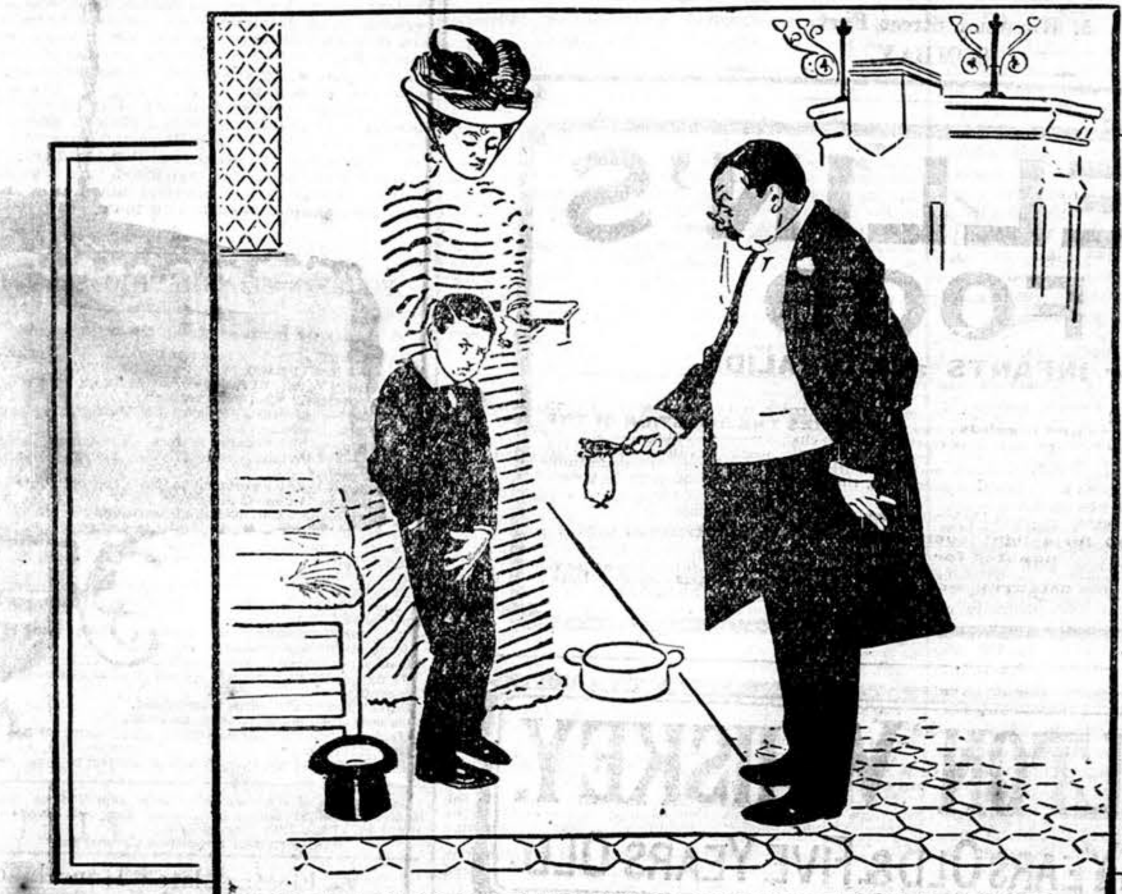

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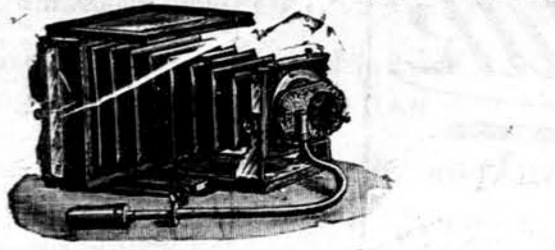

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The following letter has been received from the Secretary of the "CARLTON" CLUB:—

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GENTLEMEN,—In reply to your enquiry as to whether the Whiskey you are supplying to this Club is approved by the Members, the best answer I can give is that the consumption of this Whiskey in the Club has GREATLY INCREASED since it has been supplied by your firm. There can be no doubt whatever about the Whiskey being MOST EXCELLENT. It is Old and Soft, and I may safely say that it is much approved by the Members

Yours obediently,
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CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the shippers of the "CARLTON" WHISKIES, that the empty Bottles have been dishonestly refilled with the poisonous trash very often sold in India under the name of WHISKEY, this is therefore to caution consumers to CAREFULLY EXAMINE the CORKS and CAPSULES to see they have not been tampered with; also that the Corks, Capsules and Labels are branded with their Trade Mark.

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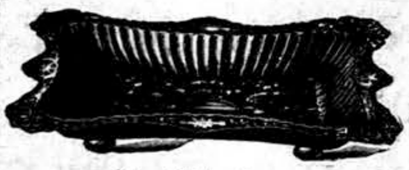
Cake Dish, Rs. 33.

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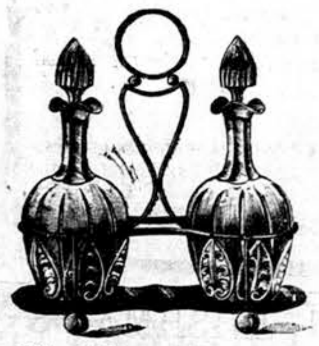
Fruit Dish, Gilt inside, Rs. 20.

Butter Dish and Knife, Rs. 11.

The "Original" Tantalus, Polished Oak, nickel mounts, patent lock, from Rs. 52.

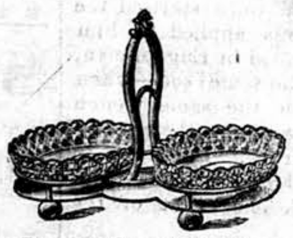

Oil and Vinegar, Rs. 28.

Cruet, Rs. 22.

Egg Boiler, Rs. 24.

Bottle Cruet Frame, Rs. 28
" " " 20

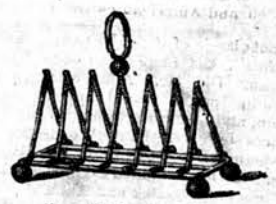
Handsomely Chased Fruit Dish, Rs. 44.


Preserve Stand, Rs. 20.

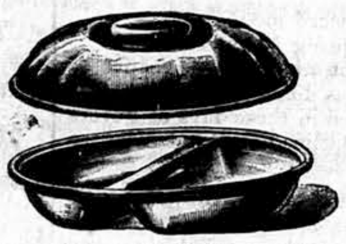
6 Bottle Cruet Frame, Rs. 25.

Preserved Stand and Spoon, Rs. 14.

Pepper, Rs. 3.


Toast Rack, Rs. 41.

11 inch Entree Dish, Rs. 33.

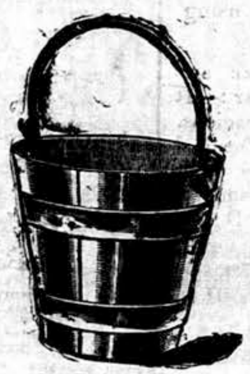

Round Vegetable Dish and Cover, Rs. 32.

11 inch Entree Dish, Rs. 40.

Biscuit, Butter and Cheese Tray, Rs. 28.

Salt Cellar, Rs. 4.

Pickle Frame, Rs. 16.


Ice Pail, Rs. 16.

½ Pint, Rs. 20
¾ " " 24
1 " " 29
1¼ " " 38

½ Pint, Rs. 14
¾ " " 18
1 " " 21
1¼ " " 29

Pepper, Rs. 2-8.

Ice Pail, Rs. 10.

Spirit Bottle, Rs. 5-8.

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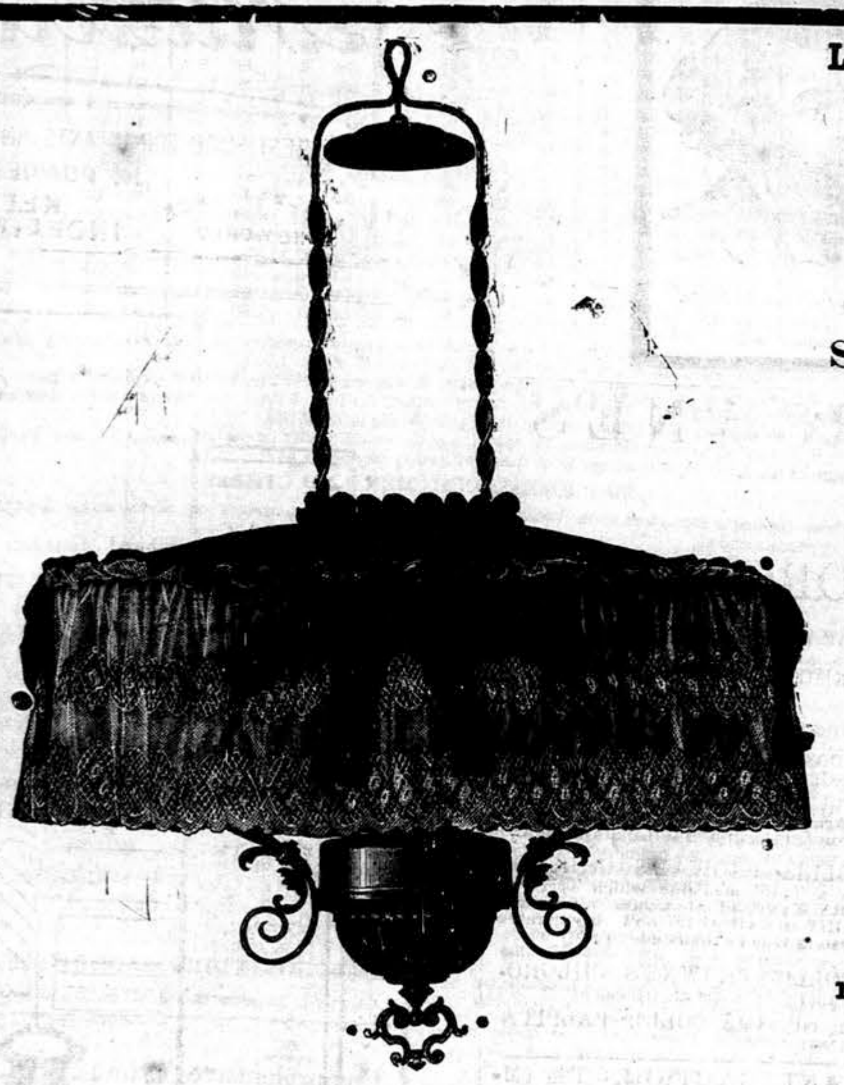

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